Appendix 1

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response		
1	Miss	JB	Ainscough	1	Larger sites/ new settlements suggested plan period of 30	The Council is not considering a new settlement as		
			Strategic Land		years, with smaller sites brought forward more quickly.	options and therefore does not consider that the F should extend beyond 2038.		
				2	Use the new standard method for calculating housing	Noted.		
					Additional sites for housing to meet need and a new SHLAA should be produced.			
				7	Option 1 – all sustainable and deliverable sites should be considered prior to amending GB boundaries.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.		
				9	Development focus within Nuneaton and Bedworth as the two most sustainable settlements.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.		
				10	Should be reviewed as part of the local plan process to potentially seek more additional deliverable sites to meet housing needs.	The Council is required in line with national policy presumption in favour of sustainable development strategic policies for new housing development wi Plan review.		
				11	Option 3 and option 2. Option 1 is considered as unrealistic.	Noted.		
						12	Sites outside of the Green Belt, adjacent to Nuneaton and Bedworth settlement boundaries.	Depending on the Council's chosen Option, the Gre be considered in light of sites that are submitted to through the 'call for sites' process.
				13	Developments should then seek to provide it but in some instances it may not be possible due to technical constraints or viability.	Comment noted.		
				14	Aspiration rather than a requirement.	Comment noted.		
				15	Large-scale is defined as a quantum or area size to reduce confusion in planning applications. Viability should also be a factor.	Comment noted.		
				16	The Council should seek to create a policy that reflects paragraph 131 of the NPPF.	Comment noted.		
				20	Yes, the policies should be amended to a focus for new development to ensure sustainability.	Comment noted.		
				21	It should be addressed in the Local Plan.	Comment noted.		
				22	They will need to be reviewed with a particular focus on climate change.	Comment noted.		
				23	Policies should reflect the anticipated Environment Bill and also consider using the Local Plan process to find sites that could potentially be used to provide offsetting.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.		
				24	Yes, design codes should be dealt with as a separate SPD.	Comment noted.		
				25	Agreed.	Comment noted.		
2	Mrs	JB		1	Yes, although NBBC should review every five years particularly in order to consider climate change issues.	Comments noted, given national policy now emph change priorities, this will be taken forward into th the plan review.		
				2	Yes, the existing evidence base is outdated (some over 10 years old). Needs to consider cross boundary issues. Need to ensure evidence is robust.	Comments noted.		

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				3	The following evidence base studies are all five or more	Comments noted and will feed into the evidence b
					years old: Climate change; biodiversity; employment; flood	review.
					risk and water cycle; green belt; landscape; housing;	
					transport. Studies need to consider cross boundary issues.	
				4	A combination of Option 1 and 2 is favoured over Option 3.	Comments noted and any future development sur
					Where sites use existing road networks, cumulative impact	J3 will be subject to a suite of transport assessme
					should be considered.	consider cumulative impact.
				5	If there was a new junction on the M6 to the west of	Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plan
					Coventry for employment sites, this would alleviate pressure	before any new development is proposed.
					off the M6 J3.	
				6	A combination of option 2 and 3 is favoured.	Comment noted.
				7	Option 3 is favoured, sustainability should be prioritised. All	Comments noted.
					residents should have access to open space and we should	
					be preparing for the impacts of climate change. Disagrees to	
					EMP2 (Wilson's Lane) allocation for this reason.	
				8	Option C however this must consider all aspects of	Noted.
					sustainability.	
				9	Sites should be mapped and allocated for the most	Comment noted.
					beneficial land use for the area e.g for a new health	
					centre/primary school. Where there are gaps in provision,	
					neighbourhood plans should be produced for those areas.	
				10	Agreed.	Noted.
				11	All sustainable options should be considered (and all aspects	Sustainability is at the heart of the NPPF and all sp
					of sustainability).	be considered in terms of their sustainability.
				12	Capacity of existing infrastructure needs to be considered	Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plan
					and new infrastructure needs to be planned for.	before any new development is proposed.
				13	Yes targets should be set and developments should provide	Noted and agree that all developments should tal
					tree-lined streets. References NPPF Paragraph 131.	NPPF paragraph 131.
				14	Yes but would need to be managed in the long term	Comment noted.
					potentially through planning condition.	
				15	Tree planting requirements should be relative (on a sliding	Comment noted.
					scale) to the development size rather than having a	
					threshold. Small sites could provide off-setting contribution.	
				16	No, targets should be treated as a minimum requirement.	Comment noted.
				17	Use Class E, A4 and A5 (as was) and F1 should all be	Comments noted and will be taken forward for co
					acceptable uses. Better to keep shops in active use. C3 could	next stage of the Plan review.
					be acceptable but needs to be located carefully.	
				19	Option B – The impacts of Covid-19 have changed the nature	Comments noted and will be taken forward for co
					of town centres. Likely to become focus for	next stage of the Plan review. New evidence base
					social/leisure/meeting facilities. The overall experience will	commissioned as part of the later stages of the Bo
					be more important.	review process.
				20	Yes – there should be greater emphasis to the importance of	Comment noted.
					cycling and walking connections/infrastructure.	
				21	Yes - all new developments should be required to install	Comment noted.
					vehicle charging points.	
				22	No these policies should be updated to reflect the changes	Comments note. and will be taken forward for co
					we need to make to address the climate emergency and to	next stage of the Plan review.
					improve air quality.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				23	Yes – a minimum of 10% should be set. Higher targets	Comment noted.
					should be set for allocations to address specific issues within	
					the locality.	
				24	Yes design codes are best dealt with as SPDs as they can be	Comment noted.
					reviewed and updated as necessary. Concerns around	
					policies and SPDs not been taken into account effectively in	
					decision making processes.	
				25	No, only some of the issues have been identified. Other	This comment has been noted and issues raised will be considered
					issues include neighbourhood plans; cross-boundary issues	at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
					and cumulative impact; M6 J3; use classes (over-reliance on	
					B8), guidance for the design of employment and mixed use	
					sites, air quality, access to open space, climate change, flood	
					risk and flood storage, biodiversity recovery and allocation	
					of EMP2 Wilson's Lane.	
				26	Neighbourhood Plans; cross-boundary issues and cumulative	Comments noted and will be taken forward for consideration at the
					impact (such as M6 J3); over reliance of Use Class B8 in the	next stage of the Plan review.
					area; further guidance on design of mixed use sites; air	
					quality; open space; climate change; biodiversity recovery;	
					allocation of EMP2 (disagrees with allocation).	
				28	Table 3, Appendix B, Option 3 – Provide new employment in	Comment noted.
					close proximity to junction 3 of the M6.	
					Concern mistakes regarding cross-boundary issues will be	
					repeated. All aspects of sustainability to be considered.	
	Mrs	IJ	Ash Green	1	Most comments from members related to them feeling like	The Council undertook comprehensive consultation for the
			Residents		there was not enough advertising of the consultation dates	document including exhibitions throughout the Borough.
			Association		and venues.	
			2018			
	Mr	RM	Bedworth &	1	Agreed.	Comment noted.
			District	3	Allotment Strategy 2012 – 2022 is flawed and 90% of the	The Allotment Strategy forms part of a wider evidence base of
			Horticultural		planned activities never happened.	documents. The Allotment Strategy is intended to be reviewed as
			Council			part of the Parks and Greenspaces Strategy which is being
						progressed.
				4	Option 1.	Noted.
				7	Option 1.	Noted.
				8	Option 1.	Noted.
				9	Everything should be reviewed again in light of the impacts	New evidence base will be commissioned as part of the later stages
					of Covid-19.	of the Borough Plan review process.
				10	There is no justification for all the houses proposed.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the
					,	requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of
						the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				13	The planting of more trees is essential. Existing trees also	Noted.
				13	The planting of more trees is essential. Existing trees also need to be properly managed.	Noted.
					need to be properly managed.	
				13 14	need to be properly managed. Orchards are generally enclosed land and would need to be	This point is noted, and responsibility would need to be agreed
					need to be properly managed.	This point is noted, and responsibility would need to be agreed upon during the planning process to ensure the areas are managed
				14	need to be properly managed. Orchards are generally enclosed land and would need to be managed – queries who would manage this?	This point is noted, and responsibility would need to be agreed upon during the planning process to ensure the areas are managed appropriately.
					 need to be properly managed. Orchards are generally enclosed land and would need to be managed – queries who would manage this? Allotments have received little support in the Borough Plan. 	This point is noted, and responsibility would need to be agreed upon during the planning process to ensure the areas are managed appropriately. Comments noted and allotment occupancy rates will continue to
				14	need to be properly managed. Orchards are generally enclosed land and would need to be managed – queries who would manage this?	This point is noted, and responsibility would need to be agreed upon during the planning process to ensure the areas are managed appropriately.

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			The	2	The evidence base needs to be updated given the age of the	A new evidence base will be commissioned as part
			Bedworth		Borough Plan.	stages of the Borough Plan review process.
			Society	3	The Coventry population figure increase needs to be	Understand this is being dealt with separately thro
i.					updated.	will be addressed at the next stage of the Plan revi
				4	Option 1 - A lot of existing employment estates are close to	The Concept Plans for Strategic Allocations: HSG6 a
					major routes in any case, and have easy access to them,	School Lane and Longford Road, Bedworth Suppler
					unlike the proposed development at EMP6.	Document (2020) provides guidance on access at S
i.						3.3.
i.				5	Industrial based employment should be located where	Sustainable access is one of the factors considered
i.					workers can access them using public transport or with	development proposal. New evidence base will be
i.					cycles lanes. Office based employment should be dealt with	as part of the later stages of the Borough Plan revi
1					separately and may have a reduced need as a result of	assess the impact of Covid.
i.					Covid.	
I				6	Option 4 would allow the most control. It is better to keep	Noted.
L					non-employment areas separate from employment.	
				7	Option 1 – smaller, brownfield sites could mean local	Noted.
					developers have a chance to develop them using local	
					labour. Green Belt should be used for housing as an extreme	
1					last resort.	
				8	Option A providing brownfield sites have already been	Comments noted.
					considered.	
				9	Environmental aspects should be considered firstly, followed	Comments noted and will be fed into the next stag
					by infrastructure for, and the necessity of the new development.	Plan review.
				10	Yes – there are currently too many sites allocated.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
				10	res – there are currently too many sites anotated.	requirements set out within this document at that
						the review of the Borough Plan requirements will b
i.				11	Housing need in Bedworth should be recalculated before	Careful consideration will need to be had to the ap
i.					any more sites commence.	housing requirement to be contained within the Bo
					any more sites commence.	Review.
				13	No – better to adapt what is already available in terms of	The intention is that the maintenance of trees will
				15	green spaces on developments as who will maintain any	the planning process and conditioned to any decisi
					trees which are planted?	comments are noted.
				14	Yes but it would need managing.	Again, this is something that the Council would loo
						during the planning process of a proposal to ensure
1						orchard would be maintained.
I				15	A large scale development is one that would impact on a	Comment noted and will be considered with other
I					locality's facilities (shops, health etc.), require additional	this question when taken forward to the next stage
					major road alterations for access, requires additional power	review.
					(gas and electricity) substations and covers an area larger	
					than one acre.	
				16	No, the Plan should set out that trees should be planted	Comment noted.
					wherever possible. It is more important that the trees that	
					are planted are maintained and inspected annually.	
				17	The former Classes A4 and A5 should be unacceptable uses	This response is largely in agreement with option 2
					to promote healthier lifestyles. Independent shops selling	for more independent shops is noted. The Council
					more environmentally friendly products would be preferred.	independent businesses and will take this commen
						next stage of the review.
				18	Independent small shops especially those which offer	As above.
					environmental skills such as repairs.	

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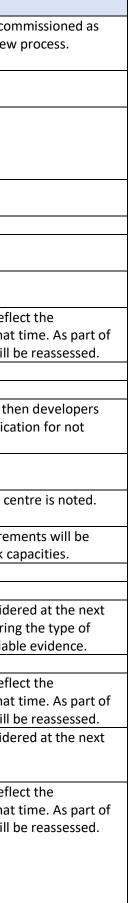
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				19	Option C.	Noted.
				20	Yes – to encourage a healthier, fitter population.	Comments noted.
				21	This is a commercial issue and will be driven by need.	The comment does not explicitly say so, but it is in
					Property developers will incorporate them into plans when it	their response that there is no need to incorporate
					increases their revenue.	points into policy as once the need is there it will b
						developers to put them in themselves.
				23	The new plan should require any new development to make	Comment noted.
					a biodiversity gain. The actual percentage should be defined	
					after consultation with experts in the field.	
				24	Yes – The Bedworth Society are a member of Civic Voice	Comment noted.
					who are inputting into better design in building	
					development.	
				25	Yes to a greater or lesser degree.	Comment noted.
				26	Concerns regarding local infrastructure such as: changes at	These comments are noted and will be taken thro
					Bayton Road crossroads; impact on health centres; retention	stage of the review. An updated Strategic Transpo
					of older buildings rather than demolition to keep buildings	will be undertaken to further understand highway
					with history and character.	although the Bayton Road/School Lane/Coventry
						identified as in need of improvement in the 2016
						STA will inform an updated Infrastructure Delivery
						which will also consider infrastructure needs inclu
						facilities. NBBC have a non-designated heritage as
						records buildings which are considered to have lo
				27		to prevent demolition of these buildings.
				27	The Bedworth Society have commented on each iteration of	Comment noted.
					the Borough Plan and endeavour to look after Bedworth	
	N.4.	N 411			Past, Present and Future.	
	Mr	MH	FCC	1	The plan period is in line with NPPF Paragraph 22. Should	Comments noted and it will be necessary to review
			(submitted		the timetable for the preparation of the plan slip then it may	should there be a delay to the Plan review.
			by Axis on behalf of		be prudent to extend the play period to 2040. Paragraph 22 also sets out policies for larger scale	
			FCC)		developments should be set within a vision that looks	
			100)		further ahead (at least 30 years).	
				2	Yes, existing evidence should be updated or replaced to	Comments noted and the Council will endeavour t
				2	ensure the plan is prepared in accordance with legal and	evidence-based documents which will be updated
					procedural requirements. Most current evidence-based	evidence based documents which will be updated
					documents are around 5 years old or older.	
					The Council should publish a list of evidence base they are	
					producing and make it clear to stakeholders when this will	
					be published and invite comments on its publication.	
				3	A comprehensive list of the evidence base documentation	As above.
				0	which is proposed to be produced should be published to	
					enable everyone to understand activities that are being	
					undertaken in the preparation of the plan in accordance	
					with NPPF Paragraph 35.	
				7	Option 1 as it provides a clear logical approach to locating	Comments noted.
					new development. The only amendment suggest is that	
					brownfield land should be prioritised over greenfield land in	
					the urban areas.	
				9	Prioritisation of brownfield land over greenfield land.	Comment noted.

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ough to the next ort Assessment y capacity issues, Rd junction was STA. The updated ry Plan/Schedule, uding health sset list which ocal heritage merit
ew the Plan period
to provide a list of d in due course.

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				10	Yes agreed. Until the duty to co-operate is revoked the	Comments noted.
					Council are obliged to co-operate with other planning	
					authorities on strategic housing maters. This includes	
					accommodating some of the 35% uplift applied to Coventry.	
					Update existing allocations (given they have been in place	
					over two years) as deliverability should be a key focus. Site	
					HSG11 is deliverable and when reviewing sites,	
					consideration should be given to opportunities for the	
					expansion of allocated sites, such as HSG11.	
				11	Spatial Option 1 is supported. Residential development in	Comments noted and agreed.
					existing settlement boundaries should be maximised before	Ŭ
					the open countryside and as a last resort, Green Belt.	
				12	Opportunities to maximise land adjacent to the existing	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
					strategic site allocations within settlement boundaries	assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
					should be considered, based on up-to-date evidence.	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period
				13	No – it should be encouraged but other factors such as open	Comments noted and will be taken forward into the next stage of
					space, creation of other habitats etc also need to be	the Borough Plan review.
					considered. The current case-by-case approach does not	
					preclude the achievement of higher levels of tree planting	
					should the opportunity arise. 'Large scale developments'	
					should be defined.	
				14	No - for the same reasons as above.	As above.
				15	The NPPF provides a definition for 'major development'	Comment noted.
				15	within Annex 2: Glossary. It is considered that this is the	comment noted.
					most appropriate definition.	
				16	Please see response to question 13.	Comments noted.
				20		
				20	Emphasising the importance of walking and cycling is	The comments relating to the support for walking and cycling are noted.
					supported. The provision of infrastructure is dependent on viability, and this should be recognised on a site-by-site basis	noted.
					and for example should be a justifiable reason to fall short of	
				21	parking standards in more sustainable locations.	The comments summerting Delign UC2 are noted, as are the
				21	It is considered that all new dwellings should include an	The comments supporting Policy HS2 are noted, as are the
					electric vehicle charging point which complies with the	suggested requirements for other uses.
					relevant standards that are applicable at the time. For	
					commercial uses, one or two charging points per tend	
					spaces would be appropriate initially with a requirement to	
					have the necessary infrastructure in place to provide	
					charging points on all parking spaces in the future.	
				23	Are the Council intending to use the Warwickshire	No decision has been made at this point as to how biodiversity will
					Biodiversity Impact Assessment Tool or the DEFRA Bio-	be measured. The comments relating to the Council's Local Wildlife
					diversity metric 3.0? It is assumed the Metric 3.0 would be	sites are noted.
					adopted. At this stage the 10% proposed in the	
					Environmental Bill has not received royal assent and until	
					such a time as it does, opportunities for net-gain should be	
					pursued but specifying a percentage should be avoided.	
					Local Wildlife Sites should be reviewed and their protection	
					should be based on up-to-date ecological information.	
				24	Agreed.	Noted.
,	Mr	PB		1	Disagree – entire review required.	Comment noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
		•		2	Agreed given impacts of the pandemic and evidence which	Comments noted. A new evidence base will be cor
					may have been based on the 2011 census which is now	part of the later stages of the Borough Plan review
					outdated.	
				3	Yes, any research based on the 2011 census will need	As above.
					updating.	
				4	None of the options. Vacant units in existing industrial	Comments noted.
					estates should be allocated to potential clients. If these	
					aren't suitable they should be rebuilt to accommodate their	
				-	needs.	
				5	Extend Bayton Road by building on the Hawksbury Golf	Comment noted.
				6	Course. Option 1.	Noted.
				6	Option 1 – brownfield land such as Public House on	Noted.
				/	Bulkington Road (Bedworth) which is an eyesore.	Noted.
				8	None of the options. Plenty of brownfield sites that need	Comment noted.
				0	looking at.	
				10	Yes. Disagrees NBBC should be taking 4,000 homes off	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
					Coventry when they have green spaces and Student	requirements set out within this document at that
					Accommodation available.	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will
				11	There will not be many locations to build in the future.	Please see comment above.
				13	Feels that there is no point.	Comment noted.
				14	Unlikely to be implemented when developers could	If the Borough Plan were to require an orchard, th
					maximise profits.	would need to adhere to policy or provide justification
						providing it.
				16	Yes as they have to maintained and currently this is not done very well.	Comment noted.
				18	No other uses suggested – Bulkington is a good shopping area.	The reference to Bulkington as a good shopping ce
				20	Suggests a traffic survey is undertaken as currently very few	As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirer
					cyclists.	reassessed which includes current road network c
				21	Agreed.	Comment noted.
				25	The review feels rushed and should be reviewed in full.	Comment noted.
				26	Requests new bungalows for elderly or disabled which are	This comment has been noted. and will be conside
					currently not provided for.	stage of the Borough Plan review when considerin
	_					housing required in the Borough, based on availab
8	Dr	AS	Bedworth	1	No.	Comments noted.
			Eagles JFC	10	Agreed. There is a lack of traffic infrastructure to make many	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
					of these areas sustainable and a loss of green space will	requirements set out within this document at that
				25	result in urban sprawl.	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will
				25	Disagree. Too few designated green spaces. Community	This comment has been noted. and will be conside stage of the Borough Plan review.
					infrastructure needs (education/health/poverty) have not been addressed which is an urgent need.	stage of the borough Plan review.
				26	Town Plan NUN356 (Elizabeth Centre) – traffic, amenity and	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
				20	social consequences have not been considered sufficiently	requirements set out within this document at that
					and will result in the severe loss of community amenity. Puts	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will l
					the future of Bedworth Eagles JFC into doubt. Insufficient	
					mitigation measures for replacing the current community	
					amenities and parking. Request the Elizabeth Centre site is	
					withdrawn from the housing plan.	



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				27	Objectives 5, 6 and 7 are not met through NUN365 and other plans due to the lack of consideration of material attributes (pages 1 & 2). Disagree that health and welfare has been taken into account with NUN365.	Comments in relation to concerns for NUN365 have been taken into account.
9 N	Mr	DB		1	Agreed, the 15 year period is appropriate, provided the evidence base is updated regularly and reviews take place as scheduled.	Comment noted.
				2	Agreed, it's essential that the evidence base is updated and previous data, that is out of date or based on flawed methodology is dismissed.	New evidence base will be commissioned as part of the later stages of the Borough Plan review process.
				3	Considers any base studies relating to projected housing should be ignored and dismissed as invalid as based on flawed ONS figures.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				4	Options 1 and 2 are preferable to option 3. Makes sense to focus development in the North of Nuneaton where A5 improvements are scheduled/new housing developments are located.	Comment noted.
				5	Adopt an infrastructure first approach so that either the infrastructure already exists that can accommodate the additional traffic that will be generated or the infrastructure is delivered in advance of any development taking place so that direct links to major arterial roads and motorways are in existence prior to development.	Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plan making process before any new development is proposed.
				6	Option 5 is preferable as this allows the Council to react quickly to changes in the employment market and decide upon changes to land use as and when necessary without being bound to structures and policies that may be overly restrictive and no longer representative of the employment market.	Comment noted.
				7	Option 1 as it gives the most protection to green belt land. Green belt around Ash Green and Bulkington must be protected in order to maintain village character.	Comment noted.
				8	Option A is preferable since this gives the most protection to existing greenbelt land.	Comment noted.
				10	Yes, as the evidence based has proven to be flawed. Considers a moratorium should be placed on all undeveloped sites in the current Borough Plan where planning permission hasn't already been granted to allow the review to take place and be completed.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				12	Consideration needs to be given to how people living in the Borough access the adjacent countryside for exercise and relaxation. New developments should not restrict access to green space.	Noted.
				13	Yes, this should be based on the number of houses within the development.	Comment noted.
				15	Yes, any development of 100 homes or more should be classified as large scale with associated s106 contributions payable by developers.	Comment noted.
				16	No. The Borough Plan should set targets for tree planting. The Council has passed motions relating climate change and	Comment noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					working toward reducing carbon emissions. Tree planting is	
					fundamental to this.	
				17	Option 1 is preferred as this allows the town centre use to	Comment noted.
					react rapidly to changes in customer habits.	
				21	Yes, makes sense to amend in line with legislative	Noted and will be considered at the next phase of
					requirements. A minimum of 1 off-street charging point plus	
					an additional charging point for every two bedrooms of a	
					property should be required.	
				22	No.	Noted.
				23	Yes, as this will place Council policy in line with upcoming Government legislation.	Comment noted.
				24	Yes, if this is the way to have better quality design and	Noted.
					layout of new developments. It would be good to see	
					increased use of local design style and materials in new build	
					developments.	
10			Bulkington	1	The review should not look beyond 2038 as we do not know	The Council is not considering a new settlement as
			Residents		what changes COVID-19 will bring and the next National	options and therefore does not consider that the P
			Voice		Census is in 2031.	should extend beyond 2038.
				2	Yes – evidence bases concerning projected population/	New evidence base will be commissioned as part o
					housing need; state and capacity of existing infrastructure	of the Borough Plan review process.
					and traffic modelling are considered weak and need to be	
					updated/ replaced.	
				4	It hasn't yet been demonstrated that there is a capacity	New evidence base will be commissioned as part o
					shortfall, or how any shortfall might relate to projected	of the Borough Plan review process.
					population.	
				5	Occupancy levels, and unused capacity at existing locations	Comment noted.
					need to be determined before locating new employment	
					areas.	
				6	Option 1 with a need to examine existing policies that are	Comment noted.
					causing these businesses to locate on employment sites.	
				7	Option 1, prioritise the existing urban areas of the Borough	Comment noted.
					as further development is at expense of residents quality of	
					life/ the environment.	
				8	Should be option to 'do nothing' as borough cannot sustain	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc
					indefinite growth.	assessment in accordance with national policy and
				0	A hierarchy which considers what residents really want as no	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo Comment noted.
				9	, , , ,	Comment noted.
				10	attention is given to this important aspect. Yes, as population projections are unreliable & land has	Comment noted.
				10	unjustifiably been removed from green belt.	Comment noted.
				13	Tree planting is important but maintenance must be	Comment noted.
				15	factored in.	comment noted.
				14	Maintenance must be factored in.	Comment noted.
				15	Plant trees at peripheries where maintenance may not be	Comment noted.
					required often.	
				17	For Bulkington, use class is not a main priority – main street	Comment noted.
					needs maintenance.	
				20	Walking and cycling essential but for Bulkington residents	Comment noted with reference to Bulkington take
					has to be disregarded due to limited public transport/	
					distances to travel to other town centres.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				21	Yes.	Comment noted.
				23	By dealing with the housing figures and putting greenbelt	Noted.
					back into greenbelt status biodiversity will be at least to a	
					degree restored.	
11		C&AD		1	No, plan should be in 5-year blocks.	The NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a mini
						from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-te
						requirements and opportunities.
				4	Options 2 & 3 are preferred. Vacant industrial sites should	Comment noted.
					be used before green belt sites.	
				5	Vacant industrial sites should be used before green belt	Comment noted.
					sites.	
				7	Green belt should be protected at all costs.	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of
						evidence base which will consider potential develo
						against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set our
						policy. However, depending on the Option chosen,
						locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
						Green Belt considerations.
				8	Green belt should be protected at all costs.	As above.
				9	Development should be based on existing amenities (i.e.	Comment noted.
					access to green space).	
				10	Yes – does not agree with original estimate of needs.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc
						assessment in accordance with national policy and
						prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
				11	Use of vacant sites in town centres.	Comment noted.
				12	Use of vacant sites in town centres.	Comment noted.
				13	Tree planting should be part of new developments but	Comment noted.
					preserving current hedges and mature trees should be	
					considered more of a priority.	
				14	No – not essential for recreational purposes.	Comment noted.
				15	Large scale development considered inappropriate.	Comment noted.
				16	Tree planting should be part of new developments but	Comment noted.
					preserving current hedges and mature trees should be	
					considered more of a priority.	
				20	Cycling and walking important as high traffic levels in area.	Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plan
					No new roads in plan.	before any new development is proposed.
				21	Every house should have a charging point.	Comment noted.
				22	Borough plan should be re-evaluated to consider actual	Noted.
					requirements over a 5 year period.	
				25	Do not agree. Considered consultation to be unhelpful.	The Council undertook comprehensive consultatio
						document including exhibitions throughout the Bo
				26	Consultation 'poorly advertised, badly displayed and	As above.
					misleading'.	
					Consultee responder found many questions difficult to	As above.
					understand/ complete and considers form is not suitable for	
					general public.	
12	Mr	PW		1	Yes.	Comment noted.
				7	Option 1.	Comment noted.
				8	Option A.	Comment noted.
				13	Yes.	Comment noted.

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ocal housing need d guidance will be for the plan period.
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response	
		•		14	Yes.	Comment noted.	
				16	Yes.	Comment noted.	
				25	No – traffic issues should be looked at cumulatively rather than in isolation.	Development proposals are required to take into a development and other proposals in the locality pr determination.	
				26	Allocation EMP2 in relation to the point above as well as playing fields, flood prevention, preserving rights of way and landscaping.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle requirements set out within this document at that the review of the Borough Plan requirements will I	
13	Mrs	WB	The British	7	Option 1 – to protect access to the countryside.	Comment noted.	
			Horse Society	8	None of the above. Option 1 from Q7 is preferable but failing that Option A.	Comment noted.	
				11	Option 1 or 2 to avoid negative impacts on rights of way and access to the countryside whilst also using development opportunities to extend the PROW network.	Comment noted.	
				20	The off-road network should be prioritised and should be inclusive of all vulnerable road users, including horse-riders.	Comments given in relation to the question are no confirms that the Active Travel definitions includes vulnerable road user.	
				26	Creating and sustaining rights of way and shared NMU routes has resource implications which need to be reviewed in light of the increased use of rights of way since the pandemic.	A new evidence base will be commissioned as part stages of the Borough Plan review process in relati of Covid.	
14	Mr	ID	Canal and River Trust	20	Revised wording for Policies SA1 and HS2 could highlight the potential of walking and cycling infrastructure, including canal towpaths which are an important traffic free route for both leisure and utility. Towpaths should be considered an integral element of the infrastructure needed to encourage greater connectivity.	The comments given in relation to incorporating th as an asset into the wording of Policies SA1 and HS will be considered at the next stage of the plan rev	
				26	The canal network is a multifunctional resource that has the potential to contribute positively towards the delivery of objectives in the Plan. The review should aim to incorporate references to the roles that the canal network can play in particular: canal's role in placemaking; sustainable walking and cycling routes; an important historic feature; health and wellbeing benefits; visitor attraction.	The Council acknowledge the wealth of benefits ou for the local community and will seek to incorpora into policies and on a site-by-site basis at the next review.	
15	Mr	IT	(submitted	(submitted on behalf of Vistry	7	Option 2 - with regards to the use of either greenfield or Green Belt land, this needs to be led by the needs that are being met through the release of land. NBBC have accepted a responsibility to accommodate some of Coventry's unmet need (now increased by 35%). Some of the most appropriate locations are likely to be within the Green Belt. These sites will inevitably be closer to Coventry and will more likely result in sustainable travel patterns.	Comments noted and will be considered at the new local plan review.
				9	Further consideration should be given to increasing the proposed density of development on existing allocated sites, facilitated by increasing either the net or gross dwellings per hectare. This would result in greater utilisation of any Green Belt land released.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo	
				8	Vistry Group would not support a review of the allocated sites. Vistry Group currently have an option of a parcel of	Careful consideration will need to be had to the ap housing requirement to be contained within the Be Review.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					land north of Coventry Road, Bulkington, which forms part of allocation HSG8: West of Bulkington. Considering reviewing the delivery of allocations only two years after the Plan has been adopted is premature. Given the process of the Concept Plan (for HSG8) was not adopted until July 2020 created an inability for developers to submit planning applications until last year. It is considered that a review of the appropriateness of the housing allocations would be unjustified, as there are not notable or unjustified delays with the progression of sites.	
16			The Coal Authority	11	Option 2 – refer to comments for Q7. No specific comments to make on the questions asked but consider that the potential risks posed to development proposals by past coal mining activity, including land instability and public safety issues, should be addressed as part of the Borough Plan review. Recommend the inclusion, in any new Local Plan, of a policy to address issues of ground instability and should direct applicants to the information required to support any planning application.	Comments noted. The Council will continue to work with The Coal Authority at the next stage of the Borough Plan review to ensure the comments provided are carried forward to Regulation 19.
17			Coventry City Council		The majority of matters relate to local choices to be made by NBBC. CCC wish to stress the importance of effective joint working, especially around the shared borders. Expect to engage in detail prior to the next formal stage of consultation. CCC is disappointed to see that NBBC will be withdrawing from the current Memorandum of Understanding and based on available evidence this is considered premature and without a basis in evidence. Recommend plan period aligns with the HEDNA (up to 2043).	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring authorities to address cross-boundary issues, including Coventry's potential unmet housing need.
18	Miss	КС	Ash Green Residents	1	The plan has been going on too long and was passed in 2018/19.	This review seeks to update and review the plan adopted in 2019. The review of the local plan is a long process which requires reviewing evidence bases and several Regulation stages and so The Council has begun preparing the next local plan even though the current plan was adopted in 2019.
				2	Housing figures have been overestimated and need reassessing.	The sites allocated and housing figures in the extant Borough Plan reflect the requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				4	Option 1 – more focus away from M6 J3 which is already gridlocked.	Option preference noted and comments regarding the M6 J3 capacity will be considered at the next stage of the plan review.
				5	Considers new employment areas should be away from M6.	Preference noted.
1				6	It depends if the previous industrial uses have left contaminated land/toxic materials.	Any land previously used for industrial uses will have to undertake ground studies to establish the extent of any land contamination. It toxic materials are found then they would either need to be remediated prior to any future development or the potential land uses of that area would be restricted to ensure the safety of any future occupier.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				7	Excess of housing not needed.	As part of the review of the Borough Plan requiren
1						housing will be reassessed.
				8	No justification for building on Green Belt.	Any development in the Green Belt will be subject
						exceptional circumstances as set out in national pla
						More information can be found in The Joint Green
						(2015) published by NBBC in conjunction with othe
						Authorities in the local area.
				10	Overdevelopment will have an adverse impact on residents' health and wellbeing.	Comment noted.
				11	Considers that housing numbers should be lowered in all	The Council have a Duty to Cooperate with nearby
					areas by refusing outside requests.	at set out in national planning policy framework ar will have to take on some of Coventry City Council
				12	Disagrees.	Comment noted.
				13	Trees have many benefits and should be supported.	Comment noted.
i.				14	Supports natural growth.	Comment noted.
				16	The higher the target for trees, the better.	Comment noted.
				20	Yes - Walking and cycling important for health and wellbeing.	This comment is noted and agreed.
				21	Considers electric vehicles to be problematic.	Comment noted.
				23	Biodiversity as a very important issue.	Noted and agreed.
				25	No, residents unhappy about volume of green space being	This comment has been noted and will be reviewe
					used for development.	stage of the plan review when focusing on existing
19			CPRE Warwickshir	1	Yes although in general Local Plan periods are too long – 10 years would be appropriate.	Comment noted.
			e Branch	2	Agrees it should be updated. Coventry housing projection	As part of the review of the Borough Plan requiren
					are unsound and assumes the Memorandum of	reassessed including housing requirements of adja
					Understanding between LPAs.	Authorities.
				3	The Joint Green Belt Study of 2015 is flawed and should be	Comment noted and as part of the Borough Plan re
					replaced with a new review covering the whole West	evidence-based documents will be reviewed and u
					Midlands which has been subject to full and fair public	necessary.
					consultation.	
				4	Option 1 – existing employment is underused, and recent	Comments noted in relation to avoiding additional
					trends reduces the land needed for employment. Option 2	close to M6 J3 and preference for Option 1.
					and 3 should be withdrawn.	
				5	Current provision of employment land (107ha) should be re- examined) as it is not justified.	As part of the review of the Borough Plan requiren reassessed.
				6	Option 1 is preferable in most instances.	Comment noted.
				7	Green Belt should not be used for any residential	Noted that none of the options set out were deem
					development. Land that should be Green Belt and meets the	
					criteria for inclusion should be proposed for inclusion in the	
					Green Belt (specifically Bedworth Woodlands).	
				8	Green Belt should not be used for any new employment	Comment noted.
					uses. (There are some employment sites in the Green Belt now.)	
				10	Agreed - There should be a full review of existing allocated	As part of the review of the Borough Plan requiren
					housing sites in the 2017 Plan where no outline or full	reassessed including housing requirements.
					permission has been granted. Many sites have no	
					justification and are based on flawed housing projections	
					(e.g HSG4 Bedworth Woodlands/ HSG2 East of Arbury Hall).	
				11	Option 1.	Comment noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				12	Reduce the number of housing and employment allocations	Noted.
					by removing some of those in the 2017 Local Plan.	
				17	All traditional town centre uses should be acceptable.	Comment noted.
					Redevelopment out of town centre supermarket sites for	
					housing/industrial.	
				20	Yes.	Noted.
				21	Unlikely to be a long term requirement.	Noted.
				23	Yes but a larger biodiversity gain of 20-25% should be aimed	Comment noted.
					for.	
				24	Agreed but must be made part of the Plan.	Comment noted and agreed
				25	Disagree. Take out any provision for meeting an invalid	As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be
					claimed 'unmet housing need' from Coventry.	reassessed including housing requirements.
20	Mr	GC		4	Option 2 but existing infrastructure requires upgrading first	Comments noted regarding current infrastructure around the A5
					prior to buildings.	needed upgrading first.
				5	Area adjacent to Bermuda Park Industrial Estate / A444.	Noted and will be considered at the next stage of the borough Plar
					Could join the Arbury housing development and through	review.
					road from Heath End Road.	
				7	Option 1 – planning departments should act responsibly.	Option preference noted.
				10	Agreed. All sites should commit to upgrade or add to	Planning permissions for larger sites include planning obligations
					surrounding infrastructure e.g existing road networks.	which can include for improvement to local road network and
						other provisions either directly or via financial contribution.
				13	Tree planting should always be encouraged.	Comment noted and agreed.
				14	Should be encouraged where space is available.	Comment noted.
				16	Realistic targets should be encouraged.	Comment noted.
21	Coun	LC	Bulkington	1	Agreed – with a minimum of 2038.	Comment noted.
	cillor		Ward	2	Agreed – current evidence is outdated.	Comment noted.
			Councillor	3	The Memorandum of Understanding based on ONS data	Comment noted and understand that this is being dealt with
					needs to be reviewed.	concurrently with the Borough Plan review.
				4	Option 1 will keep development contained and prevent	Comment noted.
					sprawl.	
				7	Option 1 – Land should not be taken from the Green Belt.	Preferred option noted.
				8	None of the options – brownfield should be used.	Comment noted.
				10	Agreed as current sites propose building on Green Belt. Will	Comment noted.
					cause overdevelopment of Bulkington and Hawkesbury.	
				11	Option 3 – Bulkington is surrounded by Green Belt and	Comments noted.
					brownfield land should be used as development on Green	
					Belt impacts village's identity and destroys Grade 2	
					farmland.	
				13	Yes and trees on new developments will help soften the	Comments noted and agreed.
					impact on existing residents.	
				14	Great idea but not at the cost of destroying Green Belt to	Comments noted and maintenance of orchards will be considered
					plant orchards elsewhere. Queries how they will be	at the next stage of the review.
					maintained.	
				15	Development which will have a clear and obvious disruptive	Definition noted.
					effect on the community, beyond what it can absorb or	
					naturally mitigate against. Requires additional infrastructure.	
				16	Exceptionally challenging figures should be set to offset the	Comment noted.
					additional CO2 created through new developments.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				23	Feels biodiversity should be left in the first place and not	Comment is noted but where retention of areas is
					destroy Green Belt.	Council is seeking to provide biodiversity gain else
				26	The ONS for Coventry. Need to consider in relation to	Comments noted.
					neighbouring authorities and their impact on NBBC.	
22			Joint	1	Yes – updating it will cause it to run out of line with other	Noted.
			submission		plan making in the region such as the Coventry and	
			on behalf of		Warwickshire HEDNA which will project growth needs until	
			CWLEP		2050.	
			Growth Hub	2	Agree – there have been a number of employment and	Comments noted and agreed.
					economic studies since the Borough Plan was adopted	
				3	The NBBC Employment Land Studies should be updated to	Comments noted.
					examine the need for strategic sites and help the borough	
					recover from the pandemic.	
				4	Each of the options has their own positive and negatives.	Comments noted.
					Logistics is a key part of Nuneaton & Bedworth, however	
					there should be allocations and employment land which is	
					located to aid businesses that do not require strategic links	
					to thrive. The Plan review needs to address long term deficit	
				F	in job deficit in the area.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and
				5	Allocations and employment should plan for adequate	
					supplies of different use classes and include planning for a range of sizes and potential sectors. Repurposing	necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Poir repurposing employment uses in town centres are
					employment uses in town centres should be promoted and	repurposing employment uses in town centres are
					employment uses in employment areas should be protected.	
					Areas with constraints (urban areas around Nuneaton in	
					particular) should be looked at.	
				6	Needs to be a balance to ensure traditional employment	Comment noted.
				Ū	uses remain the dominant space within industrial estates.	
					CWLEP does not support Option 5.	
				8	Enabling growth and presenting sites which are easily	The options selected for future employment sites
					accessible and within proximity to other employment uses	their proximity to the existing strategic highway ne
					or strategic locations is preferred.	Borough or locations adjacent to established empl
				13	Tree planting alone will make a very small dent in progress	Comment noted.
					to Net Zero – this should be expanded to tackle congestion,	
					vehicle use, energy efficient.	
				17	Policies which seek to compliment the daytime and night-	Comment noted.
					time economies will be key to the regeneration of area.	
					Greater sustainable employment growth should be	
					encouraged.	
				20	Policies should move away from traditional modes of travel	The Borough Plan review seeks to ensure that mor
					and consider more ambitious future mobility options e.g EV	modes of travel are accessible and development is
					charging/last mile delivery/e-scooters/e-bikes.	appropriate places to reduce the need to travel.
				26	CWLEP believes that strategic and sub-regional planning	Comment noted.
					ought to be mentioned within the document. The HEDNA	
				will provide the basis for joint working and initiatives within		
					Coventry & Warwickshire for enhancing economic growth.	
				27	The early review of the Local Plan lacks a strategic context.	The Council is not considering a new settlement as
					Future housing and employment requirements need to be	options and therefore does not consider that the F
					considered in the context of subregional not just within	should extend beyond 2038.
					NBBC.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Urges Council to cover the period up to 2050 to align with	
					HEDNA.	
					Recommend next stage of the review is held until the	
					direction of travel by central government is established	
					following the 2020 Housing White Paper.	
23	Mrs	KD			Respondent feels there are too many developments in the	Comments noted.
					area causing traffic issues and loss of wildlife habitats/trees.	
					Agreed the plan needs to be updated and existing allocated	
					sites should be reviewed.	
24	Mr	RD		4	Prefer existing employment centres to be extended, better if	Comment noted.
					sites are around public transport networks, M6 J3 would	
					cause more traffic.	
				5	Land around Tuttle Hill Quarry next to railway for example	Noted.
					where it less attractive to residential, maybe more mixed	
				6	developments. Option 2.	Comments noted.
				7	Option 1.	Comments noted.
				8	Option A.	Comments noted.
				8 10	Agreed.	Comments noted.
				10	Make use of existing spare sites, reuse of existing buildings,	Comments noted and will be taken forward to the next stage of the
				11/12	looking at higher density options particularly town centre	review.
					and to the edge of, for e.g high rise development up 10	
					storeys. This would create more business for existing shops	
					for example. Make use of brownfield sites on edge or	
					suburban sites. Building around existing public transport, e.g.	
					a denser housing community around Bermuda Park station.	
				13	Yes.	Comments noted.
				14	Depends if suitable for development.	Comments noted.
				16	Targets should be set.	Comments noted.
				17	Option 1 (Use Classes E/A4/A5).	Comments noted.
				18	No.	Comments noted.
				19	Option A.	Comments noted.
				20	Yes more emphasis on cycling and walking as long as it is	Comments noted.
					backed by improvements.	
				21	Yes.	Noted.
				22	No.	Noted.
				23	Yes.	Noted.
				24	Yes.	Noted.
				25	Yes.	Noted.
				26	An upgraded public transport (buses in particular) is	Comments noted.
					required for example bus lanes or bus only lanes in new	
					developments.	
25	Mr	RD		N/A	Poor review meeting held at Goodyers End Primary School.	The Council undertook comprehensive consultation for the
					The meeting was badly advertised meaning most locals who	document including exhibitions throughout the Borough.
					may have an opinion on the proposals were completely	
					unaware it was happening.	The Planning System is only able to consider the implications of
						future development and ensure that highways are able to
					Too much housing and not enough infrastructure to cope.	appropriately deal with predicted traffic, relying on the highways
					The council needs to be prioritising traffic issues.	authority (WCC) for this information and an updated evidence base
						in relation to transport.

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traffic, relying on the highways
on and an updated evidence base

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					EMP7 is in a completely inappropriate location. It is a	
					valuable green space and appreciated farm land buffer. Also	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
					have grave concerns on the size of the Hospital Lane housing	requirements set out within this document at that
20	N.4.4		A 10110	1	development for much of the same reasons.	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will k
26	Mr	AD	Apus	1	Yes the plan period is appropriate.	Noted.
			Projects Limited	4	Option 3.	Noted.
1			Linited	5	No. Option 2.	Noted. Noted.
				6 8	Option 2. Option C, poorly performing and deliverable greenbelt sites	Noted.
I				0	in sustainable locations should be considered.	Noted.
27	Mr	WD		1	Agree.	Noted.
27	1011	WD		2	Yes, it's out of date. Cannot keep building houses indefinitely	Noted.
				2	and it is not sustainable to keep expanding the population in	
l.					this way.	
l.				4	Option 1- more houses built means more employment	Noted.
L					facilities are needed.	
L				7	Green belt should not be used for housing development	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of
L					under any circumstances, green spaces are already getting	evidence base which will consider potential housin
I					smaller and we should leave these areas for our leisure and	sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as so
					wildlife.	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen,
1						locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
						Green Belt considerations.
I				8	Green belt should not be used for new employment	Noted. The Council is required in line with national
					developments under any circumstances, green spaces are	presumption in favour of sustainable development
1					already getting smaller and we should leave these areas for	strategic policies for new development within the
1					our leisure and wildlife. The more houses we build the more	review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la
1					employment opportunities will be required and even more	other reasonable options for meeting identified ne
1					space will be taken up construction new employment	development have been fully examined.
1				10	buildings.	
1				10	Should be a review. There are already large house building	Noted.
					sites around the borough. currently 200 houses being	
					constructed in Bulkington equating to possibly 300 or more	
				11	extra cars in the village, Bulkington it is a village not a town.	Noted.
I					Any housing development plan which does not take into account the local infrastructure or the needs of the local	
					people is a bad plan wherever it is situated.	
				13	Should be a plan for tree planting.	Noted.
I				20	Yes.	Noted.
				23	Any development should replace an equivalent area to the	Noted.
					one they have destroyed.	
				26	There needs to be more consideration to the infrastructure	Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plan
					when building houses, there appears to have been no such	before any new development is proposed.
					consideration to this in Bulkington.	,
28	Cllr	KE	Cabinet	1	In part yes.	Noted.
I			Member for	2	Yes, the current evidence base needs to be updated and	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc
			Public		replaced. Some of the evidence used to create the current	assessment in accordance with national policy and
I			Services,		Borough Plan is 10–15 years out of date. As well as this, our	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
			Nuneaton &		housing numbers are based upon flawed ONS data.	

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ocal housing need Id guidance will be for the plan period.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
			Bedworth Borough Council	3	As referenced above, the ONS housing data needs to be updated. I would also support the request of the Woodlands Action Group to have new ecology surveys done on the	Noted, as per Q2 response. The Council would require updated technical surveys to be prepared on existing allocated sites as part of the planning application process.
				7	HSG4 allocation. Clearly, the sites that are most deliverable. In the case of	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the
					HSG4, this is not deliverable and will not help the Council meet its 5 year housing land supply.	requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				10	Yes. This is something the Planning Inspector supported at the end of the hearings. HSG4 needs to be treated as a priority for a review because the site is not deliverable. Therefore, it makes sense to completely remove this strategic allocation from the plan.	Noted. The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				11	We desperately need to get more housing within Town Centres.	Noted. Options 1 and 2 prioritise the location of new residential uses within existing urban areas, which includes town centres.
				12	As per Q.11- town centres.	Noted.
				13	Trees can become expensive for the council to maintain. So any future tree planting needs to be done right.	Noted.
				14	Wouldn't have anything against this.	Noted.
				20	Noting against this.	Noted.
				21	Yes, should be looked at.	Noted.
				25	It needs to be about the deliverability of sites, and I think there needs to be potentially a sub review within the review to look at this.	Noted. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed. The Council's Authority Monitoring Report sets out the progress being made towards delivering its objectives in the Plan.
29	Mr	BF		1	15 years is certainly a good period providing that associated infrastructure is also considered.	Noted.
				4	Option 2. Whilst the Borough has good transport links and is at the heart of the motorway network, the actual road infrastructure through Bedworth and Nuneaton is already at capacity.	Noted. The Planning System is only able to consider the implications of future development and ensure that highways can appropriately deal with predicted traffic, relying on the highways authority (WCC) for this information and an updated evidence base in relation to transport.
				6	Option 4.	Noted.
				7	Option 1- preserve Green Belt as best we can.	Noted. A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated evidence base which will consider potential development sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out in national policy.
				8	Option A- preserve Green Belt as best we can.	Noted. A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated evidence base which will consider potential development sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out in national policy.
				9	Urban areas, countryside, Green Belt.	Noted.
				10	Yes- especially when you are trying to overcompensate for Coventry.	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring authorities to address cross-boundary issues.
				11	Option 2- focus of key transport infrastructure.	Noted.
				13	Yes targets per year should be set.	Noted.
				14	Yes, but who would be responsible for maintenance.	Noted.
				17	Difficult to answer- in Bedworth All Saints Square is dead after 5pm.	Noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				18	Hybrid plan with mixed use including residential to sustain	Noted.
					City Centres.	
				19	Option C.	Noted.
				20	Yes, there should be more emphasis on Cycling and Walking,	Noted.
					in an attempt to improve people's well-being.	
				21	Yes, some form of provision for vehicle charging should be provided.	Noted.
				22	No, there needs to be an emphasis on Cycling and Walking, this will also support your Making the journey to school safer and improved walking routes to schools.	The Borough Plan review seeks to ensure that mor modes of travel are accessible and development is appropriate places to reduce the need to travel.
				23	Yes bigger focus on biodiversity.	Noted.
				24	Yes design codes should be addressed by SPDs.	Noted.
				25	Key issues have been identified but not addressed. There needs to be an emphasis on Cycling and Walking, this will also support making the journey to school safer and	Noted. I&O is the first consultation stage of the Bo review with more details considered at the Publica Section 10 and Local Community Section of Broad
					improved walking routes to schools.	notes requirements to improve walking and cycling
				26	There needs to be an emphasis on Cycling and Walking, this will also support your Making the journey to school safer and improved walking routes to schools.	Noted. I&O is the first consultation stage of the Bo review with more details considered at the Publica Section 10 and Local Community Section of Broad notes requirements to improve walking and cycling
					The proposed improvements / transport mitigation for "South Bedworth" fall very short of the mark and do not consider / include the proposed cycle route in any of the plans.	
)	Miss	JT	Framptons (on behalf of AR Cartwright Ltd)		Signed form no questions answered.	Response noted.
1	Mr	AG		1	Because of the speed of change in requirements from Brexit, government policy etc I would suggest 10 years is more appropriate. Just look at the Coventry overspill debacle.	Noted. The NPPF requires that plans look ahead fo 15 years from adoption to anticipate and respond requirements and opportunities.
				2	Clearly there is an issue with the Coventry overspill figures which increased NBBC housing need by 38%!! ONS/OBC seem to have differing views and even West Midlands Mayor says they are wrong.	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Bor review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbo to address cross-boundary issues.
				3	Clearly housing v employment v transport.	New evidence base will be commissioned as part c of the Borough Plan review process.
				4	Options 1 and 3 seem best. Regarding Option 3 there seems little land in NBBC territory near A5 not already being covered by housing. Also A5 and Long Shoot already notorious traffic black spots.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				5	No. However important to consider traffic and employee travel.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				6	There is no one size fits all approach here. For example, sticking houses in the middle of Bermuda Park or Attleborough Fields makes no sense but putting some on the edge of a new development eg, Faultlands could make sense. Equally leisure can be integrated into employment eg	This comment has been note. and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
					cinema, bowling, go kart track.	

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				7	Option 1. Green Belt should be protected but seems	Noted. The Council is required in line with nationa
					protection status means nothing.	presumption in favour of sustainable development strategic policies for new development within the review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la
						other reasonable options for meeting identified ne
						development have been fully examined.
				8	Option A.	Noted.
				9	To protect green belt and agricultural land development should be targeted at brownfield or derelict/unproductive land. Employment should be near existing trunk transport links.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				10	Yes – sadly too late for some where planning agreed under a flawed plan. Sites should fit need for NBBC and not Coventry.	Comments noted. The sites allocated in the extant reflect the requirements set out within this docum As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirem reassessed. The Council in preparing the Borough legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring author cross-boundary issues.
				11	Option 1 followed by Option 2 (no further explanation).	Noted.
				11	No.	Noted.
				13	Yes.	Noted.
				14	No. No one will care for them.	Noted.
				15	No. All developments should comply.	Noted.
				16	Yes. To absorb carbon, improve environment and block view of unsightly developments.	Noted.
				17	Mix of uses best option.	Noted.
				18	Not really.	Noted.
				19	Keep frontages looking attractive.	Noted.
				20	I live near HSG9 which emphasises cycling etc but then says it is far from schools, shops, employment making car use essential.	Noted.
				21	Every home should have at least 1 EV charging point where parking is on site. For designated parking 1 point per 5 spaces to cater for residents and visitors.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				22	More need to take into account the cumulative effect of traffic rather than each development in isolation.	The Planning System is only able to consider the in future development and ensure that highways can deal with predicted traffic, relying on the highways for this information and an updated evidence base transport.
				23	Fail to see how development improves biodiversity over agricultural fields.	Noted.
				24	Housing and other developments must fit/blend in, understood NBBC does not have a natural architecture like a Cotswold town but developments should fit in.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review
				25	Traffic is a key issue, it is getting worse.	The Planning System is only able to consider the in future development and ensure that highways can deal with predicted traffic, relying on the highways for this information and an updated evidence base transport.
				26	Traffic- no mention of increasing congestion in the Plan.	The Planning System is only able to consider the in future development and ensure that highways can

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						deal with predicted traffic, relying on the highways for this information and an updated evidence base transport.
32	Mr	AC	Gladman	1	The plan period of 2023-2038 is therefore appropriate given that the Council are not planning for significant growth in new settlements.	Noted.
				2	For the vision to be achieved, it is imperative that the entirety of the evidence base that will be employed to underpin the Borough Plan Review is updated and reflects the most up to date evidence for the Borough.	Noted.
				7	A hybrid of option 1 and option 3 would be the most suitable for the location of new residential growth.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				9	A hybrid approach to the location of new residential growth will be required. Settlements with the greatest range of services and facilities, with key transport links and access to local employment opportunities should receive the greatest levels of growth. The Council should fully explore non-Green Belt areas adjacent to Nuneaton as not only are they less constrained in planning policy terms than Green Belt sites. Important to acknowledge that brownfield sites can suffer from low land values and insurmountable constraints.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				10	Agree there should be a review of the existing allocated sites as this will ensure future development in the borough is genuinely plan-led. Non-delivery on allocated strategic sites can have a significant impact on the Council's ability to demonstrate a five-year housing land supply as required by national policy.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle requirements set out within this document at that the review of the Borough Plan requirements will I
				11	A hybrid of option 2 and option 3. There are sustainable locations next to key transport infrastructure and not constrained by Green Belt designation. Concerns with the content of paragraph 7.22 which infers that, should the Duty to Cooperate legal obligation be abolished in the future, the Council would only need to plan for a housing target based on the standard method figure of 429dpa. Utilising a higher figure could also enable the delivery of greater levels of affordable housing and make a significant contribution to the unmet need expected to arise from Coventry City.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo In addition, the Council in preparing the Borough F legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring author cross-boundary issues.
				13	Tree planting is better suited to local design codes rather than overly prescriptive policy wording.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				20	It is important to acknowledge that strategic sites are capable of delivering other non-car mode solutions to travel including public transport solutions such as click-bus and light rapid transit systems.	Noted. I&O is the first consultation stage of the Bo review with more details considered at the Publica
				21	It is important to consider the capacity of infrastructure providers (particularly electricity) to cope with the demand. Detailed design issues such as this, should be left for the Building Regulation process.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
				23	Would support a development management policy which aligns with the Governments proposals within the Environment Bill 2019-2021, which imposes a mandatory	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.

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					requirement for development to achieve a 10% net gain in biodiversity. The Council should not look to set a requirement over and above the 10% biodiversity net gain that the Government is seeking to legislate.	
				24	Agree that design codes are best dealt with as a supplementary planning document. When considering design, the Borough Plan Review should be mindful of the outcomes of the Building Better, Building Beautiful review and the changes recently implemented to the National Planning Policy Framework. Design should be considered at detailed application stage.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				26	Yes. The next stage of the Borough Plan Review must consider in detail the extent of unmet need arising from Coventry City.	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring authorities to address cross-boundary issues, including potential unmet need from Coventry.
33	Mrs	AG		1	The current plan only takes us up to 2023 which would not be deliverable in the time frame. A longer time frame would also allow more time before the consideration of the next plan to consider revised allocations.	Noted. The Council is not considering a new settlement as part of its options and therefore does not consider that the Plan period should extend beyond 2038.
				2	Much of the evidence base is now 10 plus years old, transport, environment, air quality, ons figures regarding growth have all changed and need to be reviewed. The infrastructure and amenities within the village have changed and need to be relooked at and updated.	Agree, the Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points raised are noted.
				3	ONS data on which Coventry growth has been calculated. These have led to NBBC accepting 4,000 houses from Coventry. The Mou should be looked at and the Coventry 4,000 houses rejected.	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring authorities to address cross-boundary issues, including Coventry's potential unmet housing need.
				4	Option 1 – No focus on particular areas / employment has changed since COVID towards more home working.	Noted. A new evidence base will be commissioned as part of the later stages of the Borough Plan review process.
				6	Option 2 – revisit sites to determine the type of employment.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				7	Option 1 – Land should not be taken out of the green belt when brownfield sites are available .	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated evidence base which will consider potential development sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out in national policy. However, depending on the Option chosen, development locations will be suggested in the plan that consider more than Green Belt considerations.
				8	Option A- caveat that new employment uses should come from brownfield sites.	Noted. The Council is required in line with national policy and the presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out strategic policies for employment development within the Borough Plan review.
				9	The outskirts of towns and town centre regeneration offer the best opportunities for housing and in turn will attract infrastructure and amenities.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				10	Yes existing sites should be reviewed as a matter of urgency before greenbelt land is gone forever. The current plan is based on over inflated ONS housing projections.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				11	Option 3 Locating new residential development in non - green belt land.	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated evidence base which will consider potential development sites

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
						against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set ou policy. However, depending on the Option chosen, locations will be suggested in the plan that conside Green Belt considerations.
				12	Recent land changed from Greenbelt to brownfield originally farmland.	Noted.
				13	Tree planting would be welcomed though it would have to be carefully managed.	Noted.
				14	A clear strategy is required , if left unmanaged this again can attract anti social behaviour.	Noted.
				15	Large scale developments which have clear and obvious disruptive effects on the local community, this is above and beyond what it can absorb or naturally mitigate against requiring additional infrastructure and amenities to cope.	Comments noted.
				16	Tree planting should be given a target (no explanation).	Noted.
				17	Bulkington is a Village.	Noted.
				18	Bulkington is a Village.	Noted.
				19	Bulkington is a Village.	Noted.
				20	Yes- policies SA1 and HS2 be amended to give greater emphasis to the importance of cycling and walking	Noted.
				21	connections/infrastructure being provided. Yes the new Borough Plan be amended from that set out in policy HS2 to require new developments to install vehicle	Noted.
					charging points.	
				22	No.	Noted.
				23	Yes.	Noted.
				25	The borough plan is currently destroying a substantial proposition of our biodiversity by building on green built [belt] land. Offering 10% of this back is hardly fair compensation, especially when poor site selection has been used without a proper methodology. Further environmental studies should be carried out by NBBC.	Noted. The Council is required in line with national presumption in favour of sustainable development strategic policies for new development within the review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la other reasonable options for meeting identified ne development have been fully examined. The Counc base will be reassessed and updated where necess Borough Plan review.
34	Mr	PC	Godfrey Payton on behalf of Nicholas Chamberlain School Foundation	10	Para 7.13 states that 'as part of the Borough Plan Review, it is proposed to undertake a review of allocated sites to reassess their suitability for allocation.' The question posed is unclear whether the review is specific to the suitability of the allocated site or would deal with the question of speed of achievability. It is considered inappropriate to review the suitability of allocated sites given the fact that this has been tested at Examination relatively recently (2 years). The allocated sites inclusion within an adopted Local Plan, which has been tested and found sound by the Planning Inspector, does by its very nature indicate that the allocated sites are suitabile. A change in the housing requirement, as outlined in the Issues and Options paper, does not change the test of suitability of the allocated sites. What it would seemingly do is change the pressure for speed of housing delivery across the allocated sites rather than entertain a notion of de-	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle requirements set out within this document at that updated evidence base in line with a local housing assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo as part of the Borough Plan review.

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					allocating sites. It would be considered counterproductive for the LPA to create uncertainty by reviewing the allocated sites as part of the Borough Plan review. The landowner of HSG4 and HSG5 is progressing these sites to ensure delivery as required within the existing adopted Borough Plan.	
35 Mr	Mr	GP	Godfrey Payton on behalf of Coventry Diocesan Board of Finance Ltd	7	Sustainability should be at the core of the assessment for the location of land for residential uses. The redevelopment of brownfield urban land is likely to be in a location that is sustainable. The green belt boundary is drawn tightly around parts of the Borough's urban areas but not others. There are parcels of land which were identified in the 2015 Joint Greenbelt Study as being 'low-performing green belt parcels' but were not allocated for residential use in the Borough Plan. Coventry Diocesan Board of Finance Ltd own 14.13 acres of land the north of Marston Lane, Bedworth. The land is considered to be urban back land which is prone to misuse and anti-social behaviour. It is considered most suited for development for residential use. Whilst this land is within the green belt it is, by its nature, urban as identified within the Joint Green Belt Study 2015. Option 3 is therefore favoured.	Noted re Option 3. A Green Belt Assessment will ta of an updated evidence base which will consider p development sites against the relevant Green Belt out in national policy. However, depending on the development locations will be suggested in the pla more than Green Belt considerations
				12	There are parcels of land which have been identified as being low performing in terms of green belt within the Joint Green Belt study and are in a sustainable location, such as parcel BE1, which is considered, by its nature, to be urban then it is considered reasonable that these parcels should be assessed favourably as part of the spatial options rather than being dismissed simply because they are included within the green belt.	Noted. The Council is required in line with nationa presumption in favour of sustainable development strategic policies for new development within the review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la other reasonable options for meeting identified ne development have been fully examined.
36	Mr	AJ	Heaton Planning Ltd on behalf of Tarmac Trading Ltd	10	Development will commence at strategic housing allocation HSG7 – East of Bulkington within the first 5 years of adoption of the Borough Plan, as per the relevant policy aims. Significant progress has been made up to date, with a planning application due to be submitted before the end of 2021.	Noted. The sites allocated in the extant Borough P requirements set out within this document at that updated evidence base in line with a local housing assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo as part of the Borough Plan review.
37	Mrs	СН		N/A	The form does not allow me to raise the concerns that I wish to raise. The proposed allocation of several new industrial areas in the Ash Green and surrounding areas is extremely worrying. Ash Green, Exhall and Keresley Village are small communities located in the M6 Junction 3 area. An area which appears to be favoured for a number of new industrial areas on our greenbelt land. You are not providing these sites to meet existing demand and it would also appear as to attract such companies away from Coventry and surrounding areas. Suggests investigating the use of land either side of the A444 on the Nuneaton and Bedworth corridor which is currently home to existing Industrial areas and has easier access to the M6.	Noted. The Council is required in line with national presumption in favour of sustainable development strategic policies for employment development wi Plan review. The proposed options selected for fut sites are based on their proximity to the existing st network within the Borough or locations adjacent employment sites.

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38	Mr	BS	Highways	3	Consideration needs to be made for meeting the Housing	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Bor
			England		Need for the Borough and wider Warwickshire County, and	review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbo
					therefore a review of the Strategic Housing Land Availability	to address cross-boundary issues, including Covent
					Assessment needs to be reviewed. As under the adopted	unmet needs.
					Borough Plan, it is anticipated that further growth will need	
					to be accommodated from Coventry.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and
						necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Poin
					The Transport Evidence Base will be critical in understanding	the Transport Evidence Base are noted.
					how the development proposals and aspirations emerging	
					will be accommodated on the SRN [strategic road network]	Consideration will be had to forming a Transport W
1					and local transport infrastructure. It is therefore critical that	inform the Transport Evidence Base.
					early discussions and engagement takes place with key	
					transport and infrastructure stakeholders. We therefore	
					recommend the formation of a Transport Working Group to	
					aid the development of the Transport Evidence Base.	
l				4	Highways England has concerns about all options notably	The Council is required in line with national policy
1					option 2 and 3 due to the impact these would have upon the	presumption in favour of sustainable development
1					safe and efficient operation of the SRN	strategic policies for employment development with
						Plan review.
					On option 2 - In addition, further development and	
1					allocations are located to the north of the A5 within Hinkley	The options selected for future employment sites a
					and Bosworth which will impact on the operation of the A5	their proximity to the existing strategic highway ne
					Corridor. It should be noted. that the A5 / A47 'The	Borough or locations adjacent to established emplo
					Longshoot' Signalised Junction and A5 / A47 / B4666	
					'Dodwells' Roundabout Junction are operationally	Highways England comments are noted and the Co
					constrained, and any development greater than within the	consider their position as part of the exploration of
					adopted Local Plans cannot be accommodated.	options and the updating of the evidence base info Borough Plan review.
					On option 3- It has been identified that the cumulative	
					impact of the allocated growth from the adopted Coventry	
					Local Plan and Borough Local Plan impacted upon the	
					operational capacity of the junction. As a result, a mitigation	
					scheme has been identified by Warwickshire County Council	
					which will accommodated the growth as identified within	
					the Local Plans, and does not undermine the safe and	
					efficient operation of the M6 Corridor.	
					However, any further development or allocations in this area	
					cannot be accommodated by this improvement, and	
					therefore would result in operational impacts on the M6	
				11	Corridor which would undermine its safety.	Commonte noted infractivisticas will be addressed
				11	We have considered the spatial options, and we have no	Comments noted. Infrastructure will be addressed
					clear preference to the proposals in terms its location, as all	plan making process before any new development
					options will result in interaction with the SRN, and will	with Highways England a crucial consultee as part of
					require infrastructure improvements based on the outcomes of the transport evidence base.	review.
					We consider that that option 2 should include bus corridors	
					as both provide a viable alternative to car based journeys in	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					a sustainable manner such has cycle routes and rail corridors.	
					Nonetheless, we know that large development sites located in proximity to SRN junctions are likely to impact on the	
					capacity of our network. This in-turn, can create potential	
					congestion and safety issues.	
				20	Support	Noted.
	N 4	50	111-11-11-1	21	Support	Noted.
39	Mrs	EB	Historic England	27, 25	Vision- Historic England raises concerns that the conservation and enhancement of the historic environment is not included within the vision set out for Nuneaton and Bedworth in this document.	Consideration given to incorporating suitable wording relating to the historic environment within the vision as part of the development of the Borough Plan review.
					Objectives- Whilst Historic England welcomes that the historic environment is now included within one of the nine Strategic Objectives of the Plan, we suggest an amendment to the wording of Objective 7 to "sustains and enhances" to better reflect the wording of the NPPF.	Agree point on Objective 7 in relation to wording. Seek to review and consider.
					Broad Issues- Under the Local Environment section on p.7 Historic England welcomes the acknowledgement that there are many buildings within the Borough which are important to local history, but which are not listed. We also note reference to the fact that some built heritage has suffered from poor quality modification and a lack of maintenance and repair. It is imperative that these issues are reflected in the "Important Considerations for Development" in relation to certain proposed development sites. Reference to 'English Heritage's' Building's at Risk Register, should be amended to 'Historic England's' Building's at Risk Register.	Noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 12, 26,	In terms of growth options for new employment and housing allocations, Historic England recommends that the Council undertake the process of the 'Site Selection Methodology', as set out in HEAN3, referenced above, and we reiterate that we also recommend that detailed Heritage Impact Assessments (HIAs) are prepared for individual sites. We also note that one of the potential options for the location of future employment areas is to provide employment in close proximity to the A5. The A5 corridor is potentially sensitive to development with regard to non- designated heritage assets and there is therefore the need to ensure a robust evidence base, working in conjunction with your specialist archaeological adviser to inform the evidence for any site allocations in this area.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points concerning the A5 corridor and site-by-site Heritage Impact Assessments are noted.
				13	Historic England notes that this section of the Issues and Options document focuses on potential policy proposals to increase tree planting in the Borough and that other	Comments noted. Advice Note to be considered as part of the evidence base for the Borough Plan review in relation to the historic environment.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					climate change related matters are left either to national	
					policy or fall back on policies of the adopted Local Plan.	
					This is a rapidly evolving subject and Historic England has	
					published new guidance in relation to the historic	
					environment and climate change and also on commercial	
					renewable energy. We refer you to the following:	
					Historic England Statement on Climate Change and	
1					Sustainability: Historic England Advice Note 15 (February	
					2021):	
				17	Whilst Historic England supports the diversification of town	Comments noted.
					centres, any regeneration proposals within Nuneaton and	
					Bedworth town centres should be fully evidenced and	
					take account of the desirability of sustaining and enhancing	
					the significance of heritage assets.	
				24	Historic England is supportive of Design Codes being	Noted.
					produced as Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs), to	
1					ensure that they carry weight in the decision-making	
1					process.	
				28	Sustainability Appraisal (SA)	Comments noted and will be considered at the new
					Overall Historic England is pleased to see that some of our	Borough Plan review. Advice notes for SA will be re
					comments made in relation to the SA scoping Report have	addressed.
					been taken on board. With regard to Chapter 2, which	
					identifies relevant Policies, Plans & Programmes, we	
					welcome the inclusion of the Ancient Monuments &	
					Archaeological Areas Act, UK	
					Government, 1979, but suggest that this should also be	
					included in Appendix A. Historic England welcomes the	
					amended wording of SA Objective 5, "To conserve and	
					enhance the historic environment", as this aligns the	
					objective with a key environmental objective of the planning	
					system, as set out in the NPPF at paragraph 8c.	
					We note that the commentary on p.30 para.6.3 of the SA in	
					Chapter 6.0 'Assessing the Issues and Options', refers to the	
					assessment in Table 9 as showing that none of the Borough Plan objectives meet SA objective 6, to conserve and	
					enhance the historic environment. However, this is listed as	
					Objective 5 in Table 6 (p.27) of the SA document.	
					Clarification of which objective is referred to should	
					therefore be provided. It is further noted. that the SA	
					recommends that "to improve the assessment the Borough	
					Plan objective 7 could be amended to include historic as well	
					as natural environments. This has been done". Although the	
					latest version of the Borough Plan now also includes the	
					historic environment within Objective 7, Historic England	
					suggests undertaking again the exercise set out in Table 9 of	
					the SA (Testing of the Borough Plan's vision & objectives	
					against the SA objectives), so that the historic environment	
					is taken into account.	
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					With regard to the scoring of the effects of the options set	
					out in the Borough Plan Issues & Options document Historic	
					England notes that for Question 4 Option 2 (Provide new	
					employment in close proximity to the A5) of the SA this has	
					been scored as all question marks in relation to Objective 5	
					(i.e. the impact between the option and SA objective is	
					uncertain). Appraisal comments of "There is no obvious link	
					between this option and this objective' (p.125 SA document)	
					are also noted However, as mentioned above, Historic	
					England raises concerns that the A5 corridor is potentially	
					sensitive to development with regard to non-designated	
					heritage assets and this may be an option which would	
					result in negative effects for the historic	
					environment/Objective 5 of the SA. We also note that in	
					scoring the various Options for the location of new	
					residential development, negative scores have been given	
					for Options which would locate housing development within	
					the Borough's urban areas, and generally positive scores	
					awarded for Options which would locate development	
					outside of the urban areas. This is on the basis that most of	
					the Borough's statutory historic assets and Conservation	
					Areas are located within the urban areas. Whilst this is the	
					case, Historic England notes that very broad options have	
					been identified at this stage, and there is the potential for	
					harm to the historic environment, dependent upon the	
					location of development sites. As the Plan is progressed to	
					the stage where specific allocations are being considered	
					Historic England strongly advises that the 5-step site	
					selection methodology set out in HEAN 3 is utilised (as	
					advised above) and that this methodology and its findings	
					are set out in a Heritage topic paper, as part of the evidence	
					base for the Borough Plan Review.	
					In addition, Historic England notes that the Baseline for the	
					SA (Appendix B) also includes 'Buildings at risk' (p.83). In our	
					comments on the SA Scoping Report we raised the issue of	
					identifying opportunities to conserve and enhance heritage	
					at risk through additional indicators in the SA and we are	
					disappointed that this has not been actioned, as heritage at	
					risk has been identified as a 'Broad Issue' for the Borough in	
					the emerging Plan.	
					To assist with your preparation of the SA in relation to the	
					assessment of effect upon the historic environment we refer	
					you to Historic England's Advice Note 8: Sustainability	
					Appraisal and Strategic Environmental Assessment, 2016	
					(HEAN8): Historic England Advice Note 8: Sustainability	
40					Appraisal and Strategic Environmental Assessment	
40	Mrs	EB	Historic		Duplicate submission made at 16.08 05/08/21 which	See previous response with regard to Historic Er
			England		included additional appendix for Town Centres Area Action	
	L				Plan Consultation (not as part of this consultation).	

England comments.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
41			Longford	-	Response relates to a petition (33 signatures) to update the	Comments are noted.
			Community		EMP2 Wilson's Lane Policy and Supplementary Planning	
			Action for		Document to include: a landscaped buffer zone; 10m	
			our		building height restriction near residential properties; green	
			Neighbourho		space; play area; playing pitches; protection of PROW; to	
			od		allocate land to support environmental objectives. Also	
					request Sowe Meadows is given Local Green Space	
					designation and the Council maintain their 'Your Green	
					Track' infrastructure.	
2	Mrs	SG	Home	1	Agree that a fifteen-year timeframe for the plan period is	Comment noted.
			Builders		appropriate.	
			Federation	2	Agreed. All policies should be underpinned by up-to-date	Comments noted and will be considered at the next stage of the
					evidence. In particular refer to proposed changes to Parts L,	Borough Plan Review.
					F, M, R and S of the Building Regulations. The Council's	
					Viability Assessment should test individual developments	
					and plan policies.	
				3	The BPR should as a minimum meet their own Local Housing	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
				0	Needs of 429 dwellings per annum and accommodated	assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
					unmet need for neighbouring areas. The Council should	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period.
					prepare and maintain one of more Statements of Common	prepared to deriver a sufficient supply of nomes for the plan period.
					ground to include meeting housing needs across the	
					C&WHMA.	
				7	Boundaries can be altered in exceptional circumstances	Comments are noted and will be fed into the next stage of the Plan
					(NPPF para 140/141). The Council should make as much use	review.
					as possible of suitable brownfield sites, optimising density	
					and discussions with C&WHMA. Should avoid 'town	
					cramming'. A blanket approach to density is inappropriate.	
					Density standards should be in accordance with NPPF para	
					125. Promote sustainable patterns of development by	
					considering urban areas inside the Green Belt boundary, in	
					towns and villages inset within the Green Belt or in locations	
					beyond the outer Green Belt boundary (NPPF para 142).	
				10		Comments noted
				10	The Council should undertake an accurate assessment of	Comments noted.
					availability, suitability, deliverability, developability and	
				11	viability of all existing and proposed site allocations.	Neted An undeted avidence have in line with a local barrier and
				11	Disadvantages of pursuing any one option in isolation.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
					Preferred Spatial Option is a combination of:	assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
					Option 1 – locating new residential development	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period.
					within existing settlement boundaries;	
					Option 2 - small scale, sustainable urban extensions	
					focused on key transport infrastructure (the M6, A	
					roads, railway stations, cycle routes);	
					Option 3 - locating new residential development in	
					non-Green Belt areas; and	
					 the release of land from the Green Belt (see HBF's 	
					answer to Question 7 above).	
					-	
					The preferred spatial option should ensure the sufficiency of housing land supply and achieve the Housing Delivery Test.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				14	No (see HBF's answer to Question 16 below).	Noted.
				15	No (see HBF's answer to Question 16 below).	Noted.
				16	Planning policies and decisions should ensure that new	Comments confirming trees should be encouraged
					streets are tree-lined and that opportunities are taken to	enforced through policy are noted. It is agreed tha
					incorporate trees elsewhere in developments (such as	to ensure the right trees are planted in the right pl
					community orchards). The Council should be encouraging	
					the inclusion of more trees in development rather than	
					imposing arbitrary targets for tree planting.	
				20	The importance of cycling / walking should be emphasised.	Comment noted.
				21	It is unnecessary for the Council to amend Policy HS2	Comment noted.
					because of the Government's proposals under Part S of the	
					Building Regulations.	
				22	See answer above.	Noted.
				23	Policy should align with Government's proposals as set out	Comment noted and will be followed as the Gover
					in the Environmental Bill which set out 10% strikes the right	is released in due course.
					balance.	
				24	The Council's policy approach on design should accord with	Comment noted.
					the 2021 NPPF, the latest NPPG, the National Design Guide	
					and National Model Design Code. SPDs should not convey	
					development plan status onto a document, which has not	
					been subject to the same process of preparation,	
					consultation and examination, contrary to the Town and	
					Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations	
					2012 (Regulations).	
				25	The Council should also identify the individual policies to be	Comments noted.
					reviewed, e.g the Council's affordable housing tenure mix	
					should accord with the 2021 NPPF expectation that at least	
					10% of homes will be available for affordable home	
					ownership (para 65) and the 24 May 2021 Written	
					Ministerial Statement requirement for 25% of affordable	
					housing to be First Homes.	
43	Mr	JH	Howkins &	1	Agreed.	Noted.
			Harrison	2	Yes due to time period since previous evidences were	Comment noted.
					prepared.	
				3	No.	Noted.
				4	Preference for Option 3 but "with access to" not "close" as	Preference for Option 3 noted.
					this lacks definition. Option 2 is possible but the North	
					Warwickshire Plan is based on development along the A5	
					corridor and NBBC have opportunity to avoid adding	
					congestion.	
				5	No.	Noted.
				6	Policy should not be too prescriptive and allow flexibility	Noted.
					though market led changes.	
				7	Option 3 should be chosen with more flexibility to choose	Comment noted.
					sustainable locations. Green Belt is an outdated	
					interference.	
				8	Option C preferred with sustainability being the driving	Comment noted.
					force. Green Belt is outdated.	
				9	Sustainability should be considered from the view-point of	Comments for a preference for adding to existing
					the District as a whole including all of the villages, and not	sustainable option noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
		-	-		on a location by location basis. Consideration should be	
					given to the fact that you can bring sustainability to a village	
					by adding people. The move towards electric cars means	
					future growth of a village can be sustainable. Policy should	
					be compulsory for villages to take a small amount of growth	
					each year.	
				10	Yes.	Comment noted.
				11	All three options should be considered as they are not	Comment for blended approach noted.
					mutually exclusive.	
				12	No.	Noted.
				13	Yes but further evidence required by tree experts regarding number/type of tree.	Noted.
				14	No. Could be subject to vandalism.	Noted.
				15	No.	Noted.
				16	Further evidence required but could be appropriate.	Noted.
				17	Should not refer back to old use classes.	Noted.
				18	All uses should be allowed in order to provide flexibility.	Comment noted.
				19	Frontages change over time and policy should reflect this.	Comment noted.
				20	Yes.	Noted.
				21	Yes in principle but refrain from overprovision due to burden	If this policy is taken forward, then new developments will have to
					on electricity capacity.	demonstrate they can provide the necessary infrastructure and
						capacity to support such a requirement.
				22	Yes.	Noted.
				23	Yes – should follow national planning policy.	Noted.
				24	Yes.	Noted.
				25	Yes.	Noted.
				26	No.	Noted.
44	Mr	PS	Inlands	1	Yes.	Noted.
			Waterways	2	Yes.	Noted.
			Association	3	Conservation Areas: The Coventry Canal and the Ashby Canal warrant designation as Conservation Areas.	Comment noted.
				4	Option 3.	Noted.
				7	Option 1.	Noted.
				8	Option A.	Noted.
				9	Intensification of density by redeveloping old housing and industrial estates.	Comment noted.
				10	Yes - any Green Belt sites not yet fully developed should be reviewed and terminated if non-GB alternatives now exist.	Comment noted.
				11	No allocate Green Belt development and minimise greenfield development.	Comment noted.
				12	Intensification of density by redeveloping old housing	Comment noted.
				26	estates. The Coventry Canal and the Ashby Canal within the Borough are major heritage, amenity and recreational assets	Comment noted.
					warranting Conservation Area status.	
45	Mrs	IS		1	Disagrees. Guidelines keep changing to detriment of the public.	Comment noted.
				2	•	Comment noted.
				2	Yes because guidelines are not adhered to.	Comment noted.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				3	The Statement of Community Involvement needs updating and made more clear.	Comments noted and will be taken forward for con next stage of the Plan review. New evidence base include the SCI will be commissioned as part of the the Borough Plan review process.
				4	Options 1 and 2 only. Option 3 has already lost all it's Green Belt.	Preference for Options 1 and 2 noted.
				5	No extra options needed if present sites are not at capacity.	Comment noted.
				6	Option 1 is preferred providing it is not being land banked – in that case a time limit should be set.	Comment noted.
				7	None – infrastructure should be costed first prior to any application. Option 2 would therefore be the only option for those communities who lost their Green Belt in the last Local Plan.	Comment noted and will be considered at the nex Plan review.
				8	Option C provided consultation is undertaken which is in a way the public understand.	Comment noted.
				9	Early engagement should be undertaken with any strategy taken.	The Council endeavour to engage with the public a the consultation process and undertake comprehe consultation including exhibitions throughout the
				10	No, too time consuming.	Comment noted.
				11	Options which consider communities and not just houses – associated infrastructure and supportive of inclusive growth. Those that include Sustainable Community Strategies and Local Area Agreement.	Comments noted.
				12	Yes any in accordance with the NPPF.	Noted.
				13	Yes – should be tree requirement per metre in any size development. Mature trees should not be replaced by saplings they should be replaced by similar species/sizes.	Noted.
				14	Yes if suitable to the area and if it is maintained appropriately.	The Council would look to confirm during the plan proposal to ensure any future orchard would be m
				15	Unsure.	Noted.
				16	Option 3.	Noted.
				17	Should be approached on a best quality and best fit basis.	Comment noted.
				19	The best outcome should be chosen to showcase Nuneaton and Bedworth in the future.	NBBC will endeavour to present the best options t town centres.
				20	Yes provided NPPF supports and future road infrastructure in considered.	Comment noted.
				21	Yes.	Noted.
				22	No see above.	Noted.
				23	Yes if in accordance for Government policy.	Comment noted.
				24	No best to keep as dealt with previously.	Noted.
				25	Difficult to assess.	Noted.
				26	Statement of Community Involvement needs to be addressed and updated. Need to be easier for the public to understand.	Comments noted and will be taken on board for fu consultations.
46	Mr	IJ		1	Yes.	Noted.
				2	A lot of work put into evidence base but local needs have taken a back seat compared to Government's high housing	Comment noted.
					targets.	

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				7	Option 1 – Green Belt is an important restraint against	Preference noted.
					sprawl.	
				8	None of the options, we should not prioritise land in the	Comment noted.
					countryside for employment uses.	
				9	Make a 'heat map' with higher end of the scale showing	Suggestion has been noted and will be considered
					more employment uses where higher priority for additional	of the Borough Plan review.
					areas should be given. Housing nearer to higher	
					employment density may reduce commuting traffic.	
				10	Yes – some of the sites should be removed from the plan.	Comments noted and The Council are aware of the
					For example, Bulkington has already had planning approved	to the House of Commons with regards to these si
					for 200 houses and HSG7 and HSG8 should be removed and	
					kept as Green Belt for a number of reasons including traffic,	
					loss of privacy, wildlife issues, flooding, parking.	
				11	Non Green Belt although it is sensible to locate new housing	Comment noted.
					near to employment sites and train stations to reduce	
					traffic.	-
				12	Make a 'heat map' with higher end of the scale showing	Comment noted.
					more employment uses where higher priority for additional	
					areas should be given. Housing nearer to higher	
					employment density may reduce commuting traffic.	
				13	Yes although not building houses is a better way to reduce	Preference noted.
					carbon emission. Feels the Council have been cutting down	
					mature trees in recent years, need to ensure the trees are a	
					permanent feature.	
				20	Yes.	Comment noted.
				21	Yes both houses and flats should have private parking with	Comment noted.
				22	charge points.	
				23	Yes.	Noted.
				26	Yes – infrastructure improvements should be made within a	Comments noted.
					close distance to large development sites. E.g previous plan	
					proposed 25% population increase in Bulkington but not a	
					25% increase in local provision of infrastructure.	
					Ensure a buffer between mature trees and new	
				27	development to protect the tree.	Diseas refer to recence from Dullington Desident
				27	Questions whether Bulkington Residents Voice has been in contact.	Please refer to response from Bulkington Resident (reference 10).
47	Coun	КК		1	Yes.	Noted.
47	cillor	ΝN		2	Evidence on population and transport need updating.	Noted and agreed.
	CIIIOI			3	As above plus employment and education for a post Brexit,	Comment noted.
				5	post Covid low carbon world.	
			4	4	Option 1 preferred – it should be noted. in future majority of	Comments noted and will be taken forward for cor
					people will work from home/have flexible arrangements.	next stage of the Plan review. New evidence base
						commissioned as part of the later stages of the Bo
						review process.
				5	Need to better use areas around railway station.	Comment noted.
				6	Option 5 – New age with more technology changing where	Comment noted.
					we work.	
				7	NBBC has the least countryside of any Warwickshire District.	The Council have a Duty to Cooperate with nearby
					Disagrees with absorbing Coventry's need as we have	at set out in national planning policy and as such N
					already over allocated sites for housing up to 2038.	to take on some of Coventry City Council's unmet

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				8	No more large scale employment sites in the Borough required.	Employment need is based on evidence-based ass will be commissioned as part of the later stages of Plan review process to establish if there is need.
				10	Agreed. Existing allocations are based on out of date evidence. Requests Top Farm, Bedworth Woodlands, Arbury amongst others are de-allocated. Queries ONS data for Coventry.	Comments noted and the ONS are looking at the c Coventry's population separately. This will be cons the Housing and Economic Development Needs As (HEDNA).
				11	Already have too much land allocated.	Noted.
				12	Town centre focused option needed.	Comment noted.
				13	Need to focus on reducing loss of existing mature trees. Metric should be based on tonnes of CO2 absorbed.	Comments noted.
				14	Yes where suitable.	Noted.
				16	Requests targets for net gain in tree biomass not just numbers.	Noted.
				17	If more residential uses in town centres then businesses with late night operation should be restricted.	Comment noted.
				19	Reduce retail areas and increase open spaces.	Comment noted.
				20	Agreed – must include direct walking/cycling routes through developments.	Comment noted and agreed.
				21	No requirement for car-free homes which have good public transport options.	Noted.
				22	No.	Noted.
				23	Baseline should be taken from maximum biodiversity point in the last ten years note date of application.	Comment noted.
				24	If undertaken quickly.	Comment noted.
				25	Issue of not being part of the West Midlands for Public transport and being over car dependant We need planning for health.	Comment noted.
				26	Require an education policy to tie housing to where school places are available Transport policy to get the new railways at Stockingford and Hawkesbury built.	Comments noted.
				27	Objective to retain young people Economic objective should be amended to be a sustainable and stable economy.	Comments noted.
				28	Need to focus on air pollution and stop urban sprawl.	Noted.
48	Mrs	МК		1	Agreed.	Noted.
				2	Agreed – lots of changes over last few years.	Comments noted and new evidence base will be constrained by part of the later stages of the Borough Plan review
			3	3	Population studies in particular (especially Coventry).	Comments noted and understand the ONS for Cov ongoing issue being dealt with separately.
				4	Preference for Option 1 but sites must be accessible by modes other than cars. Option 3 has some merits but only if public transport is linked directly to the employment sites.	Preference for Option 1 noted and reasons for Opt
				6	Option 1.	Comment noted.
				7 Option 1 but most stop at a certain point. Already densest Com part of Warwickshire. If required, housing should be spread across the country.	Comments noted.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				8	Probably Option 3 provided sustainable is actually sustainable in every sense. Green corridors must be retained.	Preference for Option 3 noted.
				9	Preference for more bespoke building as the need arises (especially employment).	Comments noted regarding employment land lying empty if it's not to a company's specification.
				10	Yes and overall whether additional sites are required at all. Infrastructure should be in place first (e.g school places) Concerned demand will dry up and sites will be left half built.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				11	Start in the town centres and work outwards prioritising vacant sites. Preference for denser smaller properties.	Comments noted.
				12	Distance from various infrastructure or amenity.	Comments noted.
				13	Yes but not just to new developments. Considers climate change should be at the heart of all planning decisions.	Comments noted although how implementation of such a policy could be done retrospectively would be challenging.
				14	Disagrees with definition of an orchard (5 trees). Likes the idea of a proper orchard but would need community ownership.	Comments noted regarding ownership/maintenance.
				15	Above 15 dwellings as it has greater implications on surroundings.	Noted.
				16	Disagrees, - there should be minimum numbers.	Comment noted.
				17	Considers sensible uses and residential allowed but asks for limits on betting shops/vaping shops and other unhealthy shops.	Depending on their Use Class, the Council can to an extent limit the number of betting shops for example, as planning permission is required. However, in the case of a vaping shop, as it would fall within Use Class E, provided the unit was already a shop there is no control over the type of retail use that replaces it under The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended 2020).
				19	Allow more residentials on outskirts of town centre.	Comments noted.
				20	Agrees.	Noted.
				21	Yes, EVCP per dedicated parking space. Non allocated should have 1 CP per 5 vehicles.	Noted.
				22	No.	Noted.
				23	Agrees and should be on site.	Noted.
				24	Should be in the Plan.	Noted.
				25	Housing numbers and anything to assist with combating climate change.	Noted.
				26	Housing requirement.	Noted.
				28	Tables which score red should be eliminated.	Summary tables which score red are discounted sites.
49	Mr & Mrs	JL & JS		7	Option 1 except HSG4 which was promised to be returned to Green Belt.	Preference and comment noted.
				10	Agreed – the housing numbers are excessive and linked to Coventry's need.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
50				13	Agreed.	Noted.
50		BL		1 4	Disagreed. No thought on transport. Need to encourage educated people to settle in the area.	Noted. Comments noted.
				5	Future changes need to be considered e.g working from home.	Comments noted and will be taken forward for consideration at the next stage of the Plan review. New evidence base will be

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at that time. As part of
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
						commissioned as part of the later stages of the Bo
						review process.
				7	No Green Belt development. Homes should be affordable for	Comments noted.
ł					local salaries and of an appropriate size.	
ł				8	No Green Belt, only build employment if truly needed.	Comments noted.
				9	Brownfield and accessible sites by public transport.	Noted.
1				10	Agreed.	Noted.
1				11	Public transport accessible.	Noted.
				13	Yes.	Noted.
				14	Yes.	Noted.
				20	Yes, need to reduce car reliance.	Noted.
1				21	Agreed to encourage users.	Noted.
ł				23	Should be higher.	Comment noted and will be fed into next stage of t
				24	Disagrees.	Noted.
				26	Ash Green traffic already congested, avoid development in the area.	Comments noted.
51		RB	St Philips	1	Agree minimum 15 year period, recommend circa 30 years.	Noted.
			(written by Lichfields on	2	Agreed, extent will be impacted by outcome of HEDNA and extent of the review.	Comments noted.
			their behalf)	3	Green Belt Review. Other documents will be linked to the findings of the HEDNA.	New evidence base will be commissioned as part o of the Borough Plan review process.
I				7	Option 3 is preferred. Review of Green Belt required as the	Noted.
I					Council does not have sufficient land to meet needs on	
					brownfield land. Unmet need constitutes exceptional	
					circumstances.	
				9	No, refer to Option 3 above as the preferred option.	Noted.
				10	Agree. NPPF Para 74 requires annual update of deliverable sites. The Council's 5YHLS figure is ambitious.	Noted.
				11	Favours Option 2 as this would most align with the sustainability aspirations in the NPPF.	Noted.
				12	The housing need figure to come out the HEDNA is a	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc
I					minimum figure. Until the implications of the HEDNA have been considered, considered premature to finalise a	assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
l					preferred growth option.	prepared to deriver a sufficient supply of nomes to
				13	Supportive of the encouragement for increased tree planting in large-scale developments but should be on a site-by-site basis.	Comment noted.
				14	Supportive but as above, should not undermine deliverability of the Plan.	Noted.
			16	Supportive but should have regard to the economic viability of the Plan.	Comment noted.	
				23	Supportive of principle but Plan should be cautious in advance of Environmental Bill passing in law. Suggest a comprehensive package of strategically located habitat banks in order to support developments which require off- site mitigation.	New evidence base will be commissioned as part o of the Borough Plan review process.
				25	Refers to answer to Q12 – housing requirement to be established first.	Noted.

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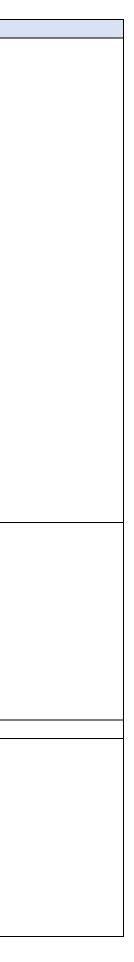
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				26	Recommends Call for Sites undertaken as soon as possible.	Call for sites ongoing.
52	Ms	SG	L & Q Estates (submitted by Pegasus Group on their behalf)	1	Plan should be amended to allow for a 30 year plan period. The I&Os Document states at Paragraph 4.3 that the result of a longer timeframe risks the evidence upon which it is based being unreliable over this period" – this reasoning is disputed. NPPF confirms larger sale developments should be set within a vision which looks at least 30 years ahead.	The NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a minimum of 15 years from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-term requirements and opportunities. The Council is not considering a new settlement as part of its options and therefore does not consider that the Plan period should extend beyond 2038.
					L&Q Estates believe there are a number of benefits to planning for a greater time period than 15 years minimum required by NPPF. Greater certainty to the public and wider development industry and ensures development and infrastructure can be appropriately planned for.	
					No reason why a longer plan period should accelerate the datedness of the evidence base which underpins it. NPPF Paragraph 140 – Green Belt boundaries should 'ensure beyond the plan period' – planning for an extended period allows for a more strategic consideration of Green Belt boundaries and whether they still serve their intended purpose, as well as whether Green Belt release is require to meet needs.	
				2	Yes, they are almost entirely out of date and trends have changed significantly. Latest evidence concerning Green Belt and employment requirements in particular are out of date. This document as a whole, but particularly the individual assessments of land parcels contained therein, is now fundamentally and substantively out of date as a result of development allocations (including land now released from the Green Belt). These factors have fundamentally altered the context of land parcels contained within the Study, not only in respect of the five purposes of the Green Belt but also in landscape and visual terms. Particularly the case in respect of Site allocation EMP2 – a site of this scale has significant influence on the land around it, which currently remains in the Green Belt. Fundamental need to NBBC to update evidence in respect of the overall quantum of employment land. I particular it does not capture the increased demand for Class B2/B8 employment sites resulting from the increased prevalence of online shopping/impact of Covid.	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
				3	The following need updating: Employment Land Study (2016); - acknowledged that the overwhelming demand for employment land in the Borough was in the distribution sector and that there had a been a historic constrained supply of employment land which was particularly relevant for this sector. In view of this there is an urgent need for new evidence to support the delivery of employment development in the emerging Local Plan.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points concerning the referenced documents are noted.

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Ref Title	e Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				Infrastructure Delivery Plan; - Significant changes are likely to have occurred to the infrastructure requirements within the Borough taking into account new development within Nuneaton and Bedworth's administrative area but also within Coventry City Council's administrative area.	
				Housing Needs Assessment (2010); SHLAA (2016).	
			4	Support for Option 3 as it continues the strategy begun through the existing plan. More up to date evidence still suggests this represents the most appropriate strategy. Option 1 is highly unlikely to meet current needs. In terms of	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points concerning the Coventry and Warwickshire Study employment land supply are noted.
				option 2 (the A5 corridor) this would not bring forward sites on the motorway network nor would it locate sites immediately next to the conurbation.	
			5	The I&O document sets out the adopted Plan identifies at least 107.8 hectares of employment land to be provided between 2011 and 2031 and the plan allocates 86.3 hectares of land to meet this requirement. Of the 6 sites identified, two have not been the subject of any planning application. L&Q queries the assertion subsequently made at paragraph 5.2. The Coventry & Warwickshire Sub-regional Employment Market Signals Study identifies at Figure 5.2 that NBBC are only able to demonstrate a supply of between 1.42 and 1.35 years supply of employment land. Whilst there is no policy requirement for this supply to be maintained above five years, it is alarming to see there is such a limited supply of employment space in the short term across the whole region. The most obvious way to rectify this would be to allocate a greater number of employment sites though the plan review.	Comments noted.
				strategy of delivering employment growth in the borough is captured within option 3.	comments noted.
			7	Option 3 has to be the most appropriate strategy for the delivery of housing development. The designation of Green Belt or the open countryside does not in themselves consider the wide-ranging sustainability factors which must underpin new residential allocations. With regards to Green Belt, it is largely a historic designation which does not involve many of the factors that feed into the delivery of sustainable development.	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated evidence base which will consider potential development sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out in national policy. However, depending on the Option chosen, development locations will be suggested in the plan that consider more than Green Belt considerations.
			8	Given that the quantum of employment land required during the plan period is not known (indeed, the duration of the plan period is also not known) then it	The Council is required in line with national policy and the presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out strategic policies for employment development within the Borough Plan review.

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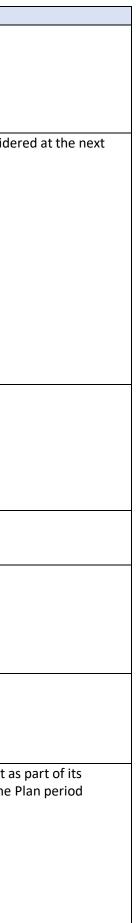
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					cannot be categorically confirmed whether or not green belt	
					release is required to meet employment needs at this stage	
1					of the plan making process.	
					Nevertheless, there is a clear distinction to be made	
					between housing and employment land requirements and	
					the appropriateness or otherwise of	
					locating such developments within the green belt.	
					L&Q Estates supports Option C; Large scale employment	
					uses, such as Class B2/B8 uses, are most appropriately	
					located on the strategic road network, in order to facilitate	
					the requirements of the businesses that occupy such uses	
					but also to minimise conflict with residential dwellings and	
					also minimise their impact upon the wider local road	
					network.	
					This invariably leads to the consideration of sites within the	
					green belt given the relationship with the green belt with	
					the edge of settlements and	
					the strategic road network such as the M6. Such locations	
					are often the most sustainable and also results in the co-	
					location of employment uses as existing employment sites	
					are commonly found in these locations.	
					Regard should nevertheless be had to the requirements of	
					the NPPF for green belt boundaries to endure beyond the	
					plan period, which, as set out previously should be a longer	
					plan period.	
				9	L&Q estates confirm that the approach toward employment	Comments noted and preference for option C.
					land should follow Option C as set out in Q8 above. Such an	
					approach is also appropriate for the hierarchy for identifying	
					housing land.	
					Option 2 consisting of small scale, sustainable urban	
					extensions focused on key transport infrastructure (e.g. the	
					M6, A roads, railway stations,	
					cycle routes etc) represents the most sustainable option	
					being unconstrained by existing policy designations such as	
					Green Belt and reflecting the key nodes on the transport	
				10	network which are generally the most sustainable locations. No comment.	Noted.
				10	The 3 options identified include small scale sustainable	Comments noted.
					urban extensions focused on key transport infrastructure	
					which includes the M6 and A roads.	
					With the pressure on the Borough Council to deliver housing	
					both to meet its own needs, reflect economic factors and	
					potentially persist in meeting Coventry's requirement for	
					additional housing, land west of the A444 provides an	
					opportunity to deliver a small scale sustainable urban	
					extension falling within Option 2. This would also ensure	
					that meeting the need for housing in Coventry was located	
					close to where that need was generated.	



Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				The other options are unlikely to deliver enough housing to	
				meet needs.	
			13	L&Q Estates recognises the importance, but has concerns	Comments are noted.
				with regards to setting targets for tree planting in large scale	
				developments. A target-based approach could result in	
				inappropriately designed developments simply to fulfil	
				targets. Tress should be included on a site-by-site basis. The	
				NPPF does not require or support tree planting targets.	
			14	As above, should be provided where appropriate and not on	Noted.
				a blanket basis.	
			15	In planning terms 'major development'.	Noted.
			16	See Q13.	Noted.
			20	It is considered that it is not necessary to update Policy SA1	Position and explanation noted.
			-	to provide a greater emphasis on the importance of walking	
				and cycling infrastructure in general terms, assuming that	
				site specific policies for	
				individual strategic sites will continue be formulated for new	
				allocations identified through the Local Plan Review. Site	
				specific policies are clearer than an overarching policy which	
				provides vague and general support,	
			21	As the out in the I&O document, despite not required by	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next
				policy HS2, electric	stage of the Borough Plan review.
				vehicle charing points are required through the adopted Air	
				Quality SPD and	
				emerging Transport Demand Management Matters –	
				Parking Standards SPD. L&Q Estates is therefore of the view	
				that policy HS2 should accordingly be	
				updated to reflect the latest requirements of the council's	
				SPDs.	
			22	See responses to questions 20 and 21 above.	Noted.
			23	NPPF does not stipulate a percentage gain required.	Comments noted.
				Whilst L&Q Estates is aware of the Environment Bill which is	
				currently making its way through Parliament, this bill has not	
				been enacted and therefore does	
				not constitute a legal requirement at this time. indeed, if this	
				was the case, the July 2021 NPPF would reflect this, but it	
				does not.	
				It is therefore considered that it is not appropriate at this	
				stage for the new Borough plan to require a 10% biodiversity	
				net gain. However, should the	
				Environment Bill progress to a point where it becomes	
				statute and a point of law during the formulation of the local	
				plan then this position should be revisited.	
			24	Delaying the production of design codes to beyond	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next
				the plan-making stage does not provide certainty for those	stage of the Borough Plan review.
				responsible for delivering the developments to which thew	
				design cods relate.	
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					From experience on a national basis that development plans	
					are adopted with a promise for further details to be	
					provided through an SPD which then isn't forthcoming.	
					Design codes should be provided at the plan making stage	
					wherever possible.	
				25	L&Q Estates considered that the broad options available to	This comment has been noted and will be conside
					provide a strategy for new development within the borough	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					have been identified in the issues and options document.	
					However, it is necessary through production of the evidence	
					base and engagement with key stakeholders including	
					developers and landowners that the options are defined to	
					provide the most sustainable future	
					for the borough. This should be the principle objective of the	
					local plan strategy and it should not, as a principle, be	
					unduly fettered by introducing principles such as not	
					considering green belt release, which could undermine the	
					fundamental objective of delivering new development in	
					locations that will	
					provide the most sustainable pattern of growth.	
				26	The fundamental issue for the local plan is to provide for	Comments noted.
					sufficient housing to meet a growth in population and	
					deliver the jobs necessary not only for the	
					Borough but contribute towards the prosperity of the whole	
					region. The emerging plan should acknowledge the key	
					locational advantage NBBC has through providing suitable	
					sites to meet need.	
				28	Question 4 Option 3 – L&Q Estates dispute the scoring in	Comments noted.
					several aspects	
					Question 8 – broadly supportive.	
53			Longford		Duplicate response	
			Community			
			Action for			
			our			
			Neighbourho od			
54	Mr	SM		N/A	Attached response not attached	Noted.
					Lack of consideration of District Centres	
					Objects to HSG10 but if it goes forward, needs to have GP,	
					shops, school and facilities.	
55	Mr	GS	Bellway	1	The start date for the Local Plan should be based on the	The Council is not considering a new settlement as
			Homes	-	anticipated timescales for Publication of the Plan, rather	options and therefore does not consider that the F
			(written by		than the adoption date of the Plan as suggested in the	should extend beyond 2038.
			Marrons		consultation document. This would suggest the start year	
			Planning on		should be 2021 given that	
			their behalf)		the Plan is published in January 2022, which means the	
					housing supply data will likely be taken from the 1st April	
1		1		1	in the set of the set	
					2021. In so doing, the housing requirement (calculated using	



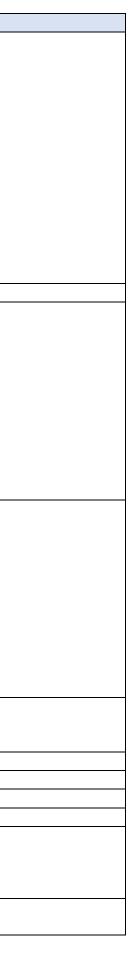
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					household growth projections and housing affordability	
					data, which takes account of past delivery.	
					In terms of an end date for the Local Plan, the NPPF states	
					that strategic policies should look ahead over a <u>minimum</u> of	
					15 years.	
					Preparing a plan for a longer time period will allow for	
					flexibility should plan making slip due to unforeseen events.	
					Therefore, it is suggested that the Plan period should be up	
					to 2041. This would provide flexibility and a long term	
					approach to the delivery of growth, which could support the	
					allocation of strategic sites should these form part of the	
					spatial strategy.	
					NPPF Para 22 sets policies should set a longer term vision (at	
					least 30 years) for significant extension to towns and	
					villages.	
				2	The Plan period should therefore be 2021 to 2041.	
				2	The Framework is clear, evidence should be up to date,	Comments noted and will be considered at the next stage of the
					adequate and relevant to the policies in the Plan, taking into account market signals (para 31).	local plan review.
					On this basis, all of the Council's evidence base should be	
					reviewed, to consider whether it needs updating.	
				3	HEDNA	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where
						necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points concerning
					SHLAA will need updating. Bellway Homes have submitted a	the referenced documents are noted.
					new site at Plough Hill Road, Nuneaton for consideration.	
					The Council is encouraged to take account of, and rely upon,	
					robust evidence put	
					forward by promoters for Site's which would lessen the	
					evidential burden of the preparation of the Plan.	
					The Local Plan will need to promote sustainable patterns of	
					development and therefore	
					be informed by an up-to-date evidence base that has	
					assessed the locations which have the greatest opportunity	
					to promote walking, cycling and public transport to	
					employment, shopping, leisure, education and other	
					activities (paragraph 104 of the	
					Framework).	
					All emerging policies will need to be tested for viability	
					purposes to ensure they do not	
					undermine the deliverability of the Plan. The evidence base	
				1	will need to be updated. No comment.	Noted.
				4	No comment.	Noted.
				6	No comment.	Noted.
				7	No comment. National policy on changing Green Belt boundaries (para	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated
					141) is clear in that before changes can be justified, the	evidence base which will consider potential development sites
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
Ket	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments Council must demonstrate it has examined fully all other reasonable options for meeting its identified need for development. In preparing this Plan, the Council must therefore prioritise meeting its need in the existing urban areas. followed by land in the countryside that is not Green Belt (Option 1). The option is also the most sustainable having regard to the SA. The need to promote sustainable patterns of development must be taken into account, but non Green Belt locations should still be fully examined first of all. The comments are noted. around the potential capacity of	Officer Response against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set ou policy. However, depending on the Option chosen locations will be suggested in the plan that conside Green Belt considerations.
					the existing urban areas which need to be clearly evidenced	
				0	in order to inform the preparation of the Plan. No comment.	Noted.
				8 9	The settlement hierarchy of the adopted Plan is still relevant and appropriate to guide future development. Nuneaton should remain at the top of any settlement hierarchy.	Comments noted.
				10	Agreed - It would be appropriate to review the status of existing allocated sites, and consider removing the allocation if the site is no longer deliverable or developable.	Comments noted.
				11	Option 1 – not a realistic option without evidence to support the assertion that no further allocations on greenfield land will be necessary on the basis that the Council's housing requirement would simply be its local housing need figure calculated using the standard method (429dpa), and that there are sufficient commitments and brownfield regeneration sites coming forward to support this.	Preference for Option 2 is noted.
					The consultation document refers to a greater assumption going forward about windfall provision. Caution is urged should a forensic urban capacity assessment be undertaken, as this could result in double counting if windfalls are then to be relied upon going forward.	
					However, caution is particularly advised at using the standard method figure solely prior to completion of the revised HEDNA.	
					Assumptions are also made about the likelihood of the Duty to Co-Operate (DtC) being abolished which means that the Council will not have to take account of any housing needs that can't be met by neighbouring authorities.	

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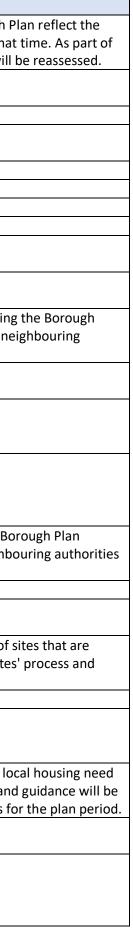
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					Option 2 which allows for small scale sustainable urban extensions focussed on key transport infrastructure (presumably in addition to locating development within the urban boundary) is therefore favoured in order to provide greater flexibility in ensuring the housing requirement is met. Bellway Homes controls land to the East of Plough Hill Road, Nuneaton, which is capable of delivering circa 170 homes. The land would be a suitable allocation in accordance with Option 2 for several reasons. Should a combination of Option 1 and 2 not be sufficient to	
					meet housing requirements, allocations in sustainable non Green Belt areas should be considered as suggested in Option 3.	
				12	No comment.	Noted.
				13	The encouragement of tree planting in new developments is welcome, provided that the amount, type, and location of trees is carefully considered. Any target in terms of area or number of trees will need to be consistent with the quantum of development required to ensure both can satisfactorily be accommodated (alongside other Requirements. One of the barriers to planting of trees in new development is the burden of commuted sums towards their maintenance, and a flexible approach to long term management is encouraged.	Comments noted.
				14	Orchards of a scale commensurate with the development would be an appropriate typology for open space provided that this takes the place (wholly or in part) of other open space typology requirements expected on development already. If not, a consequence may be reduced capacity on allocated sites and the requirement to allocate additional land. The Council may therefore wish to consider offsetting the requirement for orchards on new developments to land which it controls elsewhere.	Comments noted.
				15	It is suggested that tree planting should be encouraged within all developments in accordance with the Framework irrespective of scale.	Noted.
				16	No comment.	Noted.
				17	No comment.	Noted.
				18	No comment.	Noted.
				19	No comment.	Noted.
				20	Greater emphasis on cycling and walking connections in determining the location of new development is welcomed, in accordance with the requirement in Chapter 9 of the Framework.	Support is noted.
				21	As the consultation document points out, building regulations are likely to be amended	Noted.



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				22 23	by 2023 at the latest to require vehicle charging points. Given that the local plan will be adopted in 2023, it is not necessary to duplicate regulation. No comment. The Framework provides for biodiversity net gains as a minimum. The Environment Bill is likely to require new development to meet 10% biodiversity net gain as a minimum.	Noted. Noted.
				24	Again, the Borough plan should be cautious about duplicating regulation. Whether a design code is an SPD depends upon the purpose of the design code, whether it is Council or Developer lead or prepared jointly. Design codes should be informed by the National Model Design Code and in accordance with the requirements of the Framework.	Comment noted and will be fed into next stage of the review of the Plan.
				25	The issues identified are broadly correct, however the Plan should be alive to revising these as evidence is prepared and published, e.g. the revised HEDNA.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
				28	Table 11 Q11 In the absence of any evidence, it is not possible to conclude the existing settlements will generate sufficient new housing within their boundaries to provide decent housing for all. Therefore Option 1 is unlikely to result in a positive significant effect on housing as set out in Table 11 – Question 11. There is more likely to be a significant negative effect if unmet housing needs persist in the Borough. It is also unclear why Option 2 would have a negative effect on waste generation, whereas Option 1 would have a positive effect.	Noted.
56	Mr	KM	Woodlands Action Group	1	Agreed with housing targets for local need (minus MOU).	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring authorities to address cross-boundary issues.
				2	Suggests review of most of the existing evidence.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
				3	Independent ecology reports should be undertaken on sites such as HSG4.	Noted.
				4	Option 1 given some are not already occupied, with scope for extension.	Comment noted.
				5	Near developments already being built. Jobs should be put ahead of housing without infrastructure.	Comment noted.
				6	Option 1 (except town centres).	Comment noted.
				7	The current plan damages the Green Belt and countryside. HSG4 should be looked at again.	Comment noted.
				8	Seek extension to existing employment sites as stated in question 4.	Comment noted.
				9	See Q5.	Noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
		•		10	Yes. HSG4 is unsustainable and an ecological disaster only in	Noted. The sites allocated in the extant Borough P
I					plan due to MOU.	requirements set out within this document at that the review of the Borough Plan requirements will l
				11	Option 2 but with care and consideration for existing residents.	Comment noted.
				12	Town centres.	Noted.
				13	Yes and existing roads should be checked for high levels of	Noted.
l.					pollution.	
				16	Targets should be set.	Noted.
				17	C3 should be added to town centres.	Noted.
				20	Yes.	Noted.
				21	With petrol and diesel cars being phased out it's a must.	Comment noted.
				22	They should be updated to provide more EVCP for the future.	Noted.
				23	Maybe an independent biodiversity expert should review sites.	Noted.
				25	The MOU needs sending back to Coventry.	Noted. Comments noted. The Council in preparing Plan review has a legal duty to co-operate with ne authorities to address cross-boundary issues.
				26	Sites currently in the plan should be put on hold from planning consent until the MOU situation is assessed.	Noted.
I				27	The Woodlands Action Group gained 10144 signatures in 1997 to return Bedworth Woodlands to the Green Belt, which was and hope will again be Council policy.	Noted.
57		M&PM		N/A	Objection to School Lane/Bowling Green Lane being used for industrial use. Two schools nearby. Existing industrial estate in Bayton Road with empty units. Green fields are necessary for the health of the nation.	Comments noted.
58	Mr	RM		2	Yes. More appraisal required on the MOU with Coventry.	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Bo review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbo to address cross-boundary issues.
				3	Yes we need a biodiversity appraisal.	Noted.
				4	Option 1 where space is available and Option 3 if schools or existing housing is unaffected.	Comments noted.
				7	Option 3 as the Green Belt is unlikely to be a sustainable place.	Any Green Belt sites will be considered in light of s submitted to the Council through the 'call for sites dependent on the Council's chosen Option.
				8	Option 3.	Noted.
				9	Commuting to the workplace/schools/retail needs to be factored into the selection of land for development. This should include access to main routes.	Noted.
				10	Yes. Don't believe the MOU with Coventry has been fully appraised, and we are now potentially building 4k more houses than we need.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
				11	Those with the ability to create much needed green spaces in our already over-subscribed population.	Comment noted.
				13	No, we need a balanced Eco system and a balanced biodiversity plan. Meadows sequester carbon into the ground. Reed beds supply important habitat and water improvement. Plant trees in in right places Not at the demise	Comments noted.



Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					of other habitats. Remember trees store carbon during their	
					life cycle and release it if cut or dying.	
				14	Why not (no further comment given).	Noted.
				15	1.5 acres for sport or retail/industrial development. Would	Noted.
					consider 400 social housing to be large scale as a proportion	
					percentage of our borough size.	
				16	Yes but see above.	Noted.
				17	Set out that use classes E and C3 are acceptable.	Noted.
				23	Yes we have a density index of 1.65 per Sq kilometre and are	Noted.
					ranked 175 in population density.	
				24	Yes they are a key mechanism to deliver high quality	Noted.
					sustainable places, in combination with other documents.	
					We have the lowest number of nature reserves in the whole	
					of the county. An issue ignored by the planning department.	
					See Sustainability Report.	
				25	Questions Coventry's estimates especially including students	Noted.
					in the population growth.	
				28	Paragraph D6.1	Comments noted.
				_	Nuneaton and Bedworth have the lowest number of nature	
					reserves in the county.	
					The lowest accessibility to woodlands.	
					We are the only area of Warwickshire which does not	
					contain a WWT site.	
59	Miss	SM		1	As it is the minimum yes.	Noted.
				2	I would think it needs to be updated to adapt to changes	New evidence base will be commissioned as part of the later stages
					brought about by the pandemic and Brexit. I personally have	of the Borough Plan review process.
					little faith in some of the evidence and figures presented to	
					justify the borough plan when it was originally conceived.	
				3	I would like to see Employment, Transport, Housing, Health	Comments noted.
					updated, as these where inadequate during the first	
					consultation. Too much housing and industrial development	
					with insufficient Health, Transport and Education build into	
					the plan.	
				4	None of these options. Would like to see significantly less	Noted.
					new employment areas but improvement and regeneration	
					of existing sites with much improved transport links.	
				5	As far as I'm aware the Bayton Road industrial estate is half	Comments noted.
					empty. So if it is not fit for purpose, regenerate it, rather	
					than destroying greenbelt land and further destroying our	
					ecosystem and biodiversity. To build on the land in Bowling	
					Green Lane, a pretty little area, with history and serving as a	
					division between Ash Green/Exhall and Bedworth and a vital	
					area for wildlife and nature, is criminal.	
				6	Option 3 (no explanation given).	Noted.
				7	Option 1.	Noted.
				8	Option A.	Noted.
				9	The impact on the people that live there.	Noted.
				10	Yes, I think all allocated sites should be reviewed because	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
				10	the figures the plans were based upon were inaccurate and	assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
					did not take into account current birth rates, rates of people	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period.
					and not take into account current birth rates, rates of people	prepared to deriver a sumclent supply of nomes for the plan period.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					moving into the area, now we are post pandemic and early	
					Brexit, those figures will have changed, I suspect	
					dramatically.	
				11	Option 3.	Noted.
				13	Yes.	Noted.
				14	Yes.	Noted.
				15	Any development which removes established trees or	Noted.
					destroys countryside or greenbelt should be planting trees	
					and including meadows for insects.	
				16	Considers a tree planting target the least NBBC can do.	Noted.
				17	Option 3.	Noted.
				19	Option B.	Noted.
				20	Probably.	Noted.
				21	As above.	Noted.
				22	Only opinion on transport is on buses. The bus services need	The Borough Plan review seeks to ensure that mor
					improving.	modes of travel are accessible, and development is
						appropriate places to reduce the need to travel.
				23	More biodiversity. Wildlife in local area declining. Climate	Noted.
					and biodiversity should be a priority in the Council's	
				24	development plans.	Commont noted
				24	Yes great idea to have codes, the borough need more beauty.	Comment noted.
				25	Probably.	Noted.
				26	Open spaces and parks, currently the existing ones outside	This comment has been noted and will be consider
				20	of the town centres are horribly neglected and out of date.	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					They are so important but I do not think the existing one	stage of the borough har review.
					meet the diverse needs of residents. Perhaps a separate	
					consultation on improving existing and future open spaces	
					would be of use.	
60		AH	Coventry and	1	The plan period of 15 years is in line with the minimum	Comments noted.
			Warwickshir		specified under the National Planning Policy Framework and	
			e Clinical		therefore is acceptable to the CCG because the anticipated	
			Commissioni		growth is not such that new settlements will be created.	
			ng Group	2	The CCG recognises that it is appropriate to undertake an	Comments noted.
			(CCG)		immediate review of the adopted Borough Plan following	
					the publication of the updated National Planning Policy	
					Framework (NPPF) to provide assurance that the adopted	
					plan is in line with the latest updated NPPF guidance.	
				3	The CCG requests that the associated health and wellbeing	Comments are noted and a new evidence base wil
					strategy and associated evidence base is considered. In	commissioned as part of the later stages of the Bo
					addition the NHS Long Term Plan has set a clear future	review process.
					direction of travel for the NHS in England and building on the	
					national strategic aims outlined within Five Year Forward	
					View and General Practice Forward View places strong	
					emphasis on the need to expand and strengthen primary	
					and wider out-of hospital care. Development (including	
					community and health infrastructure) that supports	
					innovations in patient care, increased use of technology and integration of health, wellbeing and wider community	
					services to develop community wellbeing and cohesion is	
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					key to delivering the vision detailed in the Local Plan issues	
					and options document.	
				4	The CCG does not favour a specific option but requests that	Comments noted.
					the assessment of all employment location options needs to	
					consider the proximity of the residential areas for the	
					employment.	
				6	The CCG does not have a view for dealing with non-	No option selected but comments made are noted.
					employment uses on existing industrial estates. The CCG is	
					aware that healthcare delivery is in some areas increasingly	
					provided from converted retail and industrial units and	
					where need and funding is identified would support this use,	
					following the standard NHS England health delivery site	
					planning processes.	
				7	The CCG has a duty to ensure that primary medical care	No preferred option selected but comments regarding the factors
					(General Practice) infrastructure is adequately provided for	which need to be considered for the location of new housing is
					within the Section 106/Community Infrastructure Levy	noted and will be considered at the next stage of the review.
					framework and that funding of future health provision and	
					access is not compromised through housing development	
					and population growth.	
					Location of new residential areas need to consider; wider	
					health service infrastructure; strong partnerships better	
					community services; good public transportation; air	
				0	pollution and availability of green spaces.	Natad
				8	Please refer to response above. No specific option favoured but requests that the assessment of all employment location	Noted.
					options needs to consider the proximity of the residential	
					areas for the employment.	
				9	No comment.	Noted.
				10	The CCG has undertaken planning working closely with the	Comments noted and will be considered at the next stage of the
				10	Borough Council. Any review of allocated sites, where there	review.
					is a major change in the allocated sites position may result in	
					significant rework of planning already undertaken by the	
					CCG.	
					There are a number of key health and care messages that	
					need to be considered for any review of allocated sites:	
					Wider health service infrastructure accessibility	
					Models that are concentrated in geographical areas	
					Strong partnerships between community services	
					Community wellbeing	
					Good transportation links	
					Mindful of air pollution and availability of green spaces.	
				11	Please see Q10.	Noted.
				12	See above.	Noted.
				13	The CCG is mindful that broader issues affecting population	Comments noted.
					health and wellbeing, including air pollution/quality and the	
					availability of green spaces, are priorities. Recognising this,	
					the CCG would strongly endorse the direction of net zero	
					carbon and associated sustainability plans.	
				14	See response above to Q13	Noted.
				15	See response above to Q13	Noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				16	See response above to Q13	Noted.
				17	The CCG is aware that healthcare delivery is in some areas	Comments noted.
					increasingly provided from converted retail and industrial	
					units and where need and funding is identified would	
					support this use, following the standard NHS England health	
					delivery site planning processes.	
				18	See Q17.	
				19	See Q17.	
				20	The CCG is supportive of any plan which promotes physical	Support is noted.
					activity and accessibility; both are key determinants of	
					health and wellbeing.	
				21	The CCG is supportive of plans which improve accessibility	Support is noted.
					and the use of greener fuel for transport.	
				23	The CCG recognises that through biodiversity health and	Support is noted.
					wellbeing factors are enhanced, creating improvement in	
					health and wellbeing and is therefore supportive of plans to	
					meet biodiversity gain targets.	
				24	The CCG is supportive of design codes being dealt with	Noted.
					through supplementary planning documents.	
				25	See Q26.	
				26	The CCG would ask the Borough Council to share as much	Comments are noted and taken on board.
				20	information as possible with it at the earliest stage as	
					regards the likely profile of the population arising from any	
					planned housing development. This will assist the CCG's	
					wider planning process by enabling it to understand the	
					likely health needs of the population, as well as the	
					preferred channels of communication of sub-groups within	
					the population, which in turn, allows for more effective	
					service development, delivery, and population engagement.	
					This in particular includes any change from the current	
					housing allocation sites, noting the planned schemes in	
					place responding to housing and population growth.	
			North	N/A	The Council is in general support of the Nuneaton and	The Council in preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal duty
-			Warwickshir		Bedworth Borough Plan Review, Issues and Options	to co-operate with neighbouring authorities to address cross-
			e Borough		consultation 2021. Although disappointing that NBBC state	boundary issues.
			Council		they are withdrawing from the current MOU, at this time	
			council		this is not seen as a major issue. Due to the age of the MoU	
					and the commissioning of further evidence such as the	
					HEDNA, when this is drafted in the autumn this will pave the	
					way for discussions on a future MoU.	
					There are some significant concerns regarding the approach	
					to the provision of housing and the strategic approach that is	
					necessary to address wider housing needs and pressures	
					North Warwickshire Borough notes the concerns raised by	
					the issues and options document but would urge Nuneaton	
					& Bedworth Borough to acknowledge the need to	
					potentially address wider than local housing need and	
					reflect that in the assessment of housing requirement in the	
					Plan and the relationships with and cross-boundary co-	
				l	Fian and the relationships with and tross-boundary co-	

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to address cross-

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					operation with adjoining Local Authorities and the wider sub-region, there may be the necessity and need to address	
					cross border issues such as housing need through joint	
62				4	working partnerships.	
62	Miss	НР		1	A Plan period of 15 years is too long. There will be a need to take account changes in Climate Change, Climate Change	The NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a min from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-t
					legislation, possible changes in Central Government. If the	requirements and opportunities.
					Plan was reviewed every 5 years, then changes in legislation	
					could be incorporated into the Plan.	
				2	The existing evidence base needs to be updated to take into	New evidence base will be commissioned as part of
					account future developments in Climate Change, as well as	of the Borough Plan review process
					existing problems which are being caused by Climate	
				2	Change.	The sites all easted in the extent Densuch Dian well
				3	The amount of housing needs to be updated. Who are the new homes being built for? Is the secondary school on top	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflered requirements set out within this document at that
					farm only for those in the north of Nuneaton or from other	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will
					areas as well?	the review of the borough han requirements with
				4	Option 3 - The A5 is already heavily congested at peak times.	Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plar
					Surrounding roads unable to cope.	before any new development is proposed.
				5	The M6 has better links to the motorway network, so new	Comments noted.
					employment areas should be in this area.	
					More investment into Town Centre would increase	
				6	employment. Option 1. Companies need the option to be able to expand.	Comments noted.
				7	Option 1 - The land on Top Farm is the 'Green Lung' for the	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refl
				/	North of Nuneaton. This will be lost as a result of the	requirements set out within this document at that
					proposed new housing development and secondary school.	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will
					This land needs to be protected. The proposed new housing	The Council is required in line with national policy
					and secondary school will have an impact on the congestion	presumption in favour of sustainable developmen
					of local roads, and levels of pollution.	strategic policies for new development within the
					Traffic concerns and wildlife concerns.	review. This includes consideration of Green Belt I
						other reasonable options for meeting identified ne development have been fully examined.
				8	Option A. But prioritise land closer to the M6, and/or the	Preference is noted.
				0	M6/M69 junction.	
l				9	Selecting land for development will need to consider Climate	Comment noted.
l					Change and Climate Change legislation.	
				10	Agreed. Opposed to housing on Top Farm and need to	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
					expand school places in local area.	requirements set out within this document at that
						the review of the Borough Plan requirements will
				11	Look at increasing the housing on land closer to the M6/M69	Comment noted.
					junction. This would provide better access to the motorway network, than the A5.	
				12	Consider the area around Ansty, Shilton for more housing. It	Comment noted.
					is closer to Coventry. Also provides easy access to	
					Leicestershire, via the M6/M69 junction.	
				13	The targets should be based on the number of trees. Top	Noted.
					Farm is an ideal candidate for this. It is suitable for	
					increasing the number of trees, which would offset the	
					polluting effects of the Leicester Road gyratory, and the	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					increase in traffic on Higham Lane, Weddington Road and	
					the A5.	
				14	Yes. It will provide food for local residents and wildlife. The	Noted.
					trees would provide wildlife with nesting sites and shelter.	
				15	Developments that have already been built in Weddington,	Any policy included in the Plan review would be ap
					Higham Lane and the Long Shoot, are all suitable for	developments. It is unable to request retrospective
					orchards. They would qualify for an orchard each.	from extant/built out planning permissions.
				16	We need a lot of new trees, as a lot have been lost, as a	Noted.
					result of development, disease. There should be no upper	
					limit for tree planting. The same principle should also apply	
					to hedgerows.	
				17	Both Options 3 and 4 would be acceptable. People who need	Comments are noted.
					Council housing and affordable housing, need to have these	
					homes closer to the Town Centre. This would avoid the need	
					to pay for bus fares and/or taxi fares. They would also be	
					closer to amenities such as the library, railway station,	
					shops.	
i.				18	The present library is important architecturally. The old St.	Noted.
					Nicolas Parish Hall, holds a lot of memories for the older	
					citizens of Nuneaton. As it has parking facilities, it could be	
					re-used by local Arts' groups.	
				19	Option B - This would allow important existing features of	Comments noted.
					the Town Centre to be retained. It would also give the	
					option of putting housing above the shops. There are too	
					many takeaways.	
				20	This would not work in Higham Lane as it cannot be widened	It is noted that this would not be a 'one size first al
					any more. Reliant on public transport or taxis.	the Council does amend the policies it would suppo
						importance of cycling and walking more generally.
				21	Agreed – every new home/business.	Noted.
				22	Ideally option 3.	Noted.
				23	Yes. Also the removal of hedgerows/healthy trees to be	Support and comment noted.
					banned. Even dead trees can provide important shelter for	
					wildlife.	
				24	No - new building designs incorporate nesting holes for	Noted.
					swifts/bats.	
				25	Mostly.	Noted.
				26	The development of Top Farm needs to be considered from	Noted.
					an environmental and ecological/bio diversity aspect for	
					several reasons (wildlife corridor/congestion/flooding and	
					drainage.	
				28	Page 15 Table 3 - Any increase in Public transport, private	Noted.
					car use, and truck use will automatically increase both	
					pollution and negative impacts on Air quality.	
					I can't see how this will change. It is more likely to get worse	
					when you build more houses, in already highly-congested	
I.					areas.	
					The road layouts of Higham Lane, Hinckley Road and Old	
l					Hinckley Road, would make improvements for cycling and	
					walking difficult, - if not impossible.	

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63		Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
	Mr	DP		1	Yes.	The NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a mini
					The evidence changes too quickly to allow a longer period.	from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-te requirements and opportunities.
				2	Yes.	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Bor
					For example the requirement to help address Coventry's	review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbo
					housing need has been called into question by the Office Of	to address cross-boundary issues.
					Statistics Regulation report of May 2021, which queries the	
					city's future population growth forecast.	
				3	Yes - the Joint Green Belt Study 2015 which was relied on as	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and
					evidence at the Borough Plan inquiry is a deeply-flawed	necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Poin
					document. Especially true with parcel BE5.	the Green Belt Study (2015) are noted.
				4	Option 1 - It would be inadvisable to adopt Option 3 to	Comments and preference for option 1 is noted.
					provide more employment near to	
					junction 3 of the M6. This junction is already inadequate for	
					the amount of traffic it	
					carries, and the resulting congestion causes traffic to divert	
				_	on to the local road network, affecting residential areas.	
				5	Requirement for 107.8 hectares should eb re-examined – likely to be too high.	Noted.
				6	Option 5 – treat on a site but site basis.	Noted.
				7	Option 1 – Building in the Green Belt should always be a last	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of a
					resort. Objects to allocation EMP2. The presumption should	evidence base which will consider potential develo
					always be against development in the Green Belt unless	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set our
					there	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen,
					are truly exceptional circumstances.	locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
						Green Belt considerations.
				8	Option A for reasons set out above.	Comments noted.
				10	Agreed. Coventry's statistics need updating so housing	Comments noted. Careful consideration will need t
					numbers likely to be reduced in reality plus decline in retail	appropriate housing requirement to be contained
					use.	Borough Plan Review
				11	Option 1 – In order to help improve the environment within existing settlements.	Noted.
				13	Yes, Should be based on a combination of area and both	Comment noted.
					number and type of trees.	
				14	Yes.	Noted.
				16	No, option 3 is unacceptable.	Noted.
				17	All classes E, A4, A5, F1 and C3 should be acceptable, to help	Comments noted and will be considered at the nex
					revitalise town centres.	Plan review.
				20	Yes.	Noted.
				21	No – EV not going to be used long term. Should invest in	Comments noted.
					hydrogen re-fuelling infrastructure.	
				22	No (no further explanation given).	Noted.
				23	Should be 20%.	Comment noted.
				24	Yes but only if SPDs are given legal weight otherwise it's a waste of resources.	Comment noted.
				25	No – Open space and heritage protection should be included.	Comments noted and will be fed into the next stag Plan review.
				26	Site EMP7 should be re-examined. The traffic infrastructure	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
				20	is inadequate.	requirements set out within this document at that
						the review of the Borough Plan requirements will b

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flect the It time. As part of I be reassessed.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response				
					EMP2 should also be re-examined – it's removal from the					
					Green Belt was illogical and unjustified.					
64	Mr P	Mr	PR	PR	Greenlight	1	The Council assumes the new Borough Plan will be	The Council is not considering a new settlement a		
			Developmen	Limited however, this does not factor in any time for slippage.	options and therefore does not consider that the					
			ts Limited			should extend beyond 2038.				
	(written by PDR PlanningA more appropriate period, consistent with the currentBorough Plan (2011- 2031) would be over 20 years, (2023 –									
			on their		2043) to allow for any slippage in programme.					
			behalf)	2	The Green Belt Review has methodological flaws. Greenlight	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of				
					Developments has concerns over the approach, notably;	evidence base which will consider potential develo				
					Excessive size of land parcels - In the case of Greenlight's	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set our				
					land interest, although the site it is located within parcel	policy. However, depending on the Option choser				
					NG5, it only occupies 12% of its total area. As a result, no	locations will be suggested in the plan that conside Green Belt considerations.				
					realistic conclusions can be drawn from the Study because the site itself has not been properly assessed against the	Green Beit considerations.				
					purposes of Green Belt and thus its impacts have been					
					overstated as if the site represented the whole Green Belt					
					parcel as opposed to just a modest strip (bounded by					
					existing hedgerows) on the edge of an existing urban area.					
					Many of the higher scores to the whole parcel could not,					
					legitimately, apply just to the Greenlight site.					
						Methodological concerns about how the criteria for				
						assessing purposes have been applied with respect to				
						specific parcels; and				
					A failure to apply the tests in Paragraphs 84 and 85 of the					
					NPPF to the review of Green Belt boundaries in the Plan.					
					In addition, the SHLAA and SA needs up-dating. We note the					
				-	HEDNA is to be produced by late 2021.					
				3	See above response.	Noted.				
				4	No comments.					
				5	No comments.					
				6	No comment.					
				7	Option 3 - Within the current Plan, 15 sites were removed	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of				
					from the Green Belt and allocated for housing; it has already been established the release of Green Belt land in the most	evidence base which will consider potential develo				
				sustainable locations (consistent with the settlement	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set our policy. However, depending on the Option chosen,					
									hierarchy) is required to meet the Council's housing needs.	locations will be suggested in the plan that consi
					inclurency is required to incer the council s housing needs.	Green Belt considerations.				
				8	No comment.					
				9	The settlement hierarchy established under Policy DS2 of the	Comments noted.				
					current Plan, provides a reasonable hierarchy for selecting					
					land for development. Within the current Plan, Nuneaton					
					has seen considerable development directed to it; within the					
					new Plan, this growth could be redirected to the Borough's					
					other settlements, which includes the 'Northern fringe' of					
					Coventry.					
					Paragraph 6.8 of the supporting text to Policy DS2 states,					
					"The main spatial areas of Nuneaton, Bedworth, Bulkington					
					and the northern Coventry fringe are the most sustainable					

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					<i>locations for growth."</i> Any options for locating new residential development in the new Plan should build upon this established hierarchy.	
				10	The response sets out in turn an assessment of each of the Council's strategic sites: HSG1/HSG2/HSG3/HSG7/HSG10 concluding that a number of the strategic sites are not delivering as envisaged by the Council, therefore, it is imperative as part of the Plan review that, these sites are reviewed to reassess the suitability for allocation, or at the very least, a re-evaluation of the delivery rates over the Plan	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period.
				11	 period. At present, the Council cannot meet the requirements of NPPF Paragraph 65. Greenlight fails to recognise how the Council can formulate and consult upon credible spatial options for the future delivery of housing, if it does not know the level that needs to be delivered; the approach being undertaken is premature in this regard. Paragraph 7.10 of the Issues & Options Consultation Draft places an increased reliance from the Council on windfalls in urban areas (urban capacity is going to solve the housing supply issues). Regard is had to Paragraph 70 of the NPPF Paragraph 170 of the IR on the Examination of the Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Plan (9th April 2019), confirms that a forecast contribution of 247 dwellings from windfall sources over the last ten years of the plan period is soundly based; supporting the adopted Borough Plan's windfall allowance of 22 dwellings per year. This windfall allowance of 22 dwellings per year is used in the Council's five year housing land supply calculation as of 1st April 2020 (dated, 15th July 2020). The Council has not provided any compelling evidence to justify any significant increase in its windfall allowance; simply relying upon a generalist approach based on 	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period.
				12	assumption. Growth needs to be supported in the Borough in the plan period to assist with the need to provide housing for the Coventry and Warwickshire and the Greater Birmingham housing market areas. As such, in this context, the Council should commit to the approach in the adopted Plan, to deliver Coventry's unmet need; the same approach North Warwickshire has taken in its current Local Plan review.	Comments noted.
				25	Broadly yes- However, the Council needs to formulate a development strategy, albeit it is recognised that, this cannot be formulated until the level of housing that needs to be delivered is known; at present it is not.	Comments noted, response as per Q11.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				28	As per Greenlight's response to Question 11 (above), Greenlight fails to recognise how the Council can formulate and consult upon credible spatial options for the future delivery of housing, if it does not know the level that needs to be delivered; the approach being undertaken is premature in this regard (this equally applies to the SA).	Comments noted.
65	Mrs/ Mr	J&MR		N/A	 We would like to voice our objection to the proposed planning permission for 398 houses on Hospital Lane. This land regularly floods, and the Government has issued a statement declaring land liable to flooding should not be used for housing. There are other areas on brown sites which could be used for small amounts of housing without this greenbelt land being used. There is already no capacity at the local schools and GP surgeries and Bedworth's infrastructure is not suitable for such a huge planning project. 	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle requirements set out within this document at that the review of the Borough Plan requirements will I
66	66 Mr LW	LW	Phoenix Projects Ltd	1	 No. The current Borough Plan allocates a number of large sites for housing development at the edges of existing towns and villages. The consultation paper acknowledges that a number of these sites have not come forward in terms of the submission of any planning applications (HSG2 Arbury; HSG4 Woodlands; HSG5 Hospital Lane; HSG7 East of Bulkington for a total of 2,808 dwellings) despite the fact that the Plan was adopted in 2019. Given the potential number of additional dwellings which need to be provided in the Borough in addition to the current allocations it is inevitable that there will be 	The NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a min from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-to requirements and opportunities. The Council is no new settlement as part of its options and therefore consider that the Plan period should extend beyon
				2	 proposals for large scale extensions to some of the existing towns and villages. Accordingly it is considered that a longer timescale than 2023 – 2038. It is suggested that a twenty year timeframe should be adopted i.e. 2023 to 2043. Yes. The existing evidence base will need to be updated to 	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reasses
					reflect the findings of the 2021 census and the requirements to meet some of the needs of neighbouring authorities which cannot meet their needs within their administrative boundaries.	where necessary as part of the Borough Plan revie
				7	We support option 3 to accommodate additional development needed to meet the longer term needs of the Borough, namely to prioritise the most sustainable locations regardless of whether it is designated urban area, green belt or countryside.	Noted. The Council is required in line with nationa presumption in favour of sustainable development strategic policies for new development within the review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la other reasonable options for meeting identified ne development have been fully examined.
					In considering potential sites for housing or other development a difficult balancing exercise needs to be undertaken and therefore all potential sites for development should be considered irrespective of their planning designations e.g. green belt.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				10	Yes. We agree that there should be a review of existing allocated sites given that a number of large sites are not yet the subject of planning applications. This accounts to more than 20% of the total requirement over the current Local Plan period. Sites should only be allocated for development where they can be delivered within the plan period.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
				11	We support spatial option 3 at Q7, namely to prioritise the most sustainable locations regardless of whether it is designated urban area, green belt or countryside. Sustainability is the key principle behind the planning system and once land has been developed for housing it will continue to be used for that purpose in perpetuity. Accordingly it is imperative that the most sustainable sites are brought forward for development in order to meet this objective.	Noted. The Council is required in line with national policy and the presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out strategic policies for new housing development within the Borough Plan review.
				12	As well as some large scale allocations to meet the longer term housing needs of the Borough it will be important to allocate small sites at the edges of sustainable settlements. The business community has identified a need for executive or aspirational homes and sites should be considered for these, as well as for affordable and other types of housing. The allocation of some smaller sites will help smaller local builders who cannot afford to purchase large sites.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
67	Mr	MO	Pinnacle Planning on behalf of Richborough Estates	1	Updated census information will be made available in March 2022, which is around the time that the consultation on the Publication Version will be coming to a close, based on the current timetable. In light of this, Richborough is of the view that it is unlikely that the Borough Plan will be adopted prior to the end of 2023, which means that the strategic policies will only look ahead 14 years from adoption. The strategic policies, including the vision, should therefore be amended to look ahead to 2039 at the earliest, which would mean planning for additional dwellings.	This comment re timings has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				2	Richborough supports the preparation of the HEDNA and the aim to obtain the most up to date information on housing need and typologies. Once the HEDNA has been published, and the figures have been adjusted for the census outputs, the Regulation 18 consultation should be repeated. Only at that point can informed decisions of a strategic nature be made. Much of the evidence base will require a full update.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points concerning the HEDNA and SHMA are noted, as are the comments on an additional Regulation consultation which will be considered as part of the Council's Local Development Scheme.
				7	Richborough supports 'Option 1', as proposed within Question 7, which prioritises the existing urban areas of the Borough followed by land in the countryside that is not Green Belt, and then Green Belt land. This is on the basis that the land outside of the Green Belt is considered to be sustainable and deliverable as well as being capable of meeting needs in full as part of a sustainable strategy for development. Prior to the publication of the HEDNA and the assessment of non-Green Belt options, the required	Noted. The Council is required in line with national policy and the presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out strategic policies for new development within the Borough Plan review. This includes consideration of Green Belt land where all other reasonable options for meeting identified needs for development have been fully examined.

tant Borough Plan reflect the this document at that time. As part of lan requirements will be reassessed.
ed in line with national policy and the stainable development to set out using development within the Borough
ed and will be considered at the next eview.
s been noted and will be considered at gh Plan review.
will be reassessed and updated where ough Plan review. Points concerning oted, as are the comments on an Itation which will be considered as part opment Scheme.
ed in line with national policy and the stainable development to set out velopment within the Borough Plan eration of Green Belt land where all r meeting identified needs for y examined.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Exceptional Circumstances for Green Belt realignment have not been demonstrated.	
				10	Richborough support the preparation of a the HEDNA and is of the view that the standard method figure of 429 dwellings for N&BBC represents only the 'starting point'. In accordance with paragraph 61 of the NPPF, as well as the 2015 SHMA, there are likely to be exceptional circumstance which justify an uplift including a requirement to take the needs of neighbouring areas into account.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refl requirements set out within this document at tha the review of the Borough Plan requirements will
					Richborough supports the proposed review of allocated sites in order to reassess their suitability for allocation with a view to understanding why they have under-delivered. However, Richborough are also of the view that this work should be expanded in order to review the sites which have delivered to gain a better understanding of the characteristics. This will assist the Borough Plan Review in identifying deliverable sites and avoiding the failures of the Borough Plan.	
				27	Vision- Richborough is of the view that the 'vision' should be altered to acknowledge the need to meet the development needs in full, including for housing.	Comments have been noted and will be considere stage of the Borough Plan review.
					Objectives- Richborough is of the view that Objective 4 is not fit for purpose and the equivalent objective in the Borough Plan should be revisited and amended to acknowledge the need to ensure need are met and housing is delivered.	
68	Mr	BW	Rosconn Strategic Lane	7	Urban areas and countryside should generally be prioritised over Green Belt to meet development needs unless there are good reasons for not doing so, such as conflict with wider sustainability considerations or risk of non-delivery. As the Council will be aware the adopted Borough Plan has already seen the removal of land from the Green Belt to meet development needs, such as around Bulkington. Part of the exceptional circumstances case for doing so was the sustainable location of these sites and this was expressly acknowledged by the Borough Plan Inspector. Now they have been released for development and removed from the Green Belt, retention of these strategic sites should clearly take precedence over releasing further Green Belt land. The question of urban capacity was already examined a relatively short while ago as part of the Borough Plan and was found to be limited, requiring the aforementioned release of Green Belt.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
				10	It is clear from the Issues and Options Consultation Document that the Council's principal concern in respect of existing allocated sites is that planning applications have yet to be submitted on several. As the Council will be aware, this does not apply to HSG8 given that part of the allocation benefits	Comments noted. The sites allocated in the extant reflect the requirements set out within this docum As part of the review of the Borough Plan requirer reassessed.

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ocal housing need ad guidance will be for the plan period.
nt Borough Plan ment at that time. ements will be

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					from full planning permission for 188 units which forms part	
					of the Council's deliverable five year supply for housing.	
					Having regard to the housing trajectory presented by the	
					Council as part for the 2019 Main Modifications Consultation	
					on the Borough Plan, HSG8 was expected to commence	
					delivery towards the end of the 2020 / 2021 monitoring year.	
					Full planning permission was granted for part of the allocation	
					in October 2020 and development commenced shortly	
					thereafter with plots having already been released for sale.	
l					As such, it is clear that HSG8 commenced delivery broadly	
					when it was expected to.	
					As the Council will be aware, Policy HSG8 requires that the	
					allocation be brought forward in accordance with a Concept	
ļ					Plan which was adopted as a Supplementary Planning	
					Document (SPD) in mid-2020, about a year after adoption of	
					the Borough Plan. The full application for 188 units pending	
					consideration at the time was initially deferred at planning	
					committee to allow for the SPD to be adopted first. Thus the	
					requirement for a Concept Plan has no doubt elongated the	
					lead-in time for the allocation coming forward. Now this is in place, developers and promoters have more certainty about	
					how the allocation is expected to come forward and will no	
					doubt facilitate HSG8's ongoing delivery.	
					Taking the above factors together, we do not consider that	
l					progress towards bringing HSG8 forward to have been	
					unreasonably slow, and indeed it is coming forward at about	
					the pace originally anticipated. As such, there is no need to	
					review the allocation so soon after the adoption of the	
1					Borough Plan.	
				11	RSL does not have any observations in respect of the spatial	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be rease
					options at this stage. The best performing option requires	where necessary as part of the Borough Plan rev
I					assessment alongside the overall scale of housing need.	preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal d
					Assuming the Borough's base Local Housing Need (LHN)	with neighbouring authorities to address cross-
					figure of 429 dwellings per annum (dpa), paragraph 7.22 of	including Coventry's potential unmet housing n
					the Consultation Document states further sites may not be required beyond existing settlement boundaries and Borough	
					Plan allocations. If that is correct, then Option 1 of locating	
					new residential development within existing settlement	
ļ					boundaries (including Borough Plan allocations) could be	
ļ					feasible. Due to the need for the Borough to accommodate	
ļ					some unmet need from Coventry, however, it is doubtful the	
l					minimum LHN figure will be sound basis for the Borough Plan	
					Review's housing requirement.	
					The Council intends to produce an updated Housing and	
ļ					Economic Development Needs Assessment (HEDNA). The	
					HEDNA is not a subject of this consultation, but broadly	

essessed and updated eview. The Council in duty to co-operate s-boundary issues, need.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response	
					speaking the Consultation Document cites concerns about the demographic projections for Coventry overestimating the city's population growth.		
69	69 Mr	JB	JB	RPS on behalf of Taylor Wimpey	behalf of Taylor allocated sites. RPS recommends that HSG7 sites that the Council does reassess as a matt only for its suitability but for also for its likel deliverability. RPS would wish to see the Co an opportunity to identify alternative sit replacements for any sites that are remo include consideration given to 'Land Sout being promoted by Taylor Wimpey as an ob	Yes, RPS agree that there should be a review of the existing allocated sites. RPS recommends that HSG7 should be one of sites that the Council does reassess as a matter of priority, not only for its suitability but for also for its likely deliverability. RPS would wish to see the Council use this as an opportunity to identify alternative site allocations, as replacements for any sites that are removed. This would include consideration given to 'Land South of Bulkington' being promoted by Taylor Wimpey as an obvious alternative site at Bulkington.	Comments noted. The sites allocated in the extant reflect the requirements set out within this docum As part of the review of the Borough Plan requiren reassessed.
				11	RPS cannot find any supporting information to justify why these spatial options are considered to be 'reasonable alternatives', or if these represent the only reasonable alternatives available to the Council. In fact, there is very little commentary in the IO of any description to underpin the three options presented at this stage. It is therefore very difficult to understand why only three options have been presented as part of the IO consultation. There also appears to be a significant amount of overlap between the spatial options presented here, and the options set out under question 7 which also relate to options for locating future residential development but have been presented in the context of Green Belt land release. This is because both the housing and Green Belt options in the IO include multiple options that reference locating development in urban areas. However, the interaction and relationship between these two sets of options is not explained in the IO. This is significant because, as highlighted in responses to question 7 later on, the options that do not differentiate between countryside that is non-GB and GB. There is a very significant risk, unless this is re-considering all Reasonable Alternatives well founded in Case Law.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review in relation to rea alternatives considered and the interrelationship b options set out in Q7 and Q11. A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of a evidence base which will consider potential develo against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out policy. However, depending on the Option chosen, locations will be suggested in the plan that conside Green Belt considerations. Careful consideration w had to the appropriate housing requirement to be the Borough Plan Review.	
					In terms of option 2, it is not clearly defined what 'small-scale sustainable urban extensions' actually means, nor it is clear		

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					why a 'larger' urban extension option has been deliberately	
					excluded as a reasonable alternatives at this stage.	
					In relation to option 3, RPS notes (at para 6.6 of the IO) that	
					non-Green Belt land areas are relatively limited, located to	
					the north-west of Bedworth and to the north of Nuneaton,	
					and therefore are unlikely to have the capacity or suitability	
					to deliver the quantum of housing required to meet future	
					needs.	
				12	RPS considers that the spatial options considered in the NBLP	Comments noted re Bulkington's locational factors
					review should have a greater focus on locational issues. This includes the distribution of development towards specific	required in line with national policy and the presure of sustainable development to set out strategic po
					settlements, in this case, Bulkington. RPS contend that a	development within the Borough Plan review. This
					greater level of growth should be directed to Bulkington as it	consideration of Green Belt land where all other re
					is the 3 rd largest settlement in the Borough; whilst Bulkington	options for meeting identified needs for developm
					now benefits from two housing allocations nether have	fully examined.
					delivered any housing to date; and, only one site is identified	
					in the Council's current housing trajectory.	
					Additional reasonable alternative spatial option that should	
					be considered as part of the options appraisal, namely one on	
					'larger scale, sustainable urban extensions'. Furthermore, RPS	
					would suggest that another option, 'locating new residential	
					development in GB areas' would also be a reasonable	
1				7	alternative, as a counterpoint to option 3.	Natad anofaran as far Ortion 2
				/	As highlighted in response to questions 11 and 12, it is clear that there is risk that overreliance on sites within urban areas	Noted preference for Option 3.
					(mainly SHLAA sites) is unlikely to generate sufficient land to	
					meet local and wider-HMA needs, whilst there are clearly	
					limited opportunities for further growth on land within	
					existing settlements due to tightly drawn Green Belt	
					boundary.	
					RPS broadly supports an approach that treats sites 'on their	
					merits' which recognise their intrinsic qualities as well as the	
					potential benefits that development can bring for local	
					communities, regardless of existing designations.	
					RPS would therefore prefer option 3 is taken forward as a	
					basis for the assessment and selection of growth locations at	
					the next stage of the plan review.	
				28	RPS has identified problems with the IOSA, in particular with	Comments re the soundness of the Sustainability A
					respect to the 'spatial bias' that has been in-built into the SA	considered and addressed as part of the developm
					Framework, through the inclusion of a specific sustainability	Borough Plan review and a reassessed evidence ba
					objective that supports growth within urban areas (SAO2).	
					RPS contend that SAO2 is not, in fact, a sustainability objective but is a plan objective that has been inserted into	
					the SA Framework to reflect and augment the Council's	
					preference for development within urban areas as the 'first	
1					choice' ahead of all other potential options.	

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					These representations identify a number of additional reasonable alternatives, primarily relating to the spatial housing options, that have not yet been appraised as part the SA process. Accordingly, the appraisal of these additional options should be incorporated into the next iteration of the SA.	
				1	No, RPS do not agree that a Plan period of 2023 – 2038 is appropriate. National policy (NPPF 2021, paragraph 22) is clear that the 15 year timeframe for plans are a 'minimum' and not a 'ceiling'. A plan period that looks further forward can then help to ensure that future policy can endure over the longer term without the need for small, incremental changes at regular intervals, for example involving modifications to the Green Belt boundaries. RPS recommends that the emerging Local Plan looks ahead over at least a 30 year period from the adoption date (2023).	Noted. The NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a minimum of 15 years from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-term requirements and opportunities. The Council is currently not considering a new settlement as part of its options and therefore does not consider that the Plan period should extend beyond 2038.
				13, 14, 16	Developers and house builders already make provision for existing and new trees as part of development schemes. These are usually informed by appropriate ecological assessments undertaken as part of the planning application process. RPS does not consider it appropriate (or necessary) for the new Local Plan to include specific targets for the number or area of tress to be provided as part of large-scale	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				21	developments in the Borough. No. There is currently no national policy requirement for the provision of EVCPs as part of new development. The Council makes reference to potential for a new Building Regulations which could see the introduction of proposals for the installation of chargepoints. The proposal to introduce the new building regulations has not been taken forward and therefore remains a policy aspiration. Nonetheless, if and when the new regulations do come forward, there would not be a need of a local plan policy in any case as this would duplicate the new reguirement.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				23	The emerging legislation set out in the Environment Bill clearly states that the biodiversity value percentage attributed to development is '10%', and not 'at least 10%' as suggested by the Council. The Council has therefore misinterpreted the intentions in the draft Bill. No reference to the potential use of biodiversity credits as a means to secure the 10% BNG as part of new development proposals.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				24	No. Design codes and other specifications are not legally required to be included in local plans or supplementary planning documents, and that applicants are free to promote their own design guidance and codes as part of the planning application process.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
70	Mr	CA-F	RPS on	N/A	The principal interests lie in the Stratford on Avon/Warwick	Comments noted and will be considered at the next
			behalf of		area. There are however relevant cross boundary matters	Borough Plan review. The Council in preparing the B
			Barratt		introduced in this emerging Plan that are relevant for the	review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbou
			Developmen		SWDF to comment on.	to address cross-boundary issues, including Coventry
			ts, Redrow			unmet housing need. This may or may not, dependir
			Homes,		The purpose of this response is to respond directly to	Council's updated evidence base, consider the unme settlements within the wider West Midlands Conurb
			Taylor Wimpey and		matters of strategy concerning the emerging housing requirement for the wider Coventry and Warwickshire	settlements within the wider west Midianus Conurb
			William		Housing Market Area ("C&W HMA") and as such is not	
			Davis Homes		concerned with matters such as the strategy for distribution	
			known as the		or specific allocations.	
			South			
			Warwickshir		From 2018, the Government has required that Authorities	
			e Developers		define their Local Housing Need ("LHN") using the	
			Forum		'Standard Method'. This process presents a much more	
			'SWDF'		streamlined and clearer way of calculating need, which	
					relies on uplifts to the 2014 Sub-National Household	
					Projections, to account for affordability pressures and, in	
					the context of the 20 largest cities, an urban uplift.	
					The uplift represents a new last step in the method, applying	
					a 35% uplift to each of the 20 largest cities or conurbations	
					in the Country. The motivation behind this is clear – to boost	
					significantly levels of housing in the largest and most	
					sustainable centres.	
					On the matter of Coventry, the Council has indicated that it	
					will be withdrawing from the arrangement noted. above,	
					following the publication of the May 2021 document tilted	
					'Review of Population Estimates and Projections' from the	
					Office of Statistics Regulation ("OSR"). The OSR report took a	
					particular interest in the accuracy of past population	
					projections (which themselves inform the household	
					projections) and point to a potential discrepancy in the way	
					the student population has been accounted for. It is worth noting that the findings of the OSR are not conclusive and	
					point towards further work to be undertaken. The Council	
					has indicated that this will be included within the future	
					Housing and Economic Needs Assessment ("HEDNA"),	
					though have rescinded from the agreed position in the MoU	
					in the meantime. This, RPS considers, is short sighted move	
					given the fact that no detailed findings on Coventry's	
					projections have been published.	
					To meet the urban uplift, the PPG advises that this should be	
					met within the administrative boundary unless this conflicts	
					with wider national policy, and it is advised that this should	
					look to brownfield and other under-utilised land. Although	
					the position may change, RPS cannot help but look to the	
ł					position back at the 2017 Plan, where a chronic shortage of	

ext stage of the e Borough Plan oouring authorities ntry's potential nding on the nmet need for urbation.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	housing land was identified. It would appear that history will repeat in this regard, and the Council will be forced to ask its neighbours to assist in meeting their housing need. If this does indeed turn to the requirement for significant extensions or new settlements, related close to Coventry, it is likely that a 15-year plan period is not going to be sufficient in order to allow adequate timeframes for delivery. The 2017 Birmingham Local Plan was adopted with a considerable shortfall, 37,900 dwellings in fact. One of the main reasons this was considered acceptable and found sound by the Inspector was that there was a commitment in the plan to ensure that the shortfall was met by the adjoining authorities through their own plans. The deadline for this this to be achieved was in January 2020, a date which has long passed without any real progress in resolving the matter. North Warwickshire has become one of only two Authorities with a sound plan that includes a contingent of growth to meet Birmingham's unmet need. The Council has committed to 10% of Birmingham's unmet need, equating to 3,790 dwellings. In terms of Birmingham now, the City's need is likely to increase further. As part of the 2021 LHN calculation, the City would need to deliver 4,829dpa, an increase from the figure of 3,577dpa in the 2017 Local Plan. Like Coventry, Birmingham is regarded as one of the top 20 urban centres in the Country and is subject to a 35% uplift. Whilst perhaps less spatially related to C&W than Birmingham, the position with the Black Country is similarly not something that the C&W Authorities can ignore. RPS is concerned that Nuneaton and Bedworth are taking a	Officer Response
					RPS is concerned that Nuneaton and Bedworth are taking a retroactive step in the withdrawal from the MoU with C&W Authorities. Whilst we do not know what will take the place of the Duty to Cooperate, we can be assured that we will not be left with a void, and there will be a continued need to engage with neighbouring areas and come to a collaborative view on how the need will be met locally.	
71	Dr	AS		1	No. In this case, the borough plan is being enacted currently, and many of the elements of the plan that people will respond to are already being enacted. Extra housing and the problems being highlighted by residents (transport infrastructure, wildlife damage etc) will already be in development.	Noted.
				2	Yes. The need for an increase in the size of the Borough are overstated and the demand for 14,000 houses against the current (2011 census) of 52,711. That's an increase of 26% in	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local assessment in accordance with national policy and a prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for

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nd guidance will be
for the plan period.

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				3	housing and slightly less in population, versus the 2001-2011 increase of 7.6% housing and a 13% expectation of population increase 2011-2037 (Warwickshire Observatory). There are already concerns about the inadequate population assessments made by the Office of National Statistics – the additional numbers of students expected to take up residence in the borough are strongly overstated as agreed by the Office for Statistics Regulation (OSR). The average regional growth is expected to be 14% between 2011 and 2031. The housing strategy states that more young people are staying with parents and hopes to provide cheap housing to allow independent living. Should cheaper housing be developed (not bourne out by the type of housing development seen in borough developments) there is more likely to be an influx of people outside of the borough, including commuters from conurbations. In addition, the Baby Boomer generation (born 1946–1964), representing a major population section, will be much smaller by the end of the plan, leaving a large stock of existing housing for reuse. The assessment of green spaces in the Bedworth area is very poor and only recognises a proportion of the green spaces and ignores the smaller areas that provide green refuges for wildlife and community amenities. This makes areas such as the Elizabeth Centre and Johnson road recreation area prone to have housing development without adequate protection of existing wildlife and green space. Possibly options 1 and 2. Current A5 housing development adds no adequate transport infrastructure for people to cross the Nuneaton railway line, meaning that delays and pollution will exacerbate the existing Weddington to town	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points concerning green spaces in and around Bedworth are noted. This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				5	centre traffic problems. I also disagree with taking up greenbelt land for this purpose. Employment areas should be set out where employers wish to locate, with adequate thinking on lowering environmental damage and provision of low carbon transport infrastructure. For example, the Giga factory in Coventry could be a major local employer. Town centres are becoming empty of shops due to on-line purchasing. As much employment starts to have a strong on-line element, surely NBBC needs to creatively adjust its straight-line projection plans. The Netherlands ensures that employment locations are based along and at the ends of passenger travel routes – we should take such existing policy measures from other crowded countries into account. Option 4.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				7	Option 1.	Noted.
				8	A.	Noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				9	Please consider employment in towns first, mainly where	This comment has been noted and will be conside
					the employment does not entail excessive noise or pollution.	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					The town centres should be thought of increasingly as areas	
					of balanced living, employment and leisure space. Linked	
					employment and housing would be acceptable to reduce the	
i.					waste in commuting – eg hospitals and linked housing.	
1					Similarly with industrial estates.	
				10	Yes. There is a lack of traffic infrastructure to make many of	Noted. It is acknowledged that transport and other
					these areas sustainable, and the loss of green space makes	infrastructure will be needed, this will be incorpora
1					the current plan seem like a recipe for urban sprawl without	where appropriate.
					regard to the character of the towns, their infrastructure to	
					support, appropriate employment and preserving green	
					spaces.	
				11	Option 2 - small scale, sustainable urban extensions focused	This comment has been noted and will be consider
					on key transport infrastructure (e.g. the M6, A roads, railway	stage of the Borough Plan review.
1					stations, cycle routes etc).	
				13	Agree with Option 1, but this must be done bearing	This comment has been noted and will be consider
					conservation science in mind, and be strictly rewilded with	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					independent oversight. No building standards beyond	
					building regulations exist for the necessary movement to	
					zero/low carbon, and housing plans should be delayed until	
					a view of future standards is available and can be set. Please	
					note that 'trees' alone are not the answer on CO2 take-up	
					and are an oversimplistic solution. The opportunity must be	
					taken to combine tree additions with rewilding and green	
					corridors which are missing in parts of the borough.	
				14	Rewilding to improve wildlife habitats is acceptable,	This comment has been noted and will be consider
					orchards are not specifically expected unless these can be	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					part of a commercial or sustainable venture.	
				15	The town as an ecosystem – please see detailed guidelines	This comment has been noted and will be consider
					for 'new urbanism', including the '5 minute walk' concept,	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					varied housing, greenspace in urban areas. This is not	
					currently incorporated into NBBC housing schemes, and	
					developers are known to bypass strategic concepts and	
					produce the usual housing estates.	
				16	NO – targets must be set, but more comprehensive and in	Noted.
					consultation with Warwickshire Wildlife Trust.	
				17	Set out that use class E and C3 (residential) uses are	Noted.
					acceptable.	
				19	Option B.	Noted.
				20	Yes. Nuneaton and Bedworth are blighted by traffic	Noted. The Borough Plan review seeks to ensure the
					infrastructure and congestion problems. Fixing new	sustainable modes of travel are accessible and dev
					developments along existing walking, cycling or public	located in the appropriate places to reduce the new
					transport routes (including new schemes) must be	
					prioritised.	
				21	3 phase charging to be made easy and inexpensive to	Noted.
					implement as required by houses by having infrastructure in	
			1	1	place. It is not necessary to have large numbers of charging	

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					points initially, but to have relatively inexpensive options to	
					install in future.	
				22	No.	Noted.
				23	Agree with at least 10% biodiversity gain in the borough, as	Noted.
					in my answers above.	
				24	Yes, but they should carry weight and not be discretionary	Noted.
					once a development has started.	
				25	No. There are too few designated green spaces and,	This comment has been noted and will be consider
					critically, the building of social structures to address low	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					educational, health and poverty have not been addressed as	
					an item upon which housing has an integral impact. The	
					NBBC plan considers mostly houses and not communities	
					and urgently needs to recognise address its very poor record	
				26	in this area.	
				26	The Borough Plan Review will report in 2023. This is too late	Noted. The sites allocated in the extant Borough Pl
					to review and act on plots of land in the Borough Plan that	requirements set out within this document at that
					will be potentially sold and built on prior to the review.	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will I
					There is one case in point that is raised here and must be	This includes NUN365.
					reviewed and acted on to remove it from the Borough Plan	
					before it is lost. Town Plan NUN365 is a non-strategic part of the plan. This is touched on in the Borough Plan, but the	
					individual case has not been properly considered before	
					decision. The material and social consequences of the plan	
					have not considered, and once sold cannot be remedied.	
					Town plan NUN356 aims to sell for housing the Johnson	
					Road Bedworth Elizabeth Centre area that holds over 50 cars	
					at peak times often bringing up to a 100 children a day,	
					seven days a week for football training and matches at the	
					leased and reinstated Johnson Road recreation ground. In	
					addition there is a wildlife habitat and basketball court that	
					will disappear if housing goes ahead. There is virtually no	
					non-residential parking on Johnson Road or the	
					Tewkesbury Drive estate, a cul-de-sac, and current plans to	
					provide only a replacement 18 places in an unsafe and	
					unsuitable position, will cause severe traffic problems,	
					endanger child safety, and put in doubt the future	
					of Bedworth Eagles JFC football charity. This plan has taken	
					no account of the loss of a community amenity and the	
					resulting loss of plans for further development of a joint JFC	
					and scouts/community clubhouse on part of the site. This is	
					seen by the charity and residents as a major loss in this	
					relatively deprived area of the town, and will lead to loss of	
					amenity for the community in general and specifically	
					welfare for the children in the area. The pitch and recreation	
					area at Johnson Road is currently operating well because	
					there are sufficient parking spaces for volunteers and	
					participants. An expansion of the Bedworth Leisure Centre would not provide this benefit, there is no community	
					improvement benefit other than providing amenity.	
					improvement benefit other than providing amenity.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				27	I disagree that the Borough Plan fulfils its vision, particularly the Borough will see improved job prospects and safe and healthy communities. The plan merely provides amenities and has not taken into account the support of community welfare activity. This is seen in non-strategic plan NUN365, where the junior football club, and in future a scouting group and community activities. This will certainly damage life and health prospects in the Bedworth area. Objectives 5, 6 and 7 are not met through NUN365 and other plans due to the lack of consideration of material attributes including the reduction of open space, degradation of road safety and traffic conditions, also not considering the functioning of communities and supporting the structures that positively socialise children into becoming capable and well-performing citizens.	This comment has been noted and will be consider stage of the Borough Plan review.
					I have strong doubts that the Borough Plan has taken the health and welfare of communities or the traffic infrastructure into account with NUN365. As this is the case, there are likely many other aspects of the Borough Plan that are damaging to the community.	
				28	The Sustainability Appraisal is difficult to find on the website and very inaccessible for the layman due to its length and complicated nature. The use of Pugh's Concept Selection (its SA tables) is not sufficiently developed by the authors (I'm qualified in this area), and is unable to sensibly evaluate many of the important criteria. There are no alternative concepts discussed here, and are presumed unreasonable due to the inability to meet the set criteria, which are 1. Amount and distribution of growth, 2. Strategic site options for housing; 3.Strategic site options for employment; and 4. Alternative Policy options. There is only effectively one plan being assessed at a high level, without taking into account community, crime and health/ welfare matters.	Comments re the soundness of the Sustainability A considered and addressed as part of the developm Borough Plan review and a reassessed evidence ba
					when it comes to improving communities. I would propose that the plan has had insufficient study and development, and that the current Review process mechanism, because its broad scope and lack of accessibility to the public, needs to be improved. The sustainability assessment takes no account of the non-strategic plans such as NUN365 and its impact. This should be the subject of a review by local elected and unelected delegated people.	
72		SS		1	Yes. Any longer becomes sheer guesswork.	Noted.
				3	Numbers of people requiring housing over the next few years, as provided by the ONS, now found to be inaccurate by its own review body. This needs to be addressed immediately, as housing without accompanying infrastructure is being thrown up all around the borough.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo

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				13	Yes, there should be planting on large scale developments,	Noted.
					whilst also recognising that tree planting is not the be all and	
					end all of biodiversity. Other types of planting – scrub,	
					meadow etc. are just as relevant, especially when planned to	
					allow green corridors for wildlife through urban areas.	
				20	Yes. There should be more 'complete' cycle ways – i.e. ones	This comment has been noted and will be conside
					that don't suddenly stop and expect cyclists to navigate	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					heavy traffic, or major junctions. They should also take into	
					account other potential single person modes of transport –	
					electric bikes and scooters for example, and more thought	
					should be given to the increasing number of electric	
					'disability' scooters being used even by people who are not	
					disabled, as a cheap and easy way of getting into the local	
					town.	
				21	Yes. In times of wet and cold weather, most people will	Noted.
					revert to using their electric car instead of other individual	
					modes of transport. Families will have to use a car to travel	
					around together. Public transport costs are prohibitive for	
					family travel.	
				23	10% should be the minimum biodiversity gain, and should be	Noted.
					increased on a site-by-site basis to allow green corridors	
					across built up areas, ideally linked to nearby public	
					footpaths, to allow for a free flow of small wild animals and	
					insects etc.	
				24	Not qualified to say – but there also needs to be some sort	Noted. Construction/snagging issues are covered
					of quality code for the new build estates, as well as design	legislation under Building Regulations and, where
					requirements. Some of these estates, often built by	NHBC guarantee.
					nationally known building companies, can only be described	
					as shoddy, and there seems to be no check on whether they	
					actually meet national build standards or environmental	
					requirements. Why are there no local post purchase surveys	
					of how much snagging is identified on different sites?	
					Builders whose build quality necessitates weeks, or even	
					months, of remedial work on their sold houses should not be	
					allowed to build until they can prove their work practices	
					have been revised to ensure high quality builds. National	
					firms have no local skin in the game, and therefore have no	
					local pride in their work. They need better supervision or	
					checking.	
				25	No. One outstanding omission is around infrastructure.	The Planning System is only able to consider the in
					Hundreds of houses are being built in the north of	future development and ensure that highways car
					Nuneaton, for example, when traffic flow towards Coventry	deal with predicted traffic, relying on the highway
					already causes gridlock across Nuneaton on a daily basis. To	for this information and an updated evidence bas
					suggest that they could use the A5 is a joke – the A5 is	transport. Any infrastructure requirements will be
					overloaded in the same way, and slowing down with the	part of the plan making process before any new d
					extra traffic, generated by these new houses, attempting to	proposed.
					join the flow. Surely planning permission could have been	
					granted subject to the infrastructure being put in place first?	
					That includes surgeries, schools, local convenience stores,	
					etc. Local rules do state that new developments should take	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					into account local amenities and transport structure before development is allowed.	
3	Mr	MD	Savills on behalf of FCC Environment	1	We consider that the proposed plan period is acceptable as it meets the minimum 15 year period required by paragraph 22 of the National Planning Policy Framework (2021) (NPPF).	Noted.
					All are sites are of a strategic scale that Inspectors have accepted will continue to be developed outside of the plan period. The Council should look to accommodate this level of flexibility within plan time periods taking account of the revised paragraph 22 of the NPPF.	
				2	We agree that the existing evidence base needs to be updated or replaced. We have reviewed the date of publication of evidence base documents and found that for the most part they are produced in 2016 or before. Some of the evidence base is over 15 years old, such as a Landscape Character Assessment from 2004.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
					The Council should publish a list of evidence base they are producing and make it clear to stakeholders when this will be published and invite comments on its publication. This will ensure that the Plan is justified as per the tests described in paragraph 35 of the NPPF.	
				3	Please see response to question 2. A full scale review of evidence base is required to ensure it is up to date and reflective of the existing adopted plan. In line with Planning Practice Guidance, proportionate, relevant and up-to-date evidence should be used to justify a decision not to update policies when undertaking a review. This should be a key consideration as we understand NBBC propose to review selected policies.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
				4	From the options proposed, we consider that option 1 is the best approach of the 3 proposed. We are supportive of its emphasis of no focus on a particular area of the Borough at this stage. However we consider that it is too premature to determine a suitable option to pursue for employment development due to the lack of up to date evidence. A fourth option based on the outcome of up to date evidence base should be pursued.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				5	The focus for employment development should be based on updated evidence base. As discussed in answer to question 2 & 3, the evidence base is out of date. Employment evidence base needs to be updated to ensure that it is reflective of the current demand for employment land in the Borough and surrounding area. Key evidence base such as the Employment Land Study (2016) requires updating.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review. The options selected for future employment sites are based on their proximity to the existing strategic highway network within the Borough or locations adjacent to established employment sites. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review, this includes evidence regarding provision for employment development.
					A fourth option based on the outcome of up to date evidence base should be pursued. Results of an updated Employment Land Study and Economic Development Needs	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Assessment should be considered in determining the	
					location and scale of employment for the Borough.	
					The Council should provide evidence as to why only	
					locations in close proximity to the A5 or junction 3 of M6 are	
					being proposed as options. There is a need to consider what	
					businesses' requirements for employment land are before	
					coming to those conclusions.	
					A key piece of evidence that should inform the Borough Plan	
					review is the West Midlands Industrial Strategy (2019).	
					Coventry and Warwickshire is highlighted as an area which	
					lacks incubation space and space that can support agile and	
					mobile economies. However it is identified that across the	
					region, there is a significant gap in good quality employment	
					land.	
					The West Midlands Strategic Employment Study (2019) was	
					commissioned by three midlands Local Enterprise	
					partnerships, including Coventry and Warwickshire. The	
					report focuses on strategic employment sites, which it	
					defines as being 25ha or more in size. The report highlights	
					market identified sites and motorway junctions which are	
					considered to be suitable for development nearby. Their	
					methodology for the selection of certain junctions over	
				-	others is not clear.	
				7	Of the options proposed we favour option 3 as a suitable	Noted.
					strategy for the location of residential uses. Please see	
					response to question 9 for an explanation of our proposed amendments to this approach and justification for our	
					proposed approach.	
				8	We request clarification from the Council of why a different	This comment has been noted and will be considered at
					spatial strategy is proposed for residential and employment	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					sites. It is unclear why the options proposed for employment	
					exclude reference to use of suitable brownfield sites. Such	The Council is required in line with national policy and the
					land should be prioritised before concluding exceptional	presumption in favour of sustainable development to se
					circumstances exist to justify changes to Green Belt	strategic policies for new development within the Borou
					boundaries, as per paragraph 141 of the NPPF.	review. This includes consideration of Green Belt land will other reasonable options for meeting identified needs for
					Of the options proposed we favour option C. As a starting	development have been fully examined.
					point this option reviews all land equally, taking account of	
					the most sustainable locations. This approach is supported	
					by paragraph 142 of the NPPF which states that the need to	
					promote sustainable development should be taken into	
					account when reviewing Green Belt Boundaries.	
				9	We disagree with the sequential approach proposed in table	Noted. A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part o
					2 of the consultation document. The sequential approach	updated evidence base which will consider potential dev
					should be amended to read as follows:	sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out
					Allocated sites / Existing Urban Areas / Countryside / Green	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen, devel
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
						locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
					There is a need to demonstrate exceptional circumstances	Green Belt considerations.
					for development in the Green Belt (see NPPF paragraph	
					140). We consider that a fourth option, similar to option 3 of	
					question 7 and option C of question 8 should be pursued in	
					which the most sustainable locations based on a wide	
					ranging criteria are considered for development.	
					Land at Judkins is one of the largest brownfield sites in the	
					Borough, and is next to a large portion of non-Green Belt	
				10	countryside.	Comments noted. The Council in propering the De
				10	It is important that the review takes into account emerging evidence base. There is a danger that the early review runs	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Bo review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbo
					ahead of evidence base available, especially in respect of	to address cross-boundary issues, including Coven
					cross boundary cooperation that is required with Coventry.	unmet housing need.
					There is an ongoing need for Nuneaton and Bedworth to	
					engage constructively, actively and on an ongoing basis with	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
					Coventry and vice versa.	requirements set out within this document at that
					,	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will l
					The plan is being reviewed against the backdrop of	
					Coventry's standard methodology figure being increased by	
					35% to 2,325 dwellings per annum. Considering that	
					Coventry's average annualised total was 2,120 dwellings as	
					identified by the 2015 Strategic Housing Market Assessment,	
					Coventry's baseline housing requirement has increased by	
					205 dwellings per annum. In its currently adopted Local Plan,	
					Coventry was only able to accommodate an average total	
					dwellings of 1,230 dwellings per annum, as acknowledged	
					through a Memorandum of Understanding.	
					Further work is therefore required to establish Coventry's	
					final housing need and how this feeds into NBBCs final	
					requirement. It is not suitable for NBBC to consider its needs	
					only. Their own standard method figure alone is not suitable	
					for NBBC to base their housing requirement on. A recent	
					Inspectors' report issued in respect of the Tonbridge and	
					Malling Local Plan recommended non adoption of the Plan	
					due to lack of evidence that Tonbridge & Malling (T&M) had	
					engaged with neighbouring Sevenoaks Council regarding its	
					housing shortfall.	
					We would therefore suggest that NBBC engage with	
					Coventry City Council and agree a Statement of Common	
					Ground regarding Coventry's unmet housing need.	
					FCC is landowner of residential allocation HSG11. We	
					consider that Table 5 of the Borough Plan Review document	
					should be updated to reflect the fact that the outline	
					application (reference: 035995) was submitted in 2019,	
					although it stalled in 2020, in part due to Covid-19, it is	
					currently in the late stages of determination.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				11	We support option 1, as existing settlement boundaries contain existing allocations. Existing allocations have been tested through a recent Local Plan process, and can deliver housing on sites that have already been agreed to be suitable in principle.	Noted.
					Where additional land is required, consideration should be given to the spatial options available. In the first instance non-green belt land should be favoured. However where these sites are not suitable or available, then the release of Green Belt should be considered.	
				12	Spatial options for development of the Borough are limited due its location within Green belt. Therefore the development of non-Green Belt sites should be reviewed. This requires an update of evidence base to ensure than up to date urban capacity report has been undertaken. Green Belt evidence base also requires updating. Both studies should reflect changing circumstances since its publication.	Noted. The Council is required in line with national policy and the presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out strategic policies for new development within the Borough Plan review. This includes consideration of Green Belt land where all other reasonable options for meeting identified needs for development have been fully examined. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
				13	Blanket targets are not appropriate for all sites. These can be unduly onerous for some sites and too lenient for others. It is best to determine requirement to provide it on a case by case basis. For example, some sites may have a large number of existing trees and this needs to be considered when requirements for tree planting are set.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				14	We disagree with this requirement for most of the same reasons set out in response to question 13. We question the Council's suggestion of incorporating orchards on all large scale development sites, without a definition of this.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				15	We consider that the NPPF definition of major developments being defined as 10 or more homes is the most appropriate definition. The viability of this policy should be tested based on this criteria.	Noted.
				16	Tree planting targets could be set across the Borough if the Council desires. However it remains the case that detailed matters such as the number of trees required for a site should be determined on a site by site basis, following consultation with the Council at the time of a planning application.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				20	We support the principle of greater emphasis being given to the importance of cycling and walking connections. However it must be considered at a site specific level firstly where these connections can be accommodated and also how they will impact viability. The delivery of such links would need to be included within an updated Infrastructure Delivery Plan.	Noted. Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plan making process before any new development is proposed.
				21	We invite the Council to provide further details of the type of infrastructure that is referenced.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
					From a practical perspective it would also be useful to be provided with examples of where such technology has been	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					used and can be evidenced as a workable and viable solution.	
					It is not for the planning system to deal with issues covered in the Building Regulations, furthermore it is not for Local Plans to pre-empt what may be or may not be required through future amendments to the building regulations.	
				23	We note that reference is made to requirement for a "net gain" in biodiversity of at least 10% compared with the pre- development baseline. It is not clear whether the Council intend to bring a 10% requirement ahead of the Environment Bill being passed, this is potentially before the Plan's scheduled adoption in 2023.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				24	No, some design codes may suitably be dealt with as SPDs but in some cases the technical information needed at a concept stage may not be sufficiently detailed and therefore it would inappropriate to add weight to the design code without the appropriate evidence base.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				26	We request review of adopted policy NE3. There should be an opportunity to review the status of Local Wildlife Sites (LWSs) as time goes on. They should not be static designations and if new evidence comes to light which challenges the designation then this should be reviewed and considered by the Council. Applicants should be able to.	The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review. Points concerning the status of Local Wildlife Sites are noted.
				27	Objectives – sets out objectives proposed in order to achieve the vision for the Borough Plan. This includes objective 4 which states that: "To provide a steady and adequate level of suitable housing for all." This appears to have been based on objective 4 of the currently adopted plan which states: "To provide the size, type and mix of housing that meets the specific needs of the Borough." We request clarification of why the wording has been changed to aim for a "steady" and "adequate" level of housing. This is not aspirational for the Borough. The Council shouldn't be aiming for "adequate" levels of housing, to ensure choice and flexibility NBBC needs to be aspirational in its planning for housing.	All points noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review. Rail destinations/connections within the Borough will be referenced.
					We note that a new objective has been added as objective 9. We agree that the Council's objective should link to the Government's goal of net zero emissions. However the way in which this is done is something that needs to be set out specifically on a site by site basis.	
					Para 3.2: Reference is made to rail connections that serve the Borough. Reference should be made to services to Crewe, Bermuda Park and Kenilworth which are not currently listed.	
'4	Mr	RB	Sport England	2	Sport England supports the authority's review of its Local Plan and welcome the updating of the relevant evidence base documents in particular the Playing Pitch Strategy to	Noted.

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nd updated where ints concerning
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					ensure playing pitches and sports facilities are planned appropriately to meet the demand generated from growth proposed as part of the Plan.	
				6	Sport England are supportive of an approach which would enable non employment uses on existing industrial estates. A flexible approach could help facilitate such uses as gyms and other indoor sports provisions such as gymnastics and climbing walls which require certain heights that are not normally attainable within town centre units. The provision of such sporting activities will enhance the options to undertake physical activities, improving the wellbeing of residents within the authority and also provide employment opportunities, which could be greater in numbers than those within the traditional employment use classes found on industrial estates.	This comment has been noted and will be conside stage of the Borough Plan review.
				20	Sport England would support a policy which provides a greater importance of cycling and walking connections/infrastructure. Active travel should be prioritised over other modes of transport through safe, integrated walking and cycling routes, as this provides the greatest opportunity for people to be physically active in their day to day lives. Reference to Sport England's Active Design Guidance should be made within the revised policy with walkable communities and connected walking & cycling routes being two of ten principles to promote environments that offer individuals and communities the greatest potential to lead active and healthy lifestyles. Such an approach would help create an environment which could assist in addressing health issues within the authority.	This comment has been noted and will be conside stage of the Borough Plan review.
75	Mr	CS		1	The current plan only takes us up to 2032 which would not be deliverable in the time frame. A longer time frame would also allow more time before the consideration of the next plan.	Noted. The Borough Plan review seeks to extend 2038.
				2	Much of the evidence base is now 10 or more years old with regards to transport, environmental air quality, Office for National Statistics (ONS) figures regarding growth which will have all changed and need to be reviewed.	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reasse where necessary as part of the Borough Plan revi
				3	ONS data on which Coventry growth has been calculated requires updating. These have led to NBBC accepting 4000 houses from Coventry. The Memorandum of Understanding should be reviewed and the Coventry 4000 houses rejected.	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reasse where necessary as part of the Borough Plan revi
				7	Option 1 – Land should not be taken out of the green belt when brownfield sites are available. Destruction of green belt will lead to merging of areas such as Bulkington merging and becoming a suburb of Bedworth and or Nuneaton. This will lead to a distinct loss of character and community diversity.	Noted. The Council is required in line with nation presumption in favour of sustainable developmen strategic policies for new development within the review. This includes consideration of Green Belt other reasonable options for meeting identified r development have been fully examined.
				9	The outskirts of towns and town centre regeneration offer the best opportunities for housing and in turn will attract infrastructure and amenities. Closeness to the core is	Noted.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					preferential to the periphery which in the 2010 review was discounted due to the lack of infrastructure and distance from employment sites.	
				10	Yes, there should be a review. The current plan is based on over inflated ONS housing projections linked to Coventry. Sites were not selected using a consistent methodology, rather any land that was for sale was offered up and existing brownfield land was ignored. Developments are far too large and unsympathetic particularly to smaller villages such as Bulkington, Hawkesbury, Woodlands and Ash Green. Infrastructure is under developed and we have not considered the impact of neighbouring authorities who are also building close to our boundaries and the implication of this on our transport network.	
				11	Option 3 (Locating new residential development in non- green belt land) Destruction of green belt will lead to communities such as Bulkington losing their identity as they are swallowed up by Nuneaton. Destruction of grade 2 and grade 3 farmland. Green belt provides land that is used for recreational purposes and is important for the well-being of residents.	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated evidence base which will consider potential development sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out in national policy. However, depending on the Option chosen, development locations will be suggested in the plan that consider more than Green Belt considerations.
				13	Tree planting would be welcomed though it should be carefully managed and a strategic plan would need to be produced by the Borough council. This needs to show how they would manage the spaces and stop them from becoming hot spots for anti-social behaviour or for fly tipping.	Noted.
				14	A clear strategy is required, if left unmanaged this can become an area that attracts anti-social behaviour and fly tipping and could become an eye-sore and a burden to local residents.	Noted.
				15	Large scale development is a development which will have clear and obvious disruptive effects on the local community. This is above and beyond what it can absorb or naturally mitigate against.	Noted.
				23	The Borough plan is currently destroying a substantial proportion of our biodiversity by building on green belt land. Offering 10% of this back is hardly fair compensation, especially when poor site selection has been used without a proper methodology. Further environment studies should be carried out by NBBC in a sympathetic manner unlike the studies carried out by developers which were biased towards their own development goals.	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
76	Mrs	CS		1	The current plan only takes us up to 2032 which would not be deliverable in the time frame. A longer time frame would also allow more time before the consideration of the next plan.	Noted. The Borough Plan review seeks to extend the Plan period to 2038.
				2	Much of the evidence base is now 10 or more years old with regards to transport, environmental air quality, Office for	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.

xtant Borough Plan reflect the n this document at that time. As part of Plan requirements will be reassessed.
vill take place as part of an updated onsider potential development sites Belt purposes as set out in national g on the Option chosen, development in the plan that consider more than
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nce base will be reassessed and updated the Borough Plan review.

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					National Statistics (ONS) figures regarding growth which will	
					have all changed and need to be reviewed.	
				3	ONS data on which Coventry growth has been calculated	Noted The Council's evidence base will be reassed
i.					requires updating. These have led to NBBC accepting 4000	where necessary as part of the Borough Plan revie
i.					houses from Coventry. The Memorandum of Understanding	
1					should be reviewed and the Coventry 4000 houses rejected.	
l				7	Option 1 – Land should not be taken out of the green belt	Noted. The Council is required in line with nationa
l					when brownfield sites are available.	presumption in favour of sustainable development
l					Destruction of green belt will lead to merging of areas such	strategic policies for new development within the
					as Bulkington merging and becoming a suburb of Bedworth	review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la
					and or Nuneaton. This will lead to a distinct loss of character	other reasonable options for meeting identified ne
					and community diversity.	development have been fully examined.
				9	The outskirts of towns and town centre regeneration offer	Noted.
1					the best opportunities for housing and in turn will attract	
1					infrastructure and amenities. Closeness to the core is	
1					preferential to the periphery which in the 2010 review was	
					discounted due to the lack of infrastructure and distance	
					from employment sites.	
				10	Yes, there should be a review. The current plan is based on	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
1					over inflated ONS housing projections linked to Coventry.	requirements set out within this document at that
					Sites were not selected using a consistent methodology,	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will I
					rather any land that was for sale was offered up and existing	
					brownfield land was ignored. Developments are far too large	
					and unsympathetic particularly to smaller villages such as	
					Bulkington, Hawkesbury, Woodlands and Ash Green.	
					Infrastructure is under developed and we have not	
					considered the impact of neighbouring authorities who are	
					also building close to our boundaries and the implication of	
					this on our transport network.	
				11	Option 3 (Locating new residential development in non-	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of
					green belt land) Destruction of green belt will lead to	evidence base which will consider potential develo
					communities such as Bulkington losing their identity as they	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set ou
					are swallowed up by Nuneaton. Destruction of grade 2 and	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen,
					grade 3 farmland. Green belt provides land that is used for	locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
					recreational purposes and is important for the well-being of	Green Belt considerations.
				12	residents.	Neted
				13	Tree planting would be welcomed though it should be	Noted.
					carefully managed and a strategic plan would need to be	
					produced by the Borough council. This needs to show how they would manage the spaces and stop them from	
					becoming hot spots for anti-social behaviour or for fly	
					tipping.	
				14	A clear strategy is required, if left unmanaged this can	Noted.
				14	become an area that attracts anti-social behaviour and fly	
					tipping and could become an eye-sore and a burden to local	
					residents.	
				15	Large scale development is a development which will have	Noted.
				1.5	clear and obvious disruptive effects on the local community.	Noteu.
1					This is above and beyond what it can absorb or naturally	
1					mitigate against.	
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				23	The Borough plan is currently destroying a substantial	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated
					proportion of our biodiversity by building on green belt land.	where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
					Offering 10% of this back is hardly fair compensation,	
					especially when poor site selection has been used without a	
					proper methodology. Further environment studies should be	
					carried out by NBBC in a sympathetic manner unlike the	
					studies carried out by developers which were biased	
					towards their own development goals.	
77	Mr	PS		1	The current plan only takes us up to 2032 which would not	Noted. The Borough Plan review seeks to extend the Plan period to
					be deliverable in the time frame. A longer time frame would	2038.
					also allow more time before the consideration of the next	
				2	plan.	
				2	Much of the evidence base is now 10 or more years old with	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated
					regards to transport, environmental air quality, Office for	where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
					National Statistics (ONS) figures regarding growth which will	
				2	have all changed and need to be reviewed.	Noted The Council's ouidance base will be reassessed and undated
				3	ONS data on which Coventry growth has been calculated requires updating. These have led to NBBC accepting 4000	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
					houses from Coventry. The Memorandum of Understanding	where necessary as part of the borough Flathewew.
					should be reviewed and the Coventry 4000 houses rejected.	
				7	Option 1 – Land should not be taken out of the green belt	Noted. The Council is required in line with national policy and the
				,	when brownfield sites are available.	presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out
					Destruction of green belt will lead to merging of areas such	strategic policies for new development within the Borough Plan
					as Bulkington merging and becoming a suburb of Bedworth	review. This includes consideration of Green Belt land where all
					and or Nuneaton. This will lead to a distinct loss of character	other reasonable options for meeting identified needs for
					and community diversity.	development have been fully examined.
				9	The outskirts of towns and town centre regeneration offer	Noted.
					the best opportunities for housing and in turn will attract	
					infrastructure and amenities. Closeness to the core is	
					preferential to the periphery which in the 2010 review was	
					discounted due to the lack of infrastructure and distance	
					from employment sites.	
				10	Yes, there should be a review. The current plan is based on	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect the
					over inflated ONS housing projections linked to Coventry.	requirements set out within this document at that time. As part of
					Sites were not selected using a consistent methodology,	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed.
					rather any land that was for sale was offered up and existing	
					brownfield land was ignored. Developments are far too large	
					and unsympathetic particularly to smaller villages such as	
					Bulkington, Hawkesbury, Woodlands and Ash Green.	
					Infrastructure is under developed and we have not	
					considered the impact of neighbouring authorities who are	
					also building close to our boundaries and the implication of	
				11	this on our transport network.	A Green Delt Assessment will take place as part of an undeted
				11	Option 3 (Locating new residential development in non-	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of an updated
					green belt land) Destruction of green belt will lead to	evidence base which will consider potential development sites
					communities such as Bulkington losing their identity as they are swallowed up by Nuneaton. Destruction of grade 2 and	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out in national
					grade 3 farmland. Green belt provides land that is used for	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen, development locations will be suggested in the plan that consider more than
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					recreational purposes and is important for the well-being of	Green Belt considerations.

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				13	Tree planting would be welcomed though it should be carefully managed and a strategic plan would need to be produced by the Borough council. This needs to show how they would manage the spaces and stop them from becoming hot spots for anti-social behaviour or for fly tipping.	Noted.
				14	A clear strategy is required, if left unmanaged this can become an area that attracts anti-social behaviour and fly tipping and could become an eye-sore and a burden to local residents.	Noted.
				15	Large scale development is a development which will have clear and obvious disruptive effects on the local community. This is above and beyond what it can absorb or naturally mitigate against.	Noted.
				23	The Borough plan is currently destroying a substantial proportion of our biodiversity by building on green belt land. Offering 10% of this back is hardly fair compensation, especially when poor site selection has been used without a proper methodology. Further environment studies should be carried out by NBBC in a sympathetic manner unlike the studies carried out by developers which were biased towards their own development goals.	Noted. The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
78	Mr	JC	Stratford-on- Avon District Council	NA	Nuneaton & Bedworth Borough Council (NBBC) adopted its Borough (Local) Plan on 11 th June 2019 and committed itself to an early review. As with all Local Plans across the Coventry and Warwickshire housing market area, the current NBBC Borough Plan is predicated on an agreed Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) in respect of the redistribution of Coventry's unmet housing needs.	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Borough Plan review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring authorities to address cross-boundary issues, including Coventry's potential unmet housing need.
					SDC expresses its extreme disappointment at the decision by NBBC to seek to withdraw from the signed Memorandum of Understanding.	
					SDC is sympathetic with the concerns raised by the Issues and Options consultation document but respectfully urges NBBC to acknowledge the need to potentially address wider than local housing need and to realistically reflect this issue within the Borough Plan Review and in its relationships with partners across the sub-region.	
					In any event, the standard method for calculating housing need is not considered significant to warrant withdrawal from the beneficial partnership and MOU, which would itself inevitably need revising as the other local authorities progress through their various local plan reviews and movements towards more joint planning approaches and documents, such as currently being proposed by SDC and WDC for South	

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					Whilst SDC considers the withdrawal to be a political decision,	
					it notes that given the current NBBC Borough Plan is not being	
					withdrawn, there is no practical effect of this withdrawal. As	
					with the other Local Plans across Coventry and Warwickshire,	
					allocated sites in Nuneaton and Bedworth are coming	
					forward for development and as such, housing needs	
					continue to be met across the sub-region.	
79		WT		1	No. Delay it for as long as possible to allow for more	Noted. The NPPF requires that plans look ahead fo
					appropriate sites for building to become available.	15 years from adoption to anticipate and respond
						requirements and opportunities.
				4	Option 1. For instance, there is no point in building a new	Noted.
					industrial estate on Bowling Green Lane when there are	
					empty units/spare capacity at both Bermuda Park and	
				F	Bayton Road.	Neted
				5	Look at more brownfield sites that would not have such an	Noted.
				6	impact on current housing and infrastructure. More information needed before I can make a judgement.	Noted. The Council have undertook comprehensive
				6	Why isn't this information provided in an easily accessible	for the document including exhibitions throughout
					manner for residents? Saying it is available on the website is	
					not acceptable. We shouldn't have to go searching for this.	
					The whole planning process is designed to deter ordinary	
					residents from engaging with it.	
				7	Protect the Green Belt and countryside at all costs.	Noted. The Council is required in line with national
				,	Lockdown showed how valuable this space is to our physical	presumption in favour of sustainable development
					and mental well-being.	strategic policies for new development within the
						review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la
						other reasonable options for meeting identified ne
1						development have been fully examined.
				8	Make better use of brownfield sites and underused urban	Noted. The Council is required in line with national
					areas. Climate change needs to be prioritised. We should	presumption in favour of sustainable development
					not be building new housing or employment areas on any	strategic policies for new development within the
					Green Belt or countryside spaces.	review. This includes consideration of Green Belt la
						other reasonable options for meeting identified ne
						development have been fully examined.
l				9	See Q7 & 8.	Noted.
1				10	Yes. The world has changed post-Covid and post-Brexit.	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
					Who says we need so much more housing and the	requirements set out within this document at that
					employment areas to go with them? We should be doing	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will b
					everything within our power to protect our existing green	
					spaces.	
				11	Underused urban areas. Town centres have become like	This comment has been noted and will be consider
					ghost towns. Transform some of these spaces into housing	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					and the result will be a demand for more retail and	
				12	entertainment to go with them.	
				12	See Q11.	Noted.
				13	Why chop down old, established trees and hedgerows for	Noted.
					the sake of new developments as is the case with the	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					current Borough Plan? The countryside needs protecting for	
					future generations.	
				14	Avoid large scale developments in the first place, then there	Noted.
					will be no need for orchards!	
				15	Keep developments small so there is limited impact on	Noted.
					existing spaces.	
				16	We should be planting trees anyway to help slow down	Noted.
					climate change but not for meeting some artificial quota.	
				17	Do not understand what the 'classes' are. Where is this	Noted. The Council have undertook comprehensiv
					information? Why is this process so difficult for ordinary	for the document including exhibitions throughout
I					residents to engage with? I attended one of the	The Use Classes Order is available to review on the
					'consultations' which had a few display boards with very	Planning Portal website.
				10	limited information on them.	
l				18	See answer to Q17.	Noted.
1				20	Again, haven't been provided with enough information to	Noted. Infrastructure will be addressed as part of t
					make an informed response. However, the roads in	process before any new development is proposed.
					Nuneaton and Bedworth are already struggling to cope with	
					the amount of traffic from the current housing and industrial	
					areas. Any future development must take this into account.	
					This is also the case for schools, hospitals, doctors, dentists	
					etc. When I have raised this issue in the past, I have been	
					told that, 'new housing and employment areas come first	
					and the infrastructure will follow.' This is unfair to residents	
				21	of the borough who suffer in the meantime.	Neted
				21	See Q20.	Noted.
				22	See Q20.	Noted.
				23	We should be protecting the environment as a priority.	Noted.
				24	No idea! This a nonsensical question for an ordinary resident.	Noted.
				25	Again, no idea.	Noted.
				26	The Borough Plan review/consultation has been very poor.	The Council undertook comprehensive consultatio
					Most residents had no idea that a review was even taking	document including exhibitions throughout the Bo
					place. Putting information on social media is not fair to	shared information on the consultation process via
					older residents who do not engage with that as a form of	sources.
					communication. Being told that the information was also	
					advertised in local libraries is inadequate given that we have	
					all been trying to stay at home as much as possible and	
					avoiding public spaces due to the pandemic!	
80		NA	Tetlow King		The HAPC supports the vision of the draft plan and would	Noted.
			on behalf of		encourage the council to prepare policies which are in the	
			West		best interest of the needs of all residents. As stakeholders in	
			Midlands		the community the HAPC is pleased to be involved in the	
			Housing Association		preparation of the plan and for having the opportunity to share their views.	
			Planning	7	The HAPC support the option which will allow the greatest	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of
ł			Consortium	/	provision of affordable homes, in the most sustainable	evidence base which will consider potential develo
			Consolition		locations. Whilst the re-use of previously developed land in	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set ou
L				I	iocations. Whilst the re-use of previously developed idiu ill	abamst the relevant of een beit purposes as set ou

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					urban areas is preferable, as set out in options 1 and 2, there	policy. However, depending on the Option choser
					are concerns that this could undermine the delivery of	locations will be suggested in the plan that consid
					affordable housing as there are often viability implications	Green Belt considerations.
					for developing brownfield sites and therefore the HAPC	
					would not support this as an option. Moreover NBBC do not	
					have excessive brownfield land in which to develop. We	
					welcome the publication of the HEDNA prior to any final	
					decisions on strategy are made.	
					The HAPC notes that land was previously released from the	
					Green Belt in the current Borough Plan to provide for the	
					employment and housing needs of the borough, the HAPC	
					support this approach and understand the important role	
					released green belt land can offer in ensuring sufficient sites	
					are allocated for housing to maintain a constant supply. It	
					would be preferred if brownfield sites, and non-green belt	
					sites could be developed first. It is however acknowledged	
					that there are limited amounts of non-green belt land	
					outside of urban areas and as such limited infill urban	
					development and development outside of the green belt is	
					not likely to be sufficient in meeting the local housing need.	
				10	The HAPC is wary of the suggestion that sites only allocated	Comments are noted.
					in recently adopted plan should already be reassessed for	
					their suitability for development. The allocation sites were	
					fully scrutinised by a Planning Inspector at a local plan	
					examination. It is therefore not surprising, given only two	
					years have passed since the plan was adopted, that some of	
					the strategic allocation sites do not yet have planning	
					permission. They are large strategic sites which will take	
					time to deliver beyond the existing plan period. It is of	
					course prudent to review the existing allocations as part of	
					an overall review of sites in the Borough as a whole but the	
					deletion of allocations could not be justified given the	
					Borough's ever pressing housing needs.	
					It is important to note that 429 dwellings per annum is the	
					minimum housing requirement based on the government's	
					standard method and as the PPG advises this is the starting	
					point in determining the number of homes needed in an	
					area. The standard method does not accommodate changing	
					economic circumstances or other factors that might have on	
					demographic behaviour and therefore the housing	
					requirement needs to be above this. Therefore, the Council	
					needs to undertake a thorough review of housing	
					requirement substantiated by robust evidence and we note	
					that a HEDNA is due.	
					NBBC must continue to meet the unmet needs of Coventry	
					under the duty to cooperate. As the standard method	
					changed in December 2020, Coventry's housing requirement	
					increased from 1,722 dwellings per annum to 2,325. It is	
					inevitable Coventry will need the support of other	
					Warwickshire authorities to help meet its needs.	

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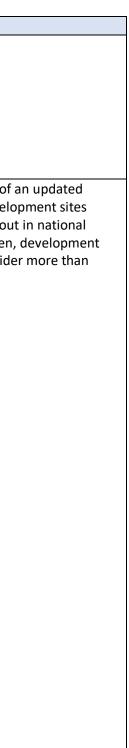
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					As of March 2021, 1,780 households were on the Council's	
					up-to-date Housing Register/Waiting List. Therefore, the	
					HAPC encourages the council to allocate and identify sites	
					for up to 100% affordable housing as part of the Borough	
					Plan review.	
				11	The HAPC's vision would be to see a spatial strategy which	Careful consideration will need to be had to the appro
					enables a sufficient supply of affordable homes. As such,	housing requirement (including type/size/tenure) to l
					they support the option will provide the highest levels of	within the Borough Plan Review.
					affordable housing across the authority area. The HAPC	
					encourages the council to allocate and identify sites for up	
					to 100% affordable housing.	
					The HAPC members would welcome the opportunity to	
					provide a range of tenures on the delivery of their sites to	
					address a range of housing needs and a such would welcome	
					the opportunity to work collaboratively with the Council.	
					Once the HEDNA is completed, the HAPC urge the Council to	
					assess this information and use this to inform the most	
					suitable locations for future housing which is likely to include	
				10	a combination of all three spatial options.	Natad An undeted suidenes have in line with a level
				12	It is vital that the borough plan allocates sufficient homes to	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local
					deliver its housing requirement and the selection of the sites	assessment in accordance with national policy and gu
					should be guided by a sustainability appraisal. Residential sites can be evenly distributed across the authority area.	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the Comments regarding existing Policy H2 are noted.
					Existing Borough Plan Policy H2 requires that developments	Comments regarding existing Policy Hz are noted.
					of over 15 dwellings provide 25% affordable housing. The	
					HAPC support the provision of a 25% affordable housing	
					contribution, however they would like to see the threshold	
					for affordable housing reduced to 10 dwellings subject to	
					viability.	
					The HAPC believe a Local Plan should set a numerical target	
					for affordable housing supply to ensure the Council and	
					developers are working towards the same objectives and the	
					delivery of homes can therefore be monitored.	
					We are concerned that if the Council continues to with the	
					74% affordable/social rent and 26% intermediate housing	
					that with the 25% First Homes requirement, there will be no	
					scope for delivering shared ownership properties in the	
					Borough.	
				23	The HAPC supports a minimum 10% net gain and do not	Comments noted and will be taken forward for consid
					believe this needs to be any higher due to the potential	next stage of the Plan review.
					impacts on viability.	-
				26	Within the consultation document no questions have been	Comments noted and will be taken forward for consid
					directly asked about the approach to affordable housing, this	next stage of the Plan review.
					a hugely important issue to the Borough. We ask the Council	
					to be wary of the ways in which such policies could impact	
					development viability which may restrict the provision of	
					affordable housing.	
81		RD	Tetlow King	1	The adopted Borough Plan has a Plan period of 2011-2031	Noted that the NPPF requires that plans look ahead for
			on behalf of		and therefore at time of adoption it had only 12 years	of 15 years from adoption to anticipate and respond
					remaining and not the 15 years required by the NPPF.	requirements and opportunities.

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respond to long-term

f Tit	tle Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
		Terra		Nevertheless, the Inspector was satisfied with the Plan	
		Strategic		period as it aligned with other Warwickshire authorities in	
		_		the same Housing Market Area (HMA) as it relied in the	
				same evidence base.	
				It is positive that NBBC has chosen a forward looking Plan	
				period starting in 2023, instead of starting in 2021 or before,	
				in the context of the adopted Borough Plan still having 10	
				years left to run it seems an appropriate start date for the	
				Plan period. It is important that when the new Borough Plan	
				is adopted that it has a minimum timeframe of at least 15	
				years to comply with the NPPF requirements so the	
				proposed Plan period of 2023-2038 may need to be adjusted	
				depending on the date of the Plan's adoption.	
			2		Neted. An undeted outdeness have in line with a level housing need.
			2	It is imperative that the new evidence base is	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
				commissioned, otherwise the Borough Plan review serves no	assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
				purpose. The most critical evidence for any local plan	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period.
				review, partial or full, is a comprehensive assessment of the	
				housing requirement. The evidence base effectively dictates	
				the Plan period and currently the evidence base only	
				supports the existing Plan period up to 2031.	
				It is important to note that 429 dwellings per annum is the	
				minimum housing requirement based on the Government's	
				standard method and as the PPG advises this is the starting	
				point in determining the number of homes needed in an	
				area. The standard method does not accommodate changing	
				economic circumstances or other factors that might have on	
				demographic behaviour and therefore the housing	
				requirement needs to be above this. Therefore, NBBC needs	
				to undertake a thorough review of housing requirement	
				substantiated by robust evidence. We note a HEDNA is due	
				shortly.	
				NBBC must continue to meet the unmet needs of Coventry	
				under the duty to cooperate. As the standard method	
				changed in December 2020, Coventry's housing requirement	
				increased from 1,722 dwellings per annum to 2,325. It is	
				inevitable Coventry will need the support of other	
				Warwickshire authorities to help meet its needs	
				The Issues and Options consultation should not be seen as	
				an opportunity to disengage with the existing duty to	
				cooperate arrangements with the other Warwickshire	
				authorities, in particular Coventry. Although it was mooted	
				in the White Paper that the duty to cooperate requirements	
				could be abandoned, it was one of a multitude of potential	
				changes to the planning system and the Government has yet	
				to announce which policy changes will be taken forward in	
			2	the forthcoming Planning Bill.	Comments noted
			3	The Joint Green Belt Study (LUC 2015) - It is important that	Comments noted.
				this document is updated as part of the review of NBBC's	
				evidence, especially as several of the sites in the study are	
				no longer in Green Belt and have been allocated for housing.	

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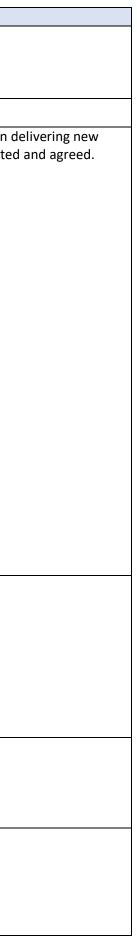
R	f Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Accordingly, the urbanised context of these sites has	
					changed which has implications for the purpose of Green Belt test.	
					The Landscape Capacity Study (TEP 2017) was an important	
					companion document to the Joint Green Belt Study which	
					assessed the sensitivity of the landscape and its capacity to	
					accommodate change without detrimental effects on its	
					character.	
				7	Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough is heavily constrained by	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of a
				,	Green Belt. The adopted Borough Plan necessitated the	evidence base which will consider potential develo
					need to release an extensive amount of Green Belt land in	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set out
					order to meet housing and economic needs. Indeed, nine	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen,
					out of 12 of the strategic allocations in the Borough Plan are	locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
					sites which were formerly located in the Green Belt. The	Green Belt considerations.
					Inspector to the adopted Borough Plan recognised that	
					exceptional circumstances existed to alter the Borough's	
					Green Belt and that its release was necessary to secure the	
					most sustainable pattern of development and it had a role in	
					meeting Coventry's unmet needs.	
					Nuneaton and Bedworth is not a Borough with a multitude	
					of brownfield land available to develop. Therefore,	
					alternative sites, greenfield or Green Belt need to be	
					considered. In fact, non-Green Belt greenfield sites are in	
					short supply, limited to a few locations north of Nuneaton,	
					of which HSG1 forms a significant part and land to the west	
					of Bedworth adjacent to HSG4 Woodlands. This point is	
					acknowledged by NBBC in the Issues and Options paper at	
					paragraph 6.6. Accordingly, option 1 is not a feasible	
					strategy.	
					We note the reference at paragraph 6.5 to windfall sites	
					comprising 22 dwellings per annum. This is a very low figure	
					and will not make much of an impact on fulfilling the	
					housing requirement.	
					Given it was inevitable that Green Belt sites were required to	
					be released to meet the housing needs of the adopted	
					Borough Plan; the release of further Green Belt sites are unavoidable to enable the Borough to meet its future	
					housing needs. In the absence of the HEDNA it is difficult to	
					predict what the land requirements will be, but the standard	
					method of 429 dwellings per annum is a useful minimum	
					starting point for establishing the housing requirement.	
					As with the adopted Borough Plan, the focus needs to be on	
					delivering new homes in the most sustainable locations and	
					therefore the Sustainability Appraisal is a key tool in	
					determining a revised spatial strategy. It is imperative that	
					sites in the most sustainable locations are allocated for	
					development and it is inevitable that some of these sites will	
					be located in the Green Belt, given it restricts the Borough's	
					growth so tightly. This is the same approach that was taken	



Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					to the adopted Borough Plan and it was endorsed as a sound	
					spatial strategy by the Borough Plan Inspector.	
					As outlined in our response to question 3, it is important	
					that the Joint Green Belt Study and the Landscape Capacity	
					Study are reviewed and updated. It is noteworthy that our	
					client's land (HSG 12) was one of the lowest scoring sites in	
i.					the Joint Green Belt Study and one of the few sites which	
i.					was recommended for removal from the Green Belt (site	
					BE4).	
				10	As the Borough Plan was only adopted two years ago, the	Comments noted. Careful consideration will need
					existing allocated sites should be up to date and provide a	appropriate housing requirement to be contained
					realistic development strategy for the Borough for the	Borough Plan Review.
					coming years. TKP is wary of any suggestion that sites only	
					allocated in the recently adopted Borough Plan should	
					already be reassessed for their suitability for development.	
					The Borough Plan identified 12 strategic sites for	
					development and many of them required Green Belt	
					release. The allocation sites were fully scrutinised by a	
					Planning Inspector at the Borough Plan examination. It is	
					therefore not surprising, that some of the strategic	
					allocation sites do not yet have planning permission. They	
					are large strategic sites which will take time to deliver	
					beyond the existing Plan period. It is of course prudent to	
					review the existing allocations as part of an overall review of sites in the Borough as a whole but the deletion of	
					allocations could not be justified given the Borough's ever	
					pressing housing needs. Terra Strategic is the landowner of	
					the former Hawkesbury Golf Course (HSG12) and was	
					prompt in submitting planning applications for the site. The	
					overriding reason that HSG12 has been able to deliver new	
					homes expeditiously is because the site is in single	
					ownership. Other sites such as HSG1: North of Nuneaton are	
					fragmented in multiple ownership and will take a long time	
					to deliver which may not result in cohesive development.	
					In order to make efficient use of land, Terra Strategic is	
					seeking to maximise the capacity of the site and a	
					development for 500 new has been masterplanned and	
					supports the outline planning application.	
					The provision of the additional 120 dwellings above the	
					baseline minimum allocation of at least 380 dwellings will	
					help NBBC to meet its housing needs, in the current Plan	
					period and beyond. This is particularly important in the	
					context of the unmet housing needs of Coventry and HSG12	
					is ideally located to accommodate these needs.	
					It seems appropriate that housing allocations sites are	
					reviewed in light of their capacity to delivery new homes	
					(i.e. reviewing densities) but any suggestion that the	
l					allocation sites are not deliverable (NPPF definition) seems	
					unwarranted given their recent scrutiny by a Planning	
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Inspector. In relation specifically to policy HSG12, the	
					requirement to include a canal marina should be deleted	
					and the policy should be amended to provide up to 500	
					dwellings (instead of at least 380 dwellings).	
				11	Listed but no response.	
				12	The three spatial options outlined on page 27, and cited	Comments regarding the focus needing to be on c
					below, do not seem to accord with the three options	homes in the most sustainable locations are noted
					outlined in question 7 in relation to Green Belt.	
					As outlined in our response to question 7, Nuneaton and	
					Bedworth Borough is heavily constrained by Green Belt. The	
					adopted Borough Plan necessitated the need to release an	
					extensive amount of Green Belt land in order to meet	
					housing and economic needs, valid spatial approach which	
					was endorsed by the Borough Plan Inspector.	
					Furthermore, Nuneaton and Bedworth is not a Borough with	
					a multitude of brownfield land available to develop and	
					therefore, alternative sites, greenfield or green belt need to	
					be considered. Therefore options 1 and 3 are not feasible	
					options. Option 2 may be feasible but only if there is further	
					release of Green Belt land.	
					As we have outlined previously, the focus needs to be on	
					delivering new homes in the most sustainable locations and	
					therefore the Sustainability Appraisal is crucial to	
					determining the revised spatial strategy. It is vital that sites	
					in the most sustainable locations are allocated for	
					development and these may be Green Belt sites. This is the	
					same approach that was taken to the adopted Borough Plan	
					and it was endorsed as a sound spatial strategy by the	
					Inspector.	
				20	HSG12 is the only mixed used allocation which will deliver a	Support for SA1 and HS2 is noted.
					range of community benefits including extensive parkland,	
					play space, pedestrian and cycle links, allotments and	
					orchard, canal side improvements including a new bridge. The site is delivering more than just housing, it is offering	
					open space, amenity and biodiversity improvements that	
					will be of benefit to the wider community's health and	
					wellbeing. The merits of the development scheme need to	
					be recognised by NBBC which supports policies SA1 and HS2.	
				21	The full planning permission for HSG12 includes the require	Support for EVCP is noted.
					for electric vehicle charge points. This request was not	
					exceptional and is needed to respond to climate change.	
					Moreover, it has become a positive marketing strategy for	
					new homes targeting environmentally conscious buyers.	
				23	NBBC has already been seeking biodiversity net gain on	Comments are noted.
					development schemes on the basis of the Warwickshire	
					Biodiversity impact assessment calculator. Albeit the	
					requirement for 10% biodiversity net gain will not become a	
					mandatory requirement until the Environment Bill is enacted	
					potentially later this year.	



Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				If the Council is looking to mandate biodiversity net gain	
				through the Borough Plan Review, guidance must be	
				provided (or signposted) on how to practically achieve a	
				higher net gain in development. This would allow for net	
				gain to be designed into processes at early stages and for	
				any design issues to be detected and resolved without	
				causing delay to development.	
				We accept that 10% net gain is likely to become a	
				mandatory requirement and we do not believe this needs to	
				be any higher due to the potential impacts on viability.	
	RD	Tetlow King	1	The adopted Borough Plan has a Plan period of 2011-2031	Noted that the NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a minimum
		on behalf of		and therefore at time of adoption it had only 12 years	of 15 years from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-term
		Terra		remaining and not the 15 years required by the NPPF.	requirements and opportunities.
		Strategic		Nevertheless, the Inspector was satisfied with the Plan	
		_		period as it aligned with other Warwickshire authorities in	
				the same Housing Market Area (HMA) as it relied in the	
				same evidence base.	
				It is positive that NBBC has chosen a forward looking Plan	
				period starting in 2023, instead of starting in 2021 or before,	
				in the context of the adopted Borough Plan still having 10	
				years left to run it seems an appropriate start date for the	
				Plan period. It is important that when the new Borough Plan	
				is adopted that it has a minimum timeframe of at least 15	
				years to comply with the NPPF requirements so the	
				proposed Plan period of 2023-2038 may need to be adjusted	
				depending on the date of the Plan's adoption.	
			2	It is imperative that the new evidence base is	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
					assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
					prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period.
				It is important to note that 429 dwellings per annum is the	
				minimum housing requirement based on the Government's	
				standard method and as the PPG advises this is the starting	
				point in determining the number of homes needed in an	
				area. The standard method does not accommodate changing	
				economic circumstances or other factors that might have on	
				demographic behaviour and therefore the housing	
				requirement needs to be above this. Therefore, NBBC needs	
i i	1	1	1	Warwickshire authorities to help meet its needs	
	Title		RD Tetlow King on behalf of Terra	RD Tetlow King 1 on behalf of Terra Strategic	RD Tetlow King no behalf of Terra Strategic 1 RD Tetlow King no behalf of 1 Terra Strategic Name 1 The context of the adopted boxes 1 Tetlow King 1 no behalf of 1 Tetra 1 Strategic 1 The adopted Borough Plan has a Plan period of 2011-2031 and therefore at time of adoption it had only 12 years remaining and not the 15 years required by the NPPF. Nevertheless, the hospector was satisfied with the Plan period sat aligned with other Warwickshire authorities in the same Housing Market Area (HMA) as it relied in the same evidence base. It is positive that NBBC has chosen a forward looking Plan period starting in 2023, instead of starting in 2021 or before, in the context of the adopted Borough Plan still having 10 years left to run it seems an appropriate start date for the Plan period. It is important that when the new Borough Plan is adopted that it has a minimum timeframe of at least 15 years to comply with the NPPF requirements so the proposed Plan period of 2023-2038 may need to be adjusted depending on the date of the Plan's adoption. 2 1 1 1 1

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					The Issues and Options consultation should not be seen as	
					an opportunity to disengage with the existing duty to	
					cooperate arrangements with the other Warwickshire	
					authorities, in particular Coventry. Although it was mooted	
ł					in the White Paper that the duty to cooperate requirements	
					could be abandoned, it was one of a multitude of potential	
					changes to the planning system and the Government has yet	
					to announce which policy changes will be taken forward in	
					the forthcoming Planning Bill.	
	1			3	The Joint Green Belt Study (LUC 2015) - It is important that	Comments noted.
					this document is updated as part of the review of NBBC's	
					evidence, especially as several of the sites in the study are	
					no longer in Green Belt and have been allocated for housing.	
					Accordingly, the urbanised context of these sites has	
1					changed which has implications for the purpose of Green	
					Belt test.	
ĺ					The Landscape Capacity Study (TEP 2017) was an important	
					companion document to the Joint Green Belt Study which	
					assessed the sensitivity of the landscape and its capacity to	
					accommodate change without detrimental effects on its	
1					character.	
	-			7	Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough is heavily constrained by	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of
					Green Belt. The adopted Borough Plan necessitated the	evidence base which will consider potential develo
					need to release an extensive amount of Green Belt land in	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set ou
					order to meet housing and economic needs. Indeed, nine	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen
					out of 12 of the strategic allocations in the Borough Plan are	locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
					sites which were formerly located in the Green Belt. The	Green Belt considerations.
					Inspector to the adopted Borough Plan recognised that	
					exceptional circumstances existed to alter the Borough's	
					Green Belt and that its release was necessary to secure the	
					most sustainable pattern of development and it had a role in	
					meeting Coventry's unmet needs.	
					Nuneaton and Bedworth is not a Borough with a multitude	
					of brownfield land available to develop. Therefore,	
					alternative sites, greenfield or Green Belt need to be	
					considered. In fact, non-Green Belt greenfield sites are in	
					short supply, limited to a few locations north of Nuneaton,	
					of which HSG1 forms a significant part and land to the west	
					of Bedworth adjacent to HSG4 Woodlands. This point is	
					acknowledged by NBBC in the Issues and Options paper at	
					paragraph 6.6. Accordingly, option 1 is not a feasible	
					strategy. We note the reference at paragraph 6.5 to windfall sites	
					comprising 22 dwellings per annum. This is a very low figure	
					and will not make much of an impact on fulfilling the	
					housing requirement.	
ĺ					Given it was inevitable that Green Belt sites were required to	
					be released to meet the housing needs of the adopted	
l l					Borough Plan; the release of further Green Belt sites are	
	<u> </u>				unavoidable to enable the Borough to meet its future	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					housing needs. In the absence of the HEDNA it is difficult to	
					predict what the land requirements will be, but the standard	
l	1				method of 429 dwellings per annum is a useful minimum	
	1				starting point for establishing the housing requirement.	
l	1				As with the adopted Borough Plan, the focus needs to be on	
l	1				delivering new homes in the most sustainable locations and	
					therefore the Sustainability Appraisal is a key tool in	
					determining a revised spatial strategy. It is imperative that	
					sites in the most sustainable locations are allocated for	
	1				development and it is inevitable that some of these sites will	
	1				be located in the Green Belt, given it restricts the Borough's	
					growth so tightly. This is the same approach that was taken	
					to the adopted Borough Plan and it was endorsed as a sound	
					spatial strategy by the Borough Plan Inspector.	
					As outlined in our response to question 3, it is important	
					that the Joint Green Belt Study and the Landscape Capacity	
					Study are reviewed and updated. It is noteworthy that our	
					client's land (HSG 12) was one of the lowest scoring sites in	
	1				the Joint Green Belt Study and one of the few sites which	
	1				was recommended for removal from the Green Belt (site	
	-				BE4).	
				10	As the Borough Plan was only adopted two years ago, the	Comments noted. Careful consideration will need to
					existing allocated sites should be up to date and provide a	appropriate housing requirement to be contained wi
					realistic development strategy for the Borough for the	Borough Plan Review.
					coming years. TKP is wary of any suggestion that sites only	
					allocated in the recently adopted Borough Plan should	
	1				already be reassessed for their suitability for development.	
					The Borough Plan identified 12 strategic sites for	
					development and many of them required Green Belt	
	1				release. The allocation sites were fully scrutinised by a	
	1				Planning Inspector at the Borough Plan examination. It is	
					therefore not surprising, that some of the strategic	
	1				allocation sites do not yet have planning permission. They	
	1				are large strategic sites which will take time to deliver	
	1				beyond the existing Plan period. It is of course prudent to	
					review the existing allocations as part of an overall review of	
	1				sites in the Borough as a whole but the deletion of	
	1				allocations could not be justified given the Borough's ever	
	1				pressing housing needs. Terra Strategic is the landowner of	
					the former Hawkesbury Golf Course (HSG12) and was	
					prompt in submitting planning applications for the site. The	
					overriding reason that HSG12 has been able to deliver new	
					homes expeditiously is because the site is in single	
					ownership. Other sites such as HSG1: North of Nuneaton are fragmented in multiple ownership and will take a long time	
					to deliver which may not result in cohesive development.	
					More sites should be allocated to meet specialist housing needs such as the elderly.	
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				11	Listed but no response.	
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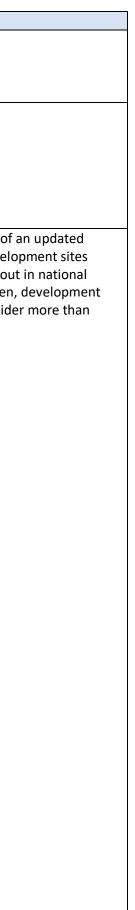
Ref Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
			12	The three spatial options outlined on page 27, and cited	Comments regarding the focus needing to be on delivering new
				below, do not seem to accord with the three options	homes in the most sustainable locations are noted.
				outlined in question 7 in relation to Green Belt.	
				As outlined in our response to question 7. Nuneaton and	
				As outlined in our response to question 7, Nuneaton and	
				Bedworth Borough is heavily constrained by Green Belt. The	
				adopted Borough Plan necessitated the need to release an extensive amount of Green Belt land in order to meet	
				housing and economic needs, valid spatial approach which was endorsed by the Borough Plan Inspector.	
				Furthermore, Nuneaton and Bedworth is not a Borough with	
				a multitude of brownfield land available to develop and	
				therefore, alternative sites, greenfield or green belt need to	
				be considered. Therefore options 1 and 3 are not feasible	
				options. Option 2 may be feasible but only if there is further	
				release of Green Belt land.	
				The focus needs to be on delivering new homes in the most	
				sustainable locations and therefore the Sustainability	
				Appraisal is crucial to determining the revised spatial	
				strategy. It is vital that sites in the most sustainable locations	
				are allocated for development and these may be Green Belt	
				sites. This is the same approach that was taken to the	
				adopted Borough Plan and it was endorsed as a sound	
				spatial strategy by the Inspector.	
			20	HSG12 is the only mixed used allocation which will deliver a	Support for SA1 and HS2 is noted.
				range of community benefits including extensive parkland,	
				play space, pedestrian and cycle links, allotments and	
				orchard, canal side improvements including a new bridge.	
				The site is delivering more than just housing, it is offering	
				open space, amenity and biodiversity improvements that	
				will be of benefit to the wider community's health and	
				wellbeing. The merits of the development scheme need to	
				be recognised by NBBC which supports policies SA1 and HS2.	
			21	The full planning permission for HSG12 includes the require	Support for EVCP is noted.
				for electric vehicle charge points. This request was not	
				exceptional and is needed to respond to climate change.	
				Moreover, it has become a positive marketing strategy for	
				new homes targeting environmentally conscious buyers.	
			23	NBBC has already been seeking biodiversity net gain on	Comments are noted.
				development schemes on the basis of the Warwickshire	
				Biodiversity impact assessment calculator. Albeit the	
				requirement for 10% biodiversity net gain will not become a	
				mandatory requirement until the Environment Bill is enacted	
				potentially later this year.	
				If the Council is looking to mandate biodiversity net gain	
				through the Borough Plan Review, guidance must be	
				provided (or signposted) on how to practically achieve a	
				higher net gain in development. This would allow for net	
				gain to be designed into processes at early stages and for	

is needing to be on delivering new	
e locations are noted.	
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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					any design issues to be detected and resolved without	
					causing delay to development.	
					We accept that 10% net gain is likely to become a	
					mandatory requirement and we do not believe this needs to	
					be any higher due to the potential impacts on viability.	
83		RD	Tetlow King	1	The adopted Borough Plan has a Plan period of 2011-2031	Noted that the NPPF requires that plans look ahea
			on behalf of		and therefore at time of adoption it had only 12 years	of 15 years from adoption to anticipate and respor
			Living Space		remaining and not the 15 years required by the NPPF.	requirements and opportunities.
					Nevertheless, the Inspector was satisfied with the Plan	
					period as it aligned with other Warwickshire authorities in	
					the same Housing Market Area (HMA) as it relied in the	
					same evidence base.	
					It is positive that NBBC has chosen a forward looking Plan	
					period starting in 2023, instead of starting in 2021 or before,	
					in the context of the adopted Borough Plan still having 10	
					years left to run it seems an appropriate start date for the	
					Plan period. It is important that when the new Borough Plan	
					is adopted that it has a minimum timeframe of at least 15	
					years to comply with the NPPF requirements so the	
					proposed Plan period of 2023-2038 may need to be adjusted	
				2	depending on the date of the Plan's adoption.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc
				Z	It is imperative that the new evidence base is commissioned, otherwise the Borough Plan review serves no purpose. The	assessment in accordance with national policy and
					most critical evidence for any local plan review, partial or	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
					full, is a comprehensive assessment of the housing	
					requirement. The evidence base effectively dictates the Plan	
					period and currently the evidence base only supports the	
					existing Plan period up to 2031.	
					It is important to note that 429 dwellings per annum is the	
					minimum housing requirement based on the Government's	
					standard method and as the PPG advises this is the starting	
					point in determining the number of homes needed in an	
					area. The standard method does not accommodate changing	
					economic circumstances or other factors that might have on	
					demographic behaviour and therefore the housing	
					requirement needs to be above this. Therefore, NBBC needs	
					to undertake a thorough review of housing requirement	
					substantiated by robust evidence. We note a HEDNA is due	
					shortly.	
					NBBC must continue to meet the unmet needs of Coventry	
					under the duty to cooperate. As the standard method	
					changed in December 2020, Coventry's housing requirement	
					increased from 1,722 dwellings per annum to 2,325. It is	
					inevitable Coventry will need the support of other	
					Warwickshire authorities to help meet its needs	
1					The Issues and Options consultation should not be seen as	
					an opportunity to disengage with the existing duty to	
					cooperate arrangements with the other Warwickshire	
1					authorities, in particular Coventry. Although it was mooted	
					in the White Paper that the duty to cooperate requirements	

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ocal housing need Id guidance will be For the plan period.	

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					could be abandoned, it was one of a multitude of potential	
					changes to the planning system and the Government has yet	
					to announce which policy changes will be taken forward in	
					the forthcoming Planning Bill.	
				3	Both the Joint Green Belt Study (LUC 2015) and the	Comments noted.
					Landscape Capacity Study (TEP 2017) formed an integral part	
					of the evidence base to the Borough Plan. It is important	
					that these documents are updated as part of the review of	
					NBBC's evidence, especially as several of the sites in the	
					study are no longer in Green Belt and have been allocated	
					for housing.	
				7	Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough is heavily constrained by	A Green Belt Assessment will take place as part of
					Green Belt. The adopted Borough Plan necessitated the	evidence base which will consider potential develo
					need to release an extensive amount of Green Belt land in	against the relevant Green Belt purposes as set ou
					order to meet housing and economic needs. Indeed, nine	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen
					out of 12 of the strategic allocations in the Borough Plan are	locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
					sites which were formerly located in the Green Belt. The	Green Belt considerations.
					Inspector to the adopted Borough Plan recognised that	
					exceptional circumstances existed to alter the Borough's	
					Green Belt and that its release was necessary to secure the	
					most sustainable pattern of development and it had a role in	
					meeting Coventry's unmet needs.	
					Nuneaton and Bedworth is not a Borough with a multitude	
					of brownfield land available to develop. Therefore,	
					alternative sites, greenfield or Green Belt need to be	
					considered. In fact, non-Green Belt greenfield sites are in	
					short supply, limited to a few locations north of Nuneaton.	
					This point is acknowledged by NBBC in the Issues and	
					Options paper at paragraph 6.6. Accordingly, option 1 is not a feasible strategy.	
					a leasible strategy.	
					Our clients land interests at Plough Hill Lane provides	
					another non green belt development opportunity. The site is	
					situated in a sustainable location. there is a need for small	
					site allocations (i.e. non strategic sites) to fulfil a role in	
					ensuring a consistent five year housing land supply. Larger	
					sites can take years to deliver but small sites such as our	
					clients land at Plough Hill Lane can be delivered in the short	
					term.	
					It is imperative that sites in the most sustainable locations	
					are allocated for development and it is inevitable that some	
					of these sites will be located in the Green Belt, given it	
					restricts the Borough's growth so tightly. This is the same	
					approach that was taken to the adopted Borough Plan and it	
					was endorsed as a sound spatial strategy by the Borough	
					Plan Inspector.	
					As outlined in our response to question 3, it is important	
					that the Joint Green Belt Study and the Landscape Capacity	
L	I	1	I	1	and the some or can belt study and the Edhoscope copacity	



Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Study are reviewed and updated. It is noteworthy that our	
					client's land (HSG 12) was one of the lowest scoring sites in	
					the Joint Green Belt Study and one of the few sites which	
					was recommended for removal from the Green Belt (site	
					BE4).	
i.				10	As the Borough Plan was only adopted two years ago, the	Comments noted. Careful consideration will need
					existing allocated sites should be up to date and provide a	appropriate housing requirement to be contained
					realistic development strategy for the Borough for the	Borough Plan Review. The Council will consider the
					coming years. TKP is wary of any suggestion that sites only	development boundary at the next stage of the Pla
					allocated in the recently adopted Borough Plan should	
					already be reassessed for their suitability for development.	
					The Borough Plan identified 12 strategic sites for	
					development and many of them required Green Belt	
					release. The allocation sites were fully scrutinised by a	
					Planning Inspector at the Borough Plan examination. It is	
l					therefore not surprising, that some of the strategic	
l					allocation sites do not yet have planning permission. They	
					are large strategic sites which will take time to deliver	
					beyond the existing Plan period. It is of course prudent to	
					review the existing allocations as part of an overall review of	
					sites in the Borough as a whole but the deletion of allocations could not be justified given the Borough's ever	
					pressing housing needs.	
					The former Plough Hill Golf Centre and the adjacent Land at	
					Hill Farm were not included as a site allocation in the	
					adopted Borough Plan and planning applications for the site	
					were approved in 2017 before the Borough Plan was	
					adopted. Despite both sites having planning permission, the	
					defined development boundary for Borough was not	
					updated to accommodate the development. Accordingly,	
					the proposals map needs to be updated so that the	
					development boundary includes all land to the east of	
					Plough Hill Lane as this now defines the urban edge of	
					Nuneaton	
				11	Listed but no response	
				12	The three spatial options outlined on page 27, and cited	Comments regarding the focus needing to be on d
					below, do not seem to accord with the three options	homes in the most sustainable locations are noted
					outlined in question 7 in relation to Green Belt.	
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l					As outlined in our response to question 7, Nuneaton and	
					Bedworth Borough is heavily constrained by Green Belt. The	
					adopted Borough Plan necessitated the need to release an	
					extensive amount of Green Belt land in order to meet	
					housing and economic needs, valid spatial approach which	
					was endorsed by the Borough Plan Inspector.	
					Furthermore, Nuneaton and Bedworth is not a Borough with	
					a multitude of brownfield land available to develop and	
1					therefore, alternative sites, greenfield or green belt need to	
					be considered. Therefore options 1 and 3 are not feasible	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					options. Option 2 may be feasible but only if there is further	
					release of Green Belt land.	
i.					The focus needs to be on delivering new homes in the most	
					sustainable locations and therefore the Sustainability	
					Appraisal is crucial to determining the revised spatial	
					strategy. It is vital that sites in the most sustainable locations	
					are allocated for development and these may be Green Belt	
					sites. This is the same approach that was taken to the	
					adopted Borough Plan and it was endorsed as a sound	
					spatial strategy by the Inspector.	
				20	Our client supports opportunities to maximise walking and	Support for SA1 and HS2 is noted.
					cycling. The Plough Hill site has public footpaths running	
					across it with new pedestrian and cycle links connecting into	
1					the wider network.	
				23	NBBC has already been seeking biodiversity net gain on	Comments are noted.
					development schemes on the basis of the Warwickshire	
					Biodiversity impact assessment calculator. Albeit the	
					requirement for 10% biodiversity net gain will not become a	
					mandatory requirement until the Environment Bill is enacted	
					potentially later this year.	
					If the Council is looking to mandate biodiversity net gain	
					through the Borough Plan Review, guidance must be	
					provided (or signposted) on how to practically achieve a	
					higher net gain in development. This would allow for net	
					gain to be designed into processes at early stages and for	
					any design issues to be detected and resolved without	
					causing delay to development.	
					We accept that 10% net gain is likely to become a	
					mandatory requirement and we do not believe this needs to	
					be any higher due to the potential impacts on viability.	
84		СТ			Blank form submitted via email.	
85		СТ	MP for North	N/A	Several areas in Bedworth already have outline or full	Noted. HSG5 and EMP7 are allocated sites within
			Warwickshir		planning permission and comments focus of housing areas	Borough Plan and have been removed from the G
			e and		of Bedworth Woodlands (HSG4) and Hospital Lane (HSG5) as	sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan reflect
			Bedworth		well as the employment land at Bowling Green Lane (EMP7).	set out within this document at that time. As part
						the Borough Plan requirements will be reassessed
					Bedworth Woodlands is a large area of green land used by	will be addressed as part of the plan making proc
					the community as a recreational facility. The current	new development is proposed.
					administration should look at this area again and remove it	
1					from the Borough Plan as a Strategic Housing Site	
					HSG 5- Hospital Lane. I object to this development due to its	
					current state as greenbelt and would like to see the	
					evidence that brown field sites have been assessed as not	
					viable before this site was submitted.	
					EMP7- I would also like to see the removal of EMP7 from the	
					plan as this is in the greenbelt. There are other areas around	
					the borough that are more suitable for employment land	
L	L			l	The solution that are more suitable for employment failu	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					and whilst these are still available for development,	
					protected area should not be reclassified or developed.	
					Pleased to see the review is asking for residents views on	
					tree planting across the borough	
					It is important that services and amenities will be built by	
					the developer to ensure that, at the very least, existing	
					service levels are maintained but ideally improved.	
5	Mrs	CV		1	2038 is more or less acceptable as long as 5 year reviews are	Comment noted.
				_	timely.	
				2	Evidence base is out of date – new ONS now available. Tight	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
				-	control of housing numbers must be recorded.	assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
						prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period
				3	Brownfield and windfall sites must be factored in.	Brownfield and windfall sites are included when calculating housing
				5		requirement and supply.
				4	All three options create additional infrastructure pressure. A	Comments noted.
					step by step approach to using existing employment sites	
					should be taken.	
				5	Careful management of industrial/work developments to	Comments noted.
					avoid vacant sites.	
				6	Option 1 feels obvious, as do option 2/3/4. Option 5 is open	Comments noted.
					to debate. Employment sites have potential to be noisy so	
					would be far from suitable to suggest residential use.	
					Nuneaton Town Centre has enough empty shops to create	
					facilities in town.	
				7	Slight preference for Option 1 but non of the options can be	Comments noted.
					selected without enormous consideration. Careful approach	
					is required.	
				8	Too complex to simply select an option.	Noted.
				9	Queries which businesses want/need space. Need to focus	Comments noted and will be taken to the next stage of the Plan
					on town centres and use vacant sites first.	review.
				10	Agreed – housing numbers proved to be inaccurate.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a local housing need
					Bulkington is surrounded by land earmarked for	assessment in accordance with national policy and guidance will be
					development.	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes for the plan period
				13	Yes but the Council need to maintain them.	Comment noted.
				14	As above.	Noted.
				15	No – trees are vital regardless of development size.	Noted.
				17	A more outward dynamic approach is needed in providing	Comment noted.
					town centres for people but Council's should have input	
					over the type of use a premises can change to.	
				18	Museums, libraries, art galleries, exhibition places.	Noted.
				20	EVCP in industrial areas. Work with existing infrastructure to	Noted.
					best accommodate cycle lanes.	
				21	Yes – all new housing developments should have charging	Noted.
					points.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				23	Sounds contradictory given we are building on Green Belt.	Noted.
				24	Yes.	Noted.
				26	Should develop the river around in Nuneaton town centre.	Noted.
87	Mr	MV		1	2038 is more or less acceptable as long as 5 year reviews are timely.	Comment noted.
				2	Evidence base is out of date – new ONS now available. Tight control of housing numbers must be recorded.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
				3	Brownfield and windfall sites must be factored in.	Brownfield and windfall sites are included when ca requirement and supply.
				4	All three options create additional infrastructure pressure. A step by step approach to using existing employment sites should be taken.	Comments noted.
				5	Careful management of industrial/work developments to avoid vacant sites.	Comments noted.
			6	Option 1 feels obvious, as do option 2/3/4. Option 5 is open to debate. Employment sites have potential to be noisy so would be far from suitable to suggest residential use. Nuneaton Town Centre has enough empty shops to create facilities in town.	Comments noted.	
				7	Slight preference for Option 1 but non of the options can be selected without enormous consideration. Careful approach is required.	Comments noted.
				8	Too complex to simply select an option.	Noted.
				9	Queries which businesses want/need space. Need to focus on town centres and use vacant sites first.	Comments noted and will be taken to the next stag
				10	Agreed – housing numbers proved to be inaccurate. Bulkington is surrounded by land earmarked for development.	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc assessment in accordance with national policy and prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
		11	Driving from town to town through Green Belt feels right and gives each place its own identity.	Noted.		
				13	Yes but the Council need to maintain them.	Comment noted.
				14	As above.	Noted.
				16	Targets are vital.	Comment noted.
				20	EVCP in industrial areas. Work with existing infrastructure to best accommodate cycle lanes.	Comment noted.
				21	Yes – all new housing developments should have charging points.	Noted.
				23	Sounds contradictory given we are building on Green Belt.	Noted.
88			Wolvey Parish Council	N/A	 a) There should be a distribution of gypsy and traveller sites across the whole borough, and not a concentration of sites in a small area; and (b) All parties should fully co-operate with one another to ensure that the objectives of neighbouring borough and district councils are considered. 	Comments are noted. The Council in preparing the review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbo to address cross-boundary issues.

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
89			Warwick	N/A	Warwick District Council (WDC) expresses its extreme	Comments noted and will be considered at the next stage of the
			District		disappointment at the decision by NBBC to seek to withdraw	Borough Plan review. The Council in preparing the Borough Plan
			Council		from the signed Memorandum of Understanding.	review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbouring authorities
					WDC is sympathetic with the concerns raised by the Issues	to address cross-boundary issues.
					and Options consultation document but respectfully urges	
					NBBC to acknowledge the need to potentially address wider	
					than local housing need and to realistically reflect this issue	
					within the Borough Plan Review and in its relationships with	
					partners across the sub-region.	
					In any event, the standard method for calculating housing	
					need is not considered significant to warrant withdrawal from	
					the beneficial partnership and MOU, which would itself	
					inevitably need revising as the other local authorities progress	
					through their various local plan reviews and movements	
					towards more joint planning approaches and documents,	
					such as currently being proposed by WDC together with	
					Stratford-on-Avon District Council for South Warwickshire.	
					WDC notes that given the current NBBC Borough Plan is <i>not</i>	
					being withdrawn, there is no practical effect of this	
					withdrawal. As with the other Local Plans across Coventry and	
					Warwickshire, allocated sites in Nuneaton and Bedworth are	
					coming forward for development and as such, housing needs	
~	Du	117	Dublic Licelth	1	continue to be met across the sub-region.	
0	Dr	IK	Public Health	1	Although in line with the NPPF for a 15 year period, Public	Comments noted.
			at		Health support and recommend regular periodic reviews to	
			Warwickshir		address and incorporate any changes across the included	
			e County		topics. NBBC has the largest inequalities in Warwickshire,	
			Council		therefore Public Health would encourage opportunities to	
					influence and shape needs during the plan period.	
				2	Public Health Warwickshire support the evidence base	Noted.
					included. Public Health recommend including data from Joint	
					Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) to support health and	
					wellbeing content.	
				3	Public Health Warwickshire would support including the	Comments noted and will be taken forward to the next stage of the
					recent Coventry and Warwickshire Mental Health Needs	Plan review.
					Assessment which highlights the associations of physical	
					activity, active travel, green space, with mental health.	
				4	Public Health recommend that the location of future	Comments noted.
					employment areas are situated in a suitable location with	
					access to public transport and opportunities for safe active	
					travel.	
				7	Public Health favour the design of houses with eco-design	No option selected, comment noted.
					and sustainable energy features and encourage considering	
					sustainable construction and how climate change may	
					impact a site e.g. flood risk, sustainable urban drainage etc.	
					Public Health recommends considering local air quality and	
					discourage over-development in air quality management	
					areas (AQMA). Whichever locations are selected,	
					consideration for appropriate access to primary and	
					secondar care and local facilities are required.	
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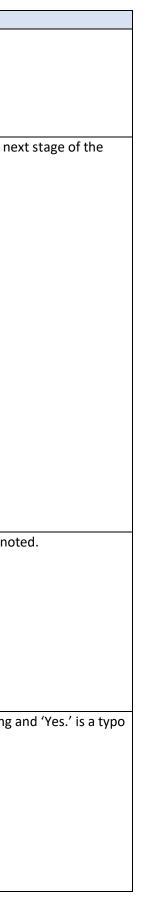
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				8	Whichever locations are selected for new employment,	Comment noted.
					consideration for appropriate access to public transport and	
					active travel (including new residential locations) are	
					required.	
				10	Public Health agree there should be a review of the existing	Noted. An updated evidence base in line with a loc
					sites as some of the sites haven't yet progressed within the	assessment in accordance with national policy and
					5-year housing land supply. However, when reviewing sites,	prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
					Public Health encourage considering how they're connected	
					to local facilities including healthcare.	
				11	Public Health recommend new residential development to	Noted.
					have suitable infrastructure such as public transport and	
					access to health services. Public Health encourage consulting	
					with the community to understand priorities and develop in	
					line with local health and wellbeing needs using the JSNA as	
					evidence.	
					Public Health recommend designing places with a good mix	
					of housing to enable people to integrate into a community	
					no matter what their living arrangements are	
				13	Setting targets for tree planting allows monitoring,	Noted and agreed.
					evaluation and ability to assess impact in the long term.	
				14	Orchards have importance in terms of the sustainability of	Comments noted.
					urban ecosystems. In addition to nutritional benefits, urban	
					vegetation in orchard increases property values, improve	
					privacy and provide many environmental benefits	
				17	Residential uses are acceptable as turning existing unused	Comments noted.
					buildings into homes, creates new residential homes, but	
					also recycles building stock and reduces the need to develop	
					on green-belt land, thus helping preserve natural	
					environments.	
				20	Public Health support emphasis on the importance of cycling	The Borough Plan review seeks to ensure that mor
					and walking.	modes of travel are accessible and development is
					Incorporating measured miles signage within development	appropriate places to reduce the need to travel.
					designs and ensuring that facilities and services are	
					accessible by walking and cycling routes will support this.	
					Prioritising walking and cycling routes encourages active	
				24	travel and reduces car dependency.	
				21	Public Health Warwickshire agree that the Plan should seek	Comments noted.
					to improve infrastructure, such as charging points for	
					electric vehicles and e-bikes. Encouraging uptake must also	
				22	be undertaken through public incentives.	
				22	As reported in the Borough Plan Review:	Comments noted.
					Electric vehicle charging points are supported but	
					not required by policy HS2: Making charging points	
					available and highlighting locations to residents	
					allows uptake of facilities	
					• The supporting text to policy SA1 refers to footpaths	
					and cycleways and that opportunities for these	
					should be pursued as part of the development of a	
					strategic site. The policies that follow this policy on	

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is located in the

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					each strategic site then do set out requirements for	
					footpaths and cycleways. However, the importance	
					of this form of infrastructure is such that it should be	
					set out in policy SA1, setting out the overarching	
					requirements for strategic sites.	
					Policy HS2 should make explicit that the sustainable	
					transport options should be walking and cycling.	
				23	Public Health support policy to be in line with the	Noted.
					Environment Bill.	
				24	Public Health Warwickshire have been involved with NBBC	Noted.
					on design codes which consider health and wellbeing in the	
					environment and will continue to support this line of work.	
91	Ms	JJ	Warwickshir	2	The Green Infrastructure studies from 2011 and 2013 should	Comments on updated evidence based required have been taken
			e Wildlife		be regularly updated and look at where the most	into account.
			Trust		appropriate strategic areas are for nature recovery and tree	
					planting etc. including smaller sites. Warwickshire Wildlife	
					Trust is working on a Nature Recovery Network with Natural	
					England which could help form part of this evidence base.	
					Proposals maps should also include most up to date local	
					wildlife sites ad potential wildlife sites, nature reserves, SSSIs	
				2	and Ancient Woodlands. The Councils Green Infrastructure studies date back to 2011	Noted.
				3		Noted.
					and 2013 which are now 10 years out of date.	
					A detailed and updated Green Infrastructure study could	
					also look at areas for strategic habitat restoration, as well as	
					tree planting to ensure large scale beneficial habitats are	
					created and restored WWT Habitat Audit Team may be	
					able to help with such work.	
				6	This needs to be considered carefully as different uses	Noted.
					classes such as leisure can encourage more traffic, noise and	
					lighting which can impact on biodiversity and the	
					environment particularly of nearby wildlife sites.	
				7	Option 1- WWT believe the focus should be on existing	Noted. The Council is required in line with national policy and the
					urban areas where the impact on the surrounding	presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out
					environment and landscape may be smaller. Though	strategic policies for new development within the Borough Plan
					extending into the green belts should only be considered as	review. This includes consideration of Green Belt land where all
					a very last option to meet the areas own housing need, not	other reasonable options for meeting identified needs for
					that of neighbouring districts which would put pressure on	development have been fully examined.
					the environment.	
				8	Warwickshire Wildlife Trust strongly believes the	Noted.
					development should be focused on land with the least	
					biodiversity value and environment designations and	
					detailed assessments (like those carried out in 2016) should	
					form part of the process. Housing numbers should also be as	
					low as possible to limit the impact on wildlife and only local	
					need not neighbouring authorities need should be met in	
					this local authority area.	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
				11	Housing needs to be located in those areas with the least	Noted.
					environmental impact. Allocations should be supported by	
					detailed ecological assessment such as those carried out in	
					2016 and well as green infrastructure studies looking at the	
					best locations for strategic green corridors. To ensure that	
					development doesn't affect wider habitat restoration.	
I				13	WWT agree in line with DEFRAs England Tree Strategy	Comments noted and will be considered at the net
					seeking 30,000 hectares per year by 2025 and the	Plan review.
i.					amendments to the NPPF (July 2021) seeking new streets to	
					be tree-lined and trees incorporated into new	
					developments.	
l					Native Trees can provide important habitat for many	
ł					important and protected species, and if maintained and	
1					managed correctly and in the right locations can make a real	
I					difference for biodiversity.	
					However in terms of the biggest biodiversity gains, large	
					scale tree planting should ideally be based on identified	
I					green corridors.	
					In line with the Councils Climate Emergency status and	
					commitments, the Environment Bill, 25 year plan and the	
					NPPF the Council should encourage Biodiversity offsetting	
					on every site in line with the Biodiversity offsetting tool, and	
					depending on the site, suitable habitats should be provided	
					to offset any impacts to support and not conflict with the	
					existing environment.	
				14	Yes this is supported by Warwickshire Wildlife Trust as	Comments and request for formal designation not
					orchards can provide a plethora of biodiversity and wildlife	
					habitats. The fruit also provides food for other species and	
l					pollinators during the spring season.	
					Long-term management, access and location will just need	
					to be carefully considered to ensure that it doesn't conflict	
					with the existing environment e.g. species rich grassland.	
1					The land should also be given a formal designation to	
I					protect its long term status.	
				16	Yes. Warwickshire Wildlife Trust supports the Councils	Assumed response is supportive of target setting a
					ambition of more tree planting in line with the Councils	given the remainder of response.
					Climate Change emergency, the Environment Bill, 25 year	
					plan and amended NPPF. As long as they are the right native	
					species in the right locations and as long as there is no	
					conflict with the existing environment, important grasslands	
					for example. Then having a target would certainly be very	
1					useful as a policy tool and to monitor delivery. It would also	
1					help to ensure a more strategic largescale habitat benefit,	
1					rather than ad hoc tree species.	



f Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
			20	Yes where carefully managed these can keep people off of	Noted.
				important wildlife sites and onto set paths, and help with	
				the climate change emergency.	
			21	Yes as above.	Noted.
			23	Yes in line with the Environment Bill this should be included	Comments noted.
				in the policy wording as a minimum. As Schedule 14 of the	
				Environment Bill states that new development to be subject	
				to a condition to secure that a biodiversity gain of 10% is	
				met. This therefore needs to be included in the Local Plan	
				policy wording as a minimum.	
				Sites should all be assessed in terms of the BIA 'Biodiversity	
				impact assessment' on a site by site basis to assess if there is	
				a biodiversity loss in detail and on what type of habitat in	
				order to consider in detail what net gain is appropriate on	
				the site. This is necessary to ensure that legally protected	
				species covered by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981	
				and the Councils NERC duties are legally fulfilled.	
			27	Warwickshire Wildlife Trust supports some of the general	Comments in relation to the Nature Recovery Network are noted.
			21	principles of the Plan, which could include a policy on 10%	
				biodiversity net gain, more tree planting, climate change	
				policies and protection of the green belt.	
				policies and protection of the green bent.	
				Green infrastructure corridors and large scale tree planting	
				could also be achieved through the plan, addressing climate	
				change as well as providing biodiversity gain.	
				We do however have a number of concerns in terms of large	
				scale growth especially if additional growth is taken from	
				neighbourhood areas not to meet local need and where this	
				would take place and how far policies will go in terms of	
				stopping development on and nearby important wildlife	
				sites SSSIs and ancient woodland, as mitigation should only	
				be as a last resort.	
				In terms of ovidence base, the slar will read detailed	
				In terms of evidence base, the plan will need detailed	
				studies backing up green infrastructure policies in order to	
				ensure meaningful corridors can be worked up that are	
				achieving real gains on the ground. In terms of evidence	
				base WWT is also working on a Nature Recovery Network, in	
				line with the Nature Recovery Delivery Partnership	
				prospectus, November 2020.	
				The Nature Recovery Network will be a national network	
				interlinking our existing spaces for nature with newly	
				created, expanded, improved wildlife-rich places, across the	
				length and breadth of England, bringing nature and its many	
			N1/2	benefits much closer to people.	
		Warwickshir	N/A	As part of the Local Plan Review I understand that sites	Comments noted.
		e County		allocated, such as Top Farm will also be reviewed. I would like	
1		Council	1	to take this opportunity to stress that the County Council is	

o the Nature	Recovery	Network	are noted.	

Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					committed to the development of this site and has put in place mechanisms to ensure this site is delivered within the Local Plan timescale.	
					We are keen to be fully involved in the Plan Review and update, and I trust you will engage with our relevant specialist teams at the earliest opportunities on much of this work which we recognize makes a significant contribution to the	
					which we recognise makes a significant contribution to the delivery of both our councils' strategic priorities. This is particularly important where County Council services, such as waste and social care will be impacted by the growth agenda and I ask that the County Council is consulted.	
93	Mrs	CW		2	Unable to comment as no access to internet to see evidence based studies.	Noted.
				3	See above.	Noted.
				4	Option 1 preferred.	Noted.
				6	Option 1.	Noted.
				7	Option 1 – immoral to consider more Green Belt removal.	Noted. The Council is required in line with national policy and the presumption in favour of sustainable development to set out strategic policies for new development within the Borough Plan review. This includes consideration of Green Belt land where all other reasonable options for meeting identified needs for development have been fully examined.
				8	Option A.	Noted.
				9	Clean up brownfield/vacant sites first.	Comment noted.
				10	Agreed. Need from Coventry not scrutinised. Student numbers not considered appropriately.	Noted, careful consideration will need to be had to the appropriate housing requirement to be contained within the Borough Plan Review.
				11	Option 3.	Noted.
				13	Yes, targets should have an extra 10% for non-survival and vandalism.	Noted.
				14	Yes.	Noted.
				15	175 or more properties.	Noted.
				16	No.	Noted.
				17	Option 4 – Town centres should allow more residential use and less fast food outlets.	Noted.
				19	Option B – To clarify matters following creation of Class E.	Noted.
				20	No – already places great emphasis on cycling and walking connections.	Comments noted.
				21	Yes – one charging point per residential property and a ratio for apartments based on parking allocations.	Comment noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Plan review.
				22	Yes for SA1 and SA2 but see Q21 for HS2.	Noted.
				23	Yes.	Noted.

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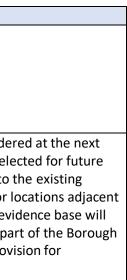
Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
			24	Yes but more work needed than the exhibition held at the	Noted.
Mr	RW		1-24	Duplicate response to the above given by Mrs Carol Walsh.	
Ms	DW		1	Yes but with a review every 5 years.	The NPPF requires that plans look ahead for a mini
					from adoption to anticipate and respond to long-te
					requirements and opportunities.
			4	Option 3 – ease of access to transport hubs.	Noted.
			5	Unused brownfield sites – the I&O states the borough has	Noted.
				100ha of derelict land.	
			7	Option 1.	Noted.
			8	Option A.	Noted.
			9	Use empty premises in town centres for housing.	Noted.
			10	Yes – what is the correct need for housing in the area without	An updated evidence base in line with a local hous
				being used as a Coventry overspill.	assessment in accordance with national policy and
					prepared to deliver a sufficient supply of homes fo
			11	1 or 2.	Comment noted.
			12	Use retail to residential conversions.	Comment noted.
			13	Yes.	Comment noted.
			14	Yes.	Comment noted.
			16	Yes to improve air quality.	Comment noted.
			17	Option 4 – Class e and C3 are acceptable.	Comment noted.
			19	Option A most flexible.	Comment noted.
			20	Yes.	Comment noted.
			21	Yes as many as possible to attract people.	Comment noted.
			22	No.	Comment noted.
			23	Yes 10%.	Comment noted.
			24	Yes as complex.	Comment noted.
			25	Yes.	Comment noted.
			26	Crime.	Comment noted.
Mr	MD	Savills on behalf of Arbury	1	meets the minimum 15 year period required by paragraph 22 of the NPPF (2021).	Noted.
		Estate		developments forms part of the strategy for the area, policies should be set within a vision that looks further afield (at least	
				30 years), to take into account the likely timescales for delivery. Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council (NBBC) should be open to considering a longer plan period if such	
	Mr Ms	Mr RW Ms DW	Mr RW Ms DW Ms Image: state stat	Mr RW I-24 Ms DW 1 4 5 7 8 9 10 10 1 11 12 13 14 16 17 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 Mr MD Savills on behalf of Arbury	MrRW24Yes but more work needed than the exhibition held at the Bermuda Phoenix Centre on 30 th June.MrRW1-24Duplicate response to the above given by Mrs Carol Walsh.MsDW11-24Option 3 - ease of access to transport hubs.MsDW14Option 3 - ease of access to transport hubs.5Unused brownfield sites - the I&O states the borough has 100h ad drenicit land.07Option 1.5Unused brownfield sites - the I&O states the borough has 100h ad drenicit land.9Use empty premises in town centres for housing.1010Yes - what is the correct need for housing in the area without being used as a Coventry overspill.111 or 2.12Use retail to residential conversions.13Yes.14Yes.16Yes to improve air quality.17Option A most flexible.20Yes.21Yes as many as possible to attract people.22No.23Yes 10%.24Yes as complex.25Yes.26Crime.MrMDSavills on behalf of Arbury4MrMDSavills on behalf of Arbury.4MrMDSavills on correct paragraph 22 also states that where larger scale developments forms part of the strategy for the area, policies should be set within a vision that looks further affield (at least a 0 years), to take into account the likely timescales for deliver. Numeston and Bedworth Brouglo consilicies

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-	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
1					Rather than opting for a "do minimum" approach of sticking	
					to the 15 year period plan, NBBC should be actively seeking	
					to extend the plan period where appropriate for such	
					strategic sites. This does not mean that the whole plan period	
					is required to be extended, rather the specific strategic	
					allocation policy would acknowledge that an element of	
					delivery would outside the plan period. This has been	
					included as part of a sound plan at Langley SUE, Birmingham	
					and Kings Hill, Warwick. Both sites are of a strategic scale that	
					will be developed outside of the plan period. A larger	
					timescale in respect of the allocations was accepted by	
					Inspectors of both plans.	
				2	We agree that the existing evidence base needs to be	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next
				2	updated or replaced. We have	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					reviewed the date of publication of evidence base documents	
					and found that for the most part they are produced from	
					2016 or before. Some of the evidence base is over 15 years	
					old, such as the Landscape Character Assessment (2004).	
					All evidence base should be updated to take account for	
					·	
					changing circumstances since its publication. In particular the	
					documents should be updated to reflect the currently	
					adopted Borough Plan, the allocations within it and	
					development that has been permitted and or developed	
					since.	
					The Council should publish a list of evidence base they are	
					producing and make it clear to stakeholders when this will be	
					published and invite comments on its publication. This will	
					ensure that the Plan is justified as per the tests described in	
					paragraph 35 of the NPPF.	
				3		The Council's evidence base will be reassessed and updated where
					evidence base is required to ensure it is up to date and	necessary as part of the Borough Plan review.
					reflective of the existing adopted plan. In line with Planning	
					Practice Guidance, proportionate, relevant and up-to-date	
					evidence should be used to justify a decision not to update	
					policies when undertaking a review (paragraph 068,	
					reference ID: 61-068-20190723). This should be a key	
					consideration as NBBC propose to only review certain	
					policies.	
				4	From the options proposed, we consider that option 1 is the	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next
					best approach of the 3 proposed. This approach can be	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					fulfilled through development of land in Arbury Estate	
					ownership which is currently allocated and proposed through	
					the call for sites process. The focus for employment	
					development should be based on updated evidence base. As	
					discussed in answer to question 2 & 3, the evidence base is	
					out of date. The evidence base needs to be updated to ensure	
					that it is reflective of the current demand for employment	
					land in the Borough and surrounding area.	
					Key evidence base such as the Employment Land Study	
					(2016) require update, particularly in light of Covid-19 and	
1			1	1	1 (2010) require apaate, particularly in light of Covid-19 and	

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Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Brexit. Paragraph 31 of the NPPF states that the preparation	· ·
					and review of all policies should be underpinned by relevant	
					and up-to-date evidence. It also states that this should take	
					into account relevant market signals. NBBC should therefore	
					endeavour to do this during production of their evidence	
					base.	
				5	As set out above we consider that option 1 is the best	This comment has been noted and will be consider
					approach of the 3 proposed. However we consider that it is	stage of the Borough Plan review. The options sele
					too premature to determine a suitable option to pursue for	employment sites are based on their proximity to t
					employment development due to the lack of up to date	strategic highway network within the Borough or lo
					evidence. A fourth option based on the outcome of up to	to established employment sites. The Council's evi
					date evidence base should be pursued.	be reassessed and updated where necessary as par
					Results of an updated Employment Land Study and	Plan review, this includes evidence regarding provi
					Economic Development Needs Assessment should be	employment development.
					considered in determining the location and scale of	
					employment for the Borough. The Council should provide	
					evidence as to why only locations in close proximity to the A5	
					or junction 3 of M6 are being proposed as options. There is a	
					need to consider what businesses' requirements for	
					employment land are before coming to those conclusions.	
					This would form the basis of a fourth evidence based option.	
					A key piece of evidence that should inform the Borough Plan	
					review is the West Midlands Industrial Strategy (2019).	
					Coventry and Warwickshire is highlighted as area which lacks	
					incubation space and space that can support agile and mobile	
					economies. However it is identified that across the region,	
					there is a significant gap in good quality employment land.	
					The West Midlands Strategic Employment Study (2019) was	
					commissioned by three midlands Local Enterprise	
					partnerships, including Coventry and Warwickshire. The	
					report focuses on strategic employment sites, which it	
					defines as being 25ha or more in size.	
					The report highlights market identified sites and motorway	
					junctions which are considered to be suitable for	
					development nearby. Their methodology for the selection of	
					certain junctions over others is not clear. However a range of	
					locations are highlighted in Nuneaton and Bedworth.	
					Savills research has shown that nationally, there have been	
					record breaking levels of take-up throughout 2020 (80% over	
					the long term average). So far in 2021 this strong demand is	
					continuing. This has impacted supply across the West	
					Midlands, which has begun to fall from an already low level	
					as a result of this significantly increased take- up. Nuneaton &	
					Bedworth sits within the Coventry & Warwickshire sub-region	
					and the wider West Midlands region and is within an area of	
					consistently very high demand from both the logistics and	
					manufacturing sectors. The sites proposed in the	
					accompanying call for sites submissions benefit from a	
					locational advantage of being close to the A444, which see	
					particularly strong market demand.	



Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					Part of NBBC's current evidence base includes an	
					Employment Land Use Study (August 2016). This includes	
					reference to an urgent need for additional supply of good	
					quality and well located land in the Coventry travel to Work	
					Area (including Nuneaton & Bedworth), to accommodate	
					short to medium term demand.	
					Arbury Estate has been successful in bringing forward EMP1	
					Faultlands, with an outline permission granted in 2019 for 1	
					million sqm B2 & B8 floorspace. The accompanying Socio-	
					economic and Market Need Assessment to support the	
					application estimates that the Site has the potential to deliver	
					at least 1,500 jobs. This is in the context of the Borough	
					experiencing significantly high levels of out-commuting.	
					Arbury Estate also own the majority of land associated with	
					EMP4 Coventry Road. Site survey work is currently being	
					undertaken on this site and positive discussions are taking	
					place with Warwickshire County Council (who are the land	
					owner of the former Red Deeps Special School which also	
					forms part of the allocation), with the aim of submitting a	
					comprehensive application for the allocated land later in	
					2021. Table 5 of the Borough Plan review consultation	
					document should be updated to reflect the status of both allocations.	
					The progress seen at EMP1, EMP4 and other employment sites clearly demonstrates a demand for employment land in	
					the Borough. The progress seen on these sites and the	
					submission of further sites should provide the Council with a	
					clear indication of the Estate's willingness to bring forward	
					its land to assist the Borough with ensuring there is a	
					satisfactory and robust level of employment land available.	
				7	Of the options proposed we favour option 3 as a suitable	Comment noted.
				,	strategy for the location of residential uses. Please see	
					response to question 9 for an explanation of our proposed	
					amendments to this approach and justification for our	
					proposed approach.	
				8	We request clarification from the Council of why a different	This comment has been noted and will be consid
				_	spatial strategy is proposed for residential and employment	
					sites. It is unclear why the options proposed for	
					employment exclude reference to use of suitable brownfield	The Council is required in line with national polic
					sites. Such land should be prioritised before concluding	
					exceptional circumstances exist to justify changes to Green	
					Belt boundaries, as per paragraph 141 of the NPPF.	review. This includes consideration of Green Bel
					Of the options proposed we favour option C. As a starting	other reasonable options for meeting identified
					point this option reviews all land equally, taking account of	
					the most sustainable locations. This approach is supported	
					by paragraph 142 of the NPPF which states that the need	
					to promote sustainable development should be taken into	
					account when reviewing Green Belt Boundaries. It states	
					that the consequences of channelling development towards	

nsidered at the next olicy and the oment to set out in the Borough Plan Belt land where all ed needs for

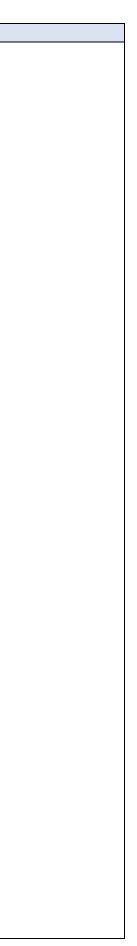
Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
1					areas outside the Green Belt should be considered when	
					reviewing Green Belt boundaries.	
				9	We disagree with the sequential approach proposed in	Noted. A Green Belt Assessment will take place as
					table 2 of the consultation document. The sequential	updated evidence base which will consider potenti
					approach should be amended to read as follows:	sites against the relevant Green Belt purposes as s
					Allocated sites / Existing Urban Areas 2 Countryside 2 Green	policy. However, depending on the Option chosen,
					Belt	locations will be suggested in the plan that conside
					The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 s38(6)	Green Belt considerations.
					directs that planning determinations should be made in	
					accordance with the development plan unless material	
					considerations indicate otherwise. Therefore already	
					allocated sites carried over from the previous plan or new	
					allocations should be amongst the first places development is	
					directed towards.	
					The NPPF requires previously developed land to be prioritised	
					(see paragraph 119). Paragraph 141 of the NPPF requires	
					that before concluding that exceptional circumstances exist	
					to justify changes to Green Belt that as much use as possible	
					has been made of suitable brownfield sites.	
					We agree with para 6.6 which states: "In planning policy	
					terms, the non-Green Belt status means that they are less	
					constrained for development than Green Belt Sites.	
					However, they may not always be the most sustainable	
					location for new development in the round, given their	
					location, character, constraints etc. and so would have to be	
					viewed on a case-by-case basis".	
					Although this may be the case, there is a need to	
					demonstrate exceptional circumstances for development in	
					the Green Belt (see NPPF paragraph 140). It is not enough to	
					say as is stated in para 6.7 that: "The emphasis of protecting	
					the Green Belt may be incompatible with other priorities."	
					We support the development of land currently in the Green	
					Belt if required. However this should come through release	
					within a Local Plan, rather than requiring the demonstration	
					of very special circumstances for development at the	
					application stage. We consider that a fourth option, similar to option 3 of	
					question 7 and option C of question 8 should be pursued in	
					which the most sustainable locations based on a wide ranging	
					criteria are considered for development. This should include	
					safeguarding Green Belt land where appropriate, as per	
					paragraph 143c of the NPPF.	
				10	It is important that the review takes into account emerging	Comments noted. The Council in preparing the Bo
				10	evidence base. There is a danger that the early review runs	review has a legal duty to co-operate with neighbo
					ahead of evidence base available, especially in respect of	to address cross-boundary issues, including Covent
					cross boundary cooperation that is required with Coventry.	unmet housing need.
					Although at paragraph 7.6, the consultation document	
					states that the Government's planning white paper	The sites allocated in the extant Borough Plan refle
					suggests that the duty to cooperate may be abolished, it is	requirements set out within this document at that
					still a requirement as it stands, so should be planned for.	the review of the Borough Plan requirements will b
	L				sun a requirement as it stanus, so should be plaimed for.	are review of the borough rial requirements will

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The plan is being reviewed against the backdrop of Coventry's standard methodology flgure being increased by 35% to 2,225 dwellings per annum. Considering that Coventry's average annualised total was 2,120 dwellings as identified by the 2015 Strategic Housing Methodology 100 wellings as standard methodology 100 wellings as standard methodology 100 wellings as identified by the 2015 Strategic Housing Methodology 100 wellings as acknowledged through a Memorandum of Understanding. It is telling that this has increased. As set out in paragraph 7.3 of the consultation document and within the Planning Prattice, the standard method "Identifies a minimum annual housing need figure. It does not produce a housing requirement figure." Further work is therefore required to establish Coventry's final housing requirement since the standard method when the areal ic overs and the governance arrangements for the cooperation process have been defined, and substantive matters to be addressed have been defined, and substantive matters to be addressed have been defined, and substantive matters to be addressed have been defined. IN BBC engage with Coventry's ID Volucing Practice Guidance Paragraph: 102 Neference 10: 61-020-2010/3015. We would therefore suggest that NBBC engage with Coventry City Council and garee a Statement of Common Ground tepfined with PGG. As this information is known, it is not suitable for the Council to consider is needs only. Their own standard method figure alone is not suitable for Nearent nager and the flow and the order suggest that defined and have been defined. In BBC engage with Coventry City Council and agree a Statement of Common Ground tepfined with PGG. As this information is known, it is need. This statement can then be uptated and refined throughout the plan mating process. Sereent is decided and refined throughout the plan mating process. Sereent is decided and refined throughout theplan mating process. Sereent is acounted by t	Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
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Shortrail.							
T&M's argument was that as Sevenoaks did not formally ask							
for help, therefore it wasn't for the Council to "make the						-	
running". The Inspector concluded that this is a circular						•	
argument with a risk that both parties defer the issue without							
any meaningful attempt to resolve it (see para 24). The						-	
Inspectors concluded that there was a requirement for T&M							
to engage constructively, actively and on an ongoing basis,							
regardless of whether there was a precise figure or range, or							
indeed whether T&M felt it may not be able to accommodate							
the unmet need in full or in part (see para 21). A key point							
made in the report was that account can only be taken of the							
						engagement undertaken by authorities up to the point of	



Ref	Title	Respondent's Initials	Organisation	Question	Comments	Officer Response
					submission of the plan, as the assessment of compliance with	
					the DtC only relates to the preparation of the Plan (see para	
					34 & 38). A copy of the Inspector's report is included with	
					these representations.	
					The Council should consider the outcome of this Inspectors	
					report in their approach to engaging with Coventry regarding	
1					duty to cooperate. Although not finalised, it is clear that	
					Coventry has a need it cannot meet and this is likely to	
					increase. More work should be done to ensure cooperative	
					working between the LPAs, including input to the	
					emerging Housing Economic Development Needs Assessment	
					which we understand is due to be published in November.	
					The validity of results produced by this report are	
					questionable if Coventry has not taken an active part in its	
					production. Cooperation on such evidence base documents	
					is important in avoiding a scenario as seen at Tonbridge and	
					Marling.	
					Arbury Estate is a landowner at residential allocations HSG2	
					Arbury and joint landowner of HSG4 Woodlands. Table 5 of	
					the Local Plan Review consultation document should be	
					updated to reflect the current status of both sites as follows:	
					- HSG2 Arbury: Masterplaning review of the site is	
					progressing, as the site is part of a National Model Design	
					Code pilot funded by MHCLG and being delivered by PRP	
					masterplanners in cooperation with NBBC.	
					- HSG4 Woodlands: Joint working is currently	
					progressing between Arbury Estate and Nicholas	
					Chamberlaine's Schools Foundation. Initial ecology and	
					highways access works have been undertaken to build up a	
					technical baseline of the site. A planning application for the	
					remaining land outside of the 9 dwelling application	
					(reference: 037609) is due to be submitted in 2022.	
				11	We support option 1, as existing settlement boundaries	Noted.
					contain existing allocations.	
					Existing allocations have been tested through a recent Local	
					Plan process, and can deliver housing on sites that have	
					already been agreed to be suitable in principle.	
					Where additional land is required, consideration should be	
					given to the spatial options available. In the first instance	
					non-green belt land should be favoured. However where	
					these sites are not suitable or available, then the release of	
					Green Belt should be considered.	
				13	Blanket targets are not appropriate for all sites. These can be	This comment has been noted and will be considere
					unduly onerous for some sites and too lenient for others. It	
					is best to determine a requirement to provide tree planting	
					on a case by case basis.	
					We request clarification of which schemes the proposed	
					requirement would apply to as the NPPF definition of major	
1					development is 10 or more homes. Depending on the type of	
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					development, useable open space or protection of grassland	
					or wetland for example may be more appropriate than the	
					planting of trees. Ecological and biodiversity gains may not	
					be best made through a blanket requirement for trees.	
				14	We disagree with this requirement for most of the same	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next
					reasons set out in response to question 13. We disagree with	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					the sweeping statement that this requirement would not	
					create an extra burden as it can incorporated into existing	
					planting requirements. It is not clear how this conclusion can	
					be drawn without knowing the size of development which is	
					yet to be defined.	
				15	We consider that the NPPF definition of major developments	Noted.
					being defined as 10 or more homes is the most appropriate	
					definition. The viability of this policy should be tested based	
					on this criteria.	
				16	Tree planting targets could be set across the Borough if the	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next
					Council desires. However it remains the case that detailed	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					matters such as the number of trees required for a site should	
					be determined on a site by site basis, following consultation	
					with the Council at the time of a planning application. This is	
					to ensure that it is a proportionate amount of trees on site	
					without reducing the developable area of any sites.	
				20	We support the principle of greater emphasis being given to	Noted. Infrastructure will be addressed as part of the plan making
					the importance of cycling and walking connections. However	process before any new development is proposed.
					it must be considered at a site specific level firstly where	
					these connections can be accommodated and also how they	
					will impact viability. The delivery of such links would need to	
					be included within an updated Infrastructure Delivery Plan.	
				21	We invite the Council to provide further details of the type of	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next
					infrastructure that is referenced.	stage of the Borough Plan review.
					This is to ensure that any policy requirement to ensure	
					the installation of such infrastructure is evidence based and	
					justified as required by NPPF paragraph 35. From a practical	
					perspective it would also be useful to be provided with	
					examples of where such technology has been used and can	
					be evidenced as a workable and viable solution.	
					Paragraph 10.7 of the consultation document references	
					changes to the building regulations to ensure that all new	
					developments provide electric vehicle charging points. We	
					disagree that the outcome of consultation on changes to the	
					building regulations should be disregarded in the Council	
					making a decision on requirements for electric vehicle	
					charging points. It is not for the planning system to deal with	
					issues covered in the Building Regulations, furthermore it is	
					not for Local Plans to pre-empt what may be or may not be	
					required through future amendments to the building	
					regulations.	
					Consideration needs to be given to this type of policy as	
					technology associated with electric cars changes and adapts	
					and whether a charging point for every dwelling will be	

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				required. Increasingly modern electric cars are chargeable from an existing socket in house. There should also be a consideration of whether a standard electric charging point is suitable for every electric car.	
			23	We note that reference is made to requirement for a "net gain" in biodiversity of at least 10% compared with the pre- development baseline. It is not clear whether the Council intend to bring a 10% requirement ahead of the Environment Bill being passed, this is potentially before the Plan's scheduled adoption in 2022. We do not consider that the Council is justified in bringing this requirement forward ahead of the Bill being approved, unless it can demonstrate evidence of this requirement being evidence based.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
			24	No, some design codes may suitably be dealt with as SPDs but in some cases the technical information needed at a concept stage may not be sufficiently detailed and therefore it would inappropriate to add weight to the design code without the appropriate evidence base. We consider that unless the design code is supported with robust technical information / evidence, particularly in respect of site specific codes, then the design code should not be adopted as an SPD.	This comment has been noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review.
				The National Model Design Code defines a Design Code as: "A set of illustrated design requirements that provide specific, detailed parameters for the physical development of a site or area." Paragraph 11.4 of the Borough Plan Review consultation document states that: "local design codes would provide a local framework for creating beautiful and distinctive places through a consistent and high quality of design." The National Model Design Code defines on page 36, framework plan as being: "A set of plans at local area or settlement level that detail spatial information, for example, street hierarchy, transport accessibility, open space, land use and patterns of built form". It is generally understood that a framework is less detailed than a masterplan, which is in turn less detailed than a code. We request clarification from the Council regarding the proposed approach to Design Codes, whether Borough wide, area wide or site specific.	
			27	2.2 Objectives – sets out objectives proposed in order to achieve the vision for the Borough Plan. This includes objective 4 which states that: "To provide a steady and adequate level of suitable housing for all." This appears to have been based on objective 4 of the currently adopted plan which states: "To provide the size, type and mix of housing that meets the specific needs of the Borough."	All points noted and will be considered at the next stage of the Borough Plan review. Rail destinations/connections within the Borough will be referenced.

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					We request clarification of why the wording has been	
					changed to aim for a "steady" and "adequate" level of	
					housing. This is not aspirational for the Borough. The Council	
					shouldn't be aiming for "adequate" levels of housing, to	
					ensure choice and flexibility NBBC needs to be aspirational in	
					its planning for housing.	
					We note that a new objective has been added as objective 9.	
					We agree that the Council's objective should link to the	
					Government's goal of net zero emissions. However the way	
					in which this is done is something that needs to be set out	
					specifically on a site by site basis.	
					Para 3.2: Reference is made to rail connections that serve	
					the Borough. Reference should be made to services to Crewe,	
					Bermuda Park and Kenilworth which are not currently listed.	
					Para 7.3 makes reference to National Planning Policy	
					Guidance (NPPG). This should read Planning Practice	
					Guidance (PPG).	

